

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2025

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

CONTENTS

	PAGE(S)
DIRECTORS' REPORT	1 - 25
STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS	26
STATUTORY DECLARATION	26
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	27 - 30
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION	31
INCOME STATEMENTS	32
STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	33
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	34 - 35
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	36 - 38
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	39 - 151

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors are pleased to submit their report to the member together with the audited financial statements of the Group and Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2025.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The Group and the Company are principally engaged in the underwriting of all classes of general insurance business. There have been no significant changes in the nature of this activity during the financial year.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

	<u>Group</u> RM'000	<u>Company</u> RM'000
Profit for the financial year attributable to - Owner of the Company	<u>192,028</u>	<u>202,650</u>

DIVIDEND

The amount of dividend declared and paid by the Company since the end of the previous financial year was as follows:

	RM'000
In respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2024:	
First and final dividend, paid on 30 June 2025	<u>84,370</u>

The Directors have not recommended the payment of any dividend in respect of the current financial year.

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

All material transfers to or from reserves and provisions during the financial year are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

INSURANCE LIABILITIES

Before the financial statements of the Group and the Company were prepared, the Directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that there was adequate provision for insurance liabilities in accordance with the valuation methods specified in the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standard ("MFRS") 17 Insurance Contracts.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

BAD AND DOUBTFUL DEBTS

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were prepared, the Directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the full impairment of bad debts and the making of allowance for impairment and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been fully impaired and that adequate allowance had been made for doubtful debts.

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render the amounts impaired for bad debts or the amounts of allowance for impairment in the financial statements of the Group and the Company inadequate to any substantial extent.

CURRENT ASSETS

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were prepared, the Directors took reasonable steps to ensure that any current assets, which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business including the values of current assets as shown in the accounting records of the Group and of the Company had been written down to an amount which the current assets might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Group and the Company misleading.

VALUATION METHODS

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which render adherence to the existing methods of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.

CONTINGENT AND OTHER LIABILITIES

At the date of this report, there does not exist:

- (a) any charge on the assets of the Group and the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person, or
- (b) any contingent liability in respect of the Group and the Company that has arisen since the financial year.

No contingent liability or other liability of the Group and the Company has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Company to meet its obligations when they fall due.

For the purpose of this paragraph, contingent liability or other liabilities do not include liabilities arising from contracts of insurance underwritten in the ordinary course of business of the Group and the Company.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CHANGE OF CIRCUMSTANCES

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances, not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements of the Group and the Company which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

ITEMS OF AN UNUSUAL NATURE

The results of the operations of the Group and the Company during the financial year were not, in the opinion of the Directors, substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

There has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the Directors, to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

SHARE CAPITAL

There were no new shares issued by the Group and the Company during the financial year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company has in place corporate governance framework and practices which are consistent with the requirement of the policy document on Corporate Governance ("Policy Document"), issued by BNM on 3 August 2016 and are continually enhancing the standards of the overall governance of the Company.

1. Board Responsibilities

The Board of Directors ("Board") has the overall responsibility for promoting sustainable growth and financial soundness of the Company, and for ensuring reasonable standards of fair dealing, without undue influence from any party.

This includes a consideration of the long-term implications of the Board's decisions on the Company and its customers, officers and the general public. In fulfilling this role, the Board shall:

- a) approve the risk appetite, business plans and other initiatives which would, singularly or cumulatively, have a material impact on the Company's risk profile;
- b) oversee the selection, performance, remuneration and succession plans of the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), control function heads and other Members of Senior Management, such that the Board is satisfied with the collective competence of Senior Management to effectively lead the operations of the Company;

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

1. Board Responsibilities (continued)
 - c) oversee the implementation of the Company's governance framework and internal control framework, and periodically review whether these remain appropriate in light of material changes to the size, nature and complexity of the Company's operations;
 - d) promote, together with Senior Management, a sound corporate culture within the Company which reinforces ethical, prudent and professional behaviour;
 - e) promote sustainability through appropriate environmental, social and governance considerations in the Company's business strategies;
 - f) oversee and approve the recovery and resolution as well as business continuity plans for the Company to restore its financial strength, and maintain or preserve critical operations and critical services when it comes under stress; and
 - g) promote timely and effective communication between the Company and relevant regulatory bodies on matters affecting or that may affect the safety and soundness of the Company.
2. Board Composition

The Board comprises three (3) Independent Directors and one (1) Non-Independent Non-Executive Director and one (1) Executive Director, each from diverse backgrounds and qualifications and bring a wide range of financial and commercial experience to the Board. Collectively, they provide the necessary business acumen, knowledge, capabilities and competencies to the Company.

None of the Directors hold any share in the Company.

Independent Directors will serve a tenure of not exceeding nine (9) years.

<u>Members of the Board</u>	<u>Status of Directorship</u>
Dato' Zainal Abidin bin Putih*	Chairman, Non-Independent Non-Executive Director
Yeoh Chong Keng**	Independent Director
Datin Hayati Aman Binti Hashim	Independent Director
Dang Kok Heng	Independent Director
Yoshinori Fukaura***	Executive Director^
Datuk Leong Kam Weng^^	Independent Director

* Dato' Zainal Abidin bin Putih was redesignated as a Non-Independent Non-Executive Director on 7 March 2026, following the conclusion of his nine-year tenure as an Independent Director.

** Mr. Yeoh Chong Keng ceased to hold office as an Independent Director on 6 March 2026 upon the expiry of his appointment term as approved by BNM.

*** Mr. Yoshinori Fukaura was appointed to the Board on 12 March 2025.

^ By virtue of his management position at the Company's immediate holding company, Tokio Marine Asia Pte Ltd, ("TM Asia"), the directorship of Mr. Yoshinori Fukaura is regarded as an Executive Director in accordance with the Policy Document.

^^Datuk Leong Kam Weng was appointed to the Board on 1 December 2025.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

3. Directors' Profiles and Training

Newly appointed Directors will be apprised of their statutory duties and obligations and will receive an In-House Orientation and Education Programme which includes presentations by the members of the senior management. On an on-going basis, the Company organised in-house trainings for the Directors to share the latest developments affecting the general insurance industry and the Company, amongst others, topics related to new legislations. The Company had incorporated structured sustainability and climate-related training to ensure the Board is kept abreast of the latest development in environment and sustainability matters which will support them in providing oversight and strategic guidance on the Company's sustainability agenda, while maintaining alignment with regulatory expectations.

The Company encourages continuous professional development for the benefit of the Directors. Directors are also updated with any policy issues, administrative changes and new regulatory developments as appropriate. The Company had made available resources for Directors to receive knowledge in any area of interest.

Dato' Zainal Abidin Bin Putih

Chairman, Non-Independent Non-Executive Director
80 Male, Malaysian

Date of First Appointment: 7 March 2017

Membership of Board Committee:

- Member of Audit Committee
- Member of Remuneration Committee
- Member of Risk Management Committee

Dato' Zainal Abidin Putih, is a qualified Chartered Accountant from the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW). He is a member of Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants (MICPA) and the Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA).

Dato' Zainal has extensive experience in audit, having worked as a practicing accountant throughout his career covering many principal industries including banks, insurance, energy, transport, manufacturing, government agencies, plantations, properties, hotels, investment companies and unit trusts. He also has a good working knowledge of taxation matters and management consultancy, especially in the areas of acquisitions, takeovers, amalgamations, restructuring and public listing of companies.

Dato' Zainal plays an active role in the community and the corporate world being a past President of the Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants and was Chairman of the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (MASB). He was a member of the Malaysian Communication & Multimedia Commission, a body set up by the Malaysian Government to oversee the orderly development of the multimedia and telecommunication industry in Malaysia and was also Chairman of Pengurusan Danaharta Nasional Berhad.

Dato' Zainal is currently Chairman of Land & General Berhad, Telekom Malaysia Berhad and Mobile Money International Sdn Bhd. He was also a Board member of Khazanah Nasional Berhad. He is a Trustee of the National Heart Institute Foundation, MICPA Education Trust Fund and Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Yayasan Telekom Malaysia. Dato' Zainal is a member and Chairman of the Financial Reporting Foundation, an appointment by the Finance Minister of Malaysia.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

3. Directors' Profiles and Training (continued)

Dato' Zainal Abidin Bin Putih (continued)

Training(s) and Conferences attended during the financial year:

Date of Training	Training / Conferences	Organiser of Training Programs / Conferences
16 January 2025	Policies Training Program	Centegy Governance Advisory S/B
19 March 2025	In-House Directors Training	Land and General Berhad
6 May 2025	1) Stamp Duty Self-Assessment System 2) BEPS 2.0 Pillar 2: Global Minimum Tax (GMT) 3) E-Invoicing	TMIM / KPMG Malaysia
13 August 2025	China Mobile Southeast Asia Cooperation Conference & Launch	China Mobile
7 October 2025	2025 Independent Directors / Commissioners Conference, Bangkok	Tokio Marine Asia Pte Ltd
14 October 2025	Session on MPERS: Insights Into The IFRS for SMEs Accounting Standard	Malaysian Accounting Standards Board
28 October 2025	Climate-Related Disclosures for Insurers	TMIM / KPMG Malaysia
21 November 2025	The Chairperson Circle Event	Bursa Malaysia Berhad

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

3. Directors' Profiles and Training (continued)

Datuk Leong Kam Weng

Independent Director
62 Male, Malaysian

Date of First Appointment:

1 December 2025

Membership of Board Committee:

- Chairman of Nomination Committee
- Chairman of Risk Management Committee
- Member of Audit Committee
- Member of Remuneration Committee

Datuk Leong Kam Weng holds a Bachelor of Economics and a Bachelor of Laws from Monash University, Australia, obtained in 1986 and 1988 respectively. He was called to the Malaysian Bar in January 1989. He is a Chartered Accountant of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and a Fellow of CPA Australia and is also a certified mediator on the panel of the Malaysian Mediation Centre, Bar Council Malaysia.

He began his career in legal practice in 1989 before joining TA Securities Sdn Bhd in 1992 as Legal Manager, overseeing the legal affairs of TA Enterprise Berhad and TA Global Berhad. He was subsequently promoted to Senior Manager / Head of Legal and later served as Vice President of the International Division of TA Enterprise Berhad, where he was responsible for identifying, negotiating and implementing investment opportunities in the Asia-Pacific region. He then held senior roles within the TA Group, including General Manager cum Executive Director of Credit Leasing Corporation Sdn Bhd, Executive Director of TA Bank of Philippines Inc, and Chief Executive Officer of TA Securities Berhad.

Since 1999, Datuk Leong has been a Partner of Messrs Iza Ng Yeoh & Kit and is currently its Joint Managing Partner. He is presently the Independent Non-Executive Chairman of Exsim Hospitality Berhad, a Non-Independent Non-Executive Director of Xin Hwa Holdings Berhad, and an Independent Non-Executive Director of Malayan United Industries Berhad, Pecca Group Berhad and Only World Group Holdings Berhad, all of which are listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. He was previously Chairman of Tokio Marine Life Insurance Berhad, having completed the maximum nine-year term as an Independent Non-Executive Director.

Datuk Leong has extensive experience in corporate and securities laws, corporate acquisitions and mergers, corporate governance practices and the regulatory requirements of Bank Negara Malaysia, the Securities Commission Malaysia and Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

3. Directors' Profiles and Training (continued)

Datuk Leong Kam Weng (continued)

Training(s) and Conferences attended during the financial year:

Date of Training	Training / Conferences	Organiser of Training Programs / Conferences
6 March 2025	Building and Strengthening Your Directorship Competency	Institute of Corporate Directors Malaysia
17 April 2025	Strategic oversight for directors: Mastering financial reporting	MUI Group
7 May 2025	Tax Reimagined: Understanding Data Warehouses and their relevance for tax functions	KPMG Malaysia
19 June 2025	Webinar on Sales Tax Revision and Service Tax Expansion 2025	Crowe Malaysia
24 June 2025	Decoding Malaysia's New Stamp Duty Regime: Key Changes, Risks & Compliance Register Now	CPA Australia
17 July 2025	Understanding AMLA and Ethics: A Guide for Financial Professionals	Symphony Digest
30 October 2025	Beyond Compliance: Leading with AI and Sustainability	Malaysian Institute of Accountants

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

3. Directors' Profiles and Training (continued)

Datin Hayati Aman Binti Hashim

Independent Director
59 Female, Malaysian

Date of First Appointment:

3 January 2022

Membership of Board Committee:

- Chairman of Audit Committee
- Chairman of Remuneration Committee
- Member of Nomination Committee
- Member of Risk Management Committee

Datin Hayati Aman has 30 years of experience in Accounting, Audit, Financial Reporting, Regulations & Policies and Project Management. She holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Accounting and a Master of Business Administration specialising in Finance, both from Northern Illinois University, United States of America ("USA"). She qualified as a Certified Public Accountant in the USA (passed the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants examinations in 1988) and in Malaysia (passed the Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants examinations in 1995).

Datin Hayati Aman started her career in the Audit department of Pricewaterhouse Kuala Lumpur in 1990. She then joined KPMG Malaysia's Corporate Finance department in 1994 and subsequently moved to KPMG Houston where she was an Assurance Manager. After two years, she rejoined KPMG Malaysia in the Corporate Restructuring department and was involved in corporate restructurings, winding ups and liquidations including several Danaharta cases. Subsequently in 1999, Datin Hayati joined Land & General Berhad, a public listed company on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia, and was responsible for all aspects of Finance, Accounting, Treasury and Taxation for the group of companies.

Datin Hayati Aman then joined the Securities Commission Malaysia ("SC") in 2010 as Head of the Equities Department in the Corporate Finance & Investments Division. Throughout her close to 10 years of service at the statutory body, among others, she oversaw the evaluation of initial public offerings and reverse takeover applications and the relevant disclosure documents and provided recommendations to the authorised committee. In this role, she was also instrumental in formulating various regulations, strategic initiatives, policies and guidelines concerning the capital market.

Since leaving the SC in 2020, Datin Hayati Aman created and developed a series of capital market courses, specifically on securities law, requirements and conduct in submission of applications for initial public offerings and has been engaged to provide relevant training to corporate finance professionals. She was also co-opted as member of MICPA's Commerce, Industry and Public Sector Committee effective 1 August 2020.

Currently, she also serves on the boards of CapitaLand Malaysia REIT Management Sdn Bhd.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

3. Directors' Profiles and Training (continued)

Datin Hayati Aman Binti Hashim (continued)

Training(s) and Conferences attended during the financial year:

Date of Training	Training / Conferences	Organiser of Training Programs / Conferences
8 January 2025	Fair Treatment for Financial Consumers	Islamic Banking & Finance Institute of Malaysia / AmBank Group
20 & 21 January 2025	Mandatory Accreditation Programme Part 1	Institute of Corporate Directors Malaysia / Bursa Malaysia
19 February 2025	Special Lecture: How Global Events Will Affect the Outlook for the Financial Industry in 2025	FIDE Forum
5 March 2025	Sustainability Update Awareness Briefing	Ambank Group
6 March 2025	Anti Money Laundering Awareness Session for Board of Directors	PwC Malaysia / Ambank Group
21 March 2025	Clarifying the Role of Internal Audit in Risk Management	Institute of Enterprise Risk Practitioners / Ambank Group
16 April 2025	Macro & Market Updates – Tariff Risk for Malaysia	UOB Malaysia
29 April 2025	Webinar: Amaran Scam	BNM / Malaysian Institute of Accountants
6 May 2025	1) Stamp Duty Self -Assessment System 2) BEPS 2.0 Pillar 2: Global Minimum Tax (GMT) 3) E-Invoicing	TMIM / KPMG Malaysia
27 May 2025	Future Proofing Governance & Risks Strategies for a Disruptive Era	Bursa Malaysia / Institute of Corporate Directors Malaysia
25 & 26 June 2025	Mandatory Accreditation Programme Part II	Institute of Corporate Directors Malaysia / Bursa Malaysia

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

3. Directors' Profiles and Training (continued)

Datin Hayati Aman Binti Hashim (continued)

Training(s) and Conferences attended during the financial year (continued):

Date of Training	Training / Conferences	Organiser of Training Programs / Conferences
6 August 2025	Conflict of Interest Training	Asia School of Business / AmBank Group
7 October 2025	2025 Independent Directors / Commissioners Conference, Bangkok	Tokio Marine Asia Pte Ltd
28 October 2025	Climate-Related Disclosures for Insurers	TMIM / KPMG Malaysia
29 October 2025	2025 Cyber Drill Exercise	EY Malaysia
20 November 2025	Evolving Financial Reporting Landscape: Insights into MFRS and Sustainability in Practice	Malaysian Institute of Accountants
27 November 2025	Financial Scandals: Deceit, Lies & Greed	Institute of Corporate Directors Malaysia
2 December 2025	MFRS 2025 Updates	KPMG Malaysia
17 December 2025	Trust on Trial: Fiduciary Duties in the Modern Boardroom	Institute of Corporate Directors Malaysia

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

3. Directors' Profiles and Training (continued)

Dang Kok Heng

Independent Director
65 Male, Malaysian

Date of First Appointment:

1 March 2023

Membership of Board Committee:

- Member of Audit Committee
- Member of Risk Management Committee

Mr. Dang graduated from University of Guelph, Ontario, Canada with a Bachelor of Science (Honours) major in Comp & Infor Science minor in Mathematics in 1983 and holds a Diploma in TQM (Total Quality Management) from Newport University USA in 1999. He also attended numerous courses such as Digital Transformation conducted by Boston Consulting Group and University of Virginia, Managing the Company of the Future conducted by London Business School and University of London during his career in IT.

Mr. Dang was appointed Chief Information Officer ("CIO") of Sun Life Malaysia Assurance Berhad between 2013 to 2021 and subsequently appointed as Technical Advisor and acted as a mentor for the incoming CIO and supported management in advisory and direction on technology aspirations in relation to business strategies especially the Digital Enterprise until he retired in January 2022.

He has more than 30 years of experience in Information Technology (IT) in insurance industry, including role of a Vice President of IT at American International Assurance besides been appointed as its Head of Integration to lead and manage the integration of all aspects of IT in tandem with the amalgamation of business from the acquisition of another composite life insurer including its family takaful entity. Prior to that, he was the Head of Information Technology of Allianz General Insurance Company (Malaysia) Berhad.

Training(s) and Conferences attended during the financial year:

Date of Training	Training / Conferences	Organiser of Training Programs / Conferences
6 May 2025	1) Stamp Duty Self-Assessment System 2) BEPs 2.0 Pillar 2: Global Minimum Tax (GMT) 3) E-invoicing	TMIM / KPMG Malaysia
7 October 2025	2025 Independent Directors / Commissioners Conference, Bangkok	Tokio Marine Asia Pte Ltd
28 October 2025	Climate-Related Disclosures for Insurers	TMIM / KPMG Malaysia
29 October 2025	2025 Cyber Drill Exercise	EY Malaysia

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

3. Directors' Profiles and Training (continued)

Yoshinori Fukaura

Executive Director *
47 Male, Japanese

Date of First Appointment: 12 March 2025

Membership of Board Committee:

- Member of Nomination Committee

* By virtue of his management position at the Company's immediate holding company, TM Asia, the directorship of Mr. Yoshinori Fukaura is regarded as an Executive Director in accordance with the Policy Document.

Mr. Fukaura, with over two decades of experience in the Tokio Marine Group, joined Tokio Marine Asia in April 2024. His expertise spans from strategic planning, business development, and corporate management across Japan, Singapore, and Thailand. Most recently, Mr. Fukaura served as the Senior Vice President of Tokio Marine Safety (Thailand) PCL., where he played a key role in formulating comprehensive corporate and commercial underwriting strategies.

In his current role at Tokio Marine Asia, he oversees Corporate & Market Planning, Finance & Investment, Legal & Compliance and Corporate Secretariat, Human Resources, and Risk Engineering operations in the region.

Mr. Fukaura also serves on the boards of Tokio Marine Asia, Tokio Marine Insurance Singapore Ltd and Grand Gurdian Tokio Marine General Insurance Myanmar, where he contributes to the companies' strategic decision-making and governance.

Training(s) and Conferences attended during the financial year:

Date of Training	Training / Conferences	Organiser of Training Programs / Conferences
5 and 6 May 2025	TMIM Orientation Program	TMIM
6 May 2025	1) Stamp Duty Self-Assessment System 2) BEPS 2.0 Pillar 2: Global Minimum Tax (GMT) 3) E-Invoicing	TMIM / KPMG Malaysia
7 October 2025	2025 Independent Directors / Commissioners Conference, Bangkok	Tokio Marine Asia Pte Ltd
28 October 2025	Climate-Related Disclosures for Insurers	TMIM / KPMG Malaysia
29 October 2025	2025 Cyber Drill Exercise	EY Malaysia
25 November 2025	Compliance learning course: Anti-Money Laundering, Antitrust, Conflicts of interest and Insider Trading.	LRN Catalyst

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

4. Board meetings

During the financial year, the Board met six (6) times to deliberate and consider a variety of significant matters that required its guidance and approval. The attendance of the Directors for the financial year was as follows:

<u>Name of Directors</u>	<u>No. of Board Meetings Held</u>	<u>No. of Board Meetings Attended</u>
Dato' Zainal Abidin bin Putih	6	6
Yeoh Chong Keng*	6	6
Datin Hayati Aman Binti Hashim	6	6
Dang Kok Heng	6	6
Yoshinori Fakaure**	6	6
Datuk Leong Kam Weng***	6	1

* Mr. Yeoh Chong Keng ceased to hold office as an Independent Director on 6 March 2026 upon the expiry of his appointment term as approved by BNM. He attended all six meetings held during the year.

** Mr. Yoshinori Fakaure was appointed to the Board on 12 March 2025 and he had attended all six meetings held during the year.

*** Datuk Leong Kam Weng was appointed to the Board on 1 December 2025 and attended 1 out of 1 meeting held after his appointment.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

5. Board Committees

In compliance with the Policy Document, the Board established four (4) Board Committees operating on the terms of reference approved by the Board, to assist the Board in the execution of its responsibilities.

These Board Committees shall have the authorities to examine particular issues and report to the Board with their observations and recommendations. The ultimate responsibility for the decision on all matters, however, lies with the entire Board.

a) Risk Management Committee ("RMC")

The RMC supports the Board in the overall risk management oversight of the Company in ensuring the effectiveness and adequacy of the risk management processes and practices put in place by the Company. In addition, RMC also supports the Board in providing oversight over technology-related matters.

The main responsibilities of the RMC are to recommend a robust risk management framework in terms of strategies, policies and risk tolerance including the technology risk appetite and technology-related framework, for the Board's approval as well as to provide an overall assessment on the adequacy of the Company's risk reporting infrastructure, which includes resources and support system, in promoting a pro-active risk management culture.

The composition of the RMC as at the date of this report is set out below. During the financial year, four (4) RMC meetings were held, with attendance by the RMC Members as follows:

<u>Name of Directors</u>	<u>No. of RMC Meetings Held</u>	<u>No. of RMC Meetings Attended</u>
Yeoh Chong Keng - RMC Chairman*	4	4
Dato' Zainal Abidin bin Putih	4	3
Datin Hayati Aman Binti Hashim	4	4
Dang Kok Heng	4	4
Datuk Leong Kam Weng – RMC Chairman**		Not Applicable

* Mr. Yeoh Chong Keng stepped down as Chairman of the RMC on 6 March 2026 and attended all four meetings held during the year.

** Datuk Leong Kam Weng was appointed as Chairman of the RMC on 7 March 2026.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

5. Board Committees (continued)

b) Audit Committee ("AC")

The main responsibility of the AC is to support the Board of Directors in discharging its statutory duties and responsibilities relating to accounting and financial reporting process of the Company as well as ensuring the effectiveness of the internal controls instituted by the Management. The AC functions on a Terms of Reference approved by the Board of Directors, with the following principal duties and responsibilities:

- i. to review and recommend the external auditors' and internal auditors' audit plans to Board for approval, review and approve internal auditors' audit scope and review audit reports on their evaluation of the system of internal controls of the Company;
- ii. to review the results of the audit and whether appropriate action has been taken on the recommendations given by the external and internal auditors;
- iii. to foster a quality audit by exercising oversight over the external auditors and make recommendations concerning their appointments, termination and remuneration, monitoring and assessing the independence of the external auditors;
- iv. to oversee that there is a reliable and transparent financial reporting process within the Company;
- v. to oversee that the internal audit activity is sufficiently resourced with competent, objective internal audit professionals to carry out the internal audit plan;
- vi. review and update the Board on all related party transactions.

The composition of the AC as at the date of this report is set out below. During the financial year, five (5) AC meetings were held, with attendance by the AC Members as follows:

<u>Name of Directors</u>	<u>No. of AC Meetings Held</u>	<u>No. of AC Meetings Attended</u>
Datin Hayati Aman Binti Hashim - AC Chairman	5	5
Dato' Zainal Abidin bin Putih	5	4
Yeoh Chong Keng*	5	5
Dang Kok Heng	5	5
Datuk Leong Kam Weng**		Not Applicable

* Mr. Yeoh Chong Keng stepped down as a member of the AC on 6 March 2026 and attended all five meetings held during the year.

** Datuk Leong Kam Weng was appointed as a member of the AC on 7 March 2026.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

5. Board Committees (continued)

c) Nomination Committee ("NC")

The NC is entrusted with the responsibility of proposing new nominees for appointment to the Board to ensure that nominations of new Directors are made in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders. It assesses the suitability of the new nominees, by taking into consideration their professional qualifications, integrity, financial and commercial business experience and expertise relevant to the Company with potential to complement the skills, knowledge and expertise of the Board.

The NC also makes recommendations to the Board on nominations to fill up Board Committees and the re-appointment of Directors to the Board. In considering the re-appointment, the NC will take into account the director's attendance and participation at meetings, their expertise and commitment, as well as their contributions at Board discussions and effectiveness of the Board.

Apart from recommending the appointment/re-appointment of new/existing Directors, the NC is also responsible to recommend and assess the nominee for the position of CEO and the re-appointment of CEO. The NC also oversees the appointment and management succession planning of the Executive Committee of the Company.

The NC is responsible to oversee performance evaluation of the CEO and Key Responsible Persons ("KRPs"). Whenever applicable and consistent with the Policy Document, the NC's recommendations on the CEO and KRPs would be made in consultation with the input from the Chairman of the AC and RMC.

The NC is also responsible to ensure all KRPs fulfil the fit and proper requirements in line with the KRP policy.

The composition of the NC as at the date of this report is set out below. During the financial year, four (4) NC meetings were held, with attendance by the NC Members as follows:

<u>Name of Directors</u>	<u>No. of NC Meetings Held</u>	<u>No. of NC Meetings Attended</u>
Yeoh Chong Keng - NC Chairman*	4	4
Datin Hayati Aman Binti Hashim	4	4
Dato' Zainal Abidin Bin Putih**	4	3
Yoshinori Fukaura***	4	4
Datuk Leong Kam Weng – NC Chairman^		Not Applicable

* Mr. Yeoh Chong Keng stepped down as Chairman of the NC on 6 March 2026 and attended all four meetings held during the year.

** Dato' Zainal Abidin Bin Putih stepped down as a member of the NC on 6 March 2026 following his resignation as a Non-Independent Non-Executive Director.

*** Mr. Yoshinori Fukaura was appointed as a member of the NC on 12 March 2025 and attended all four meetings held during the year.

^ Datuk Leong Kam Weng was appointed as Chairman of the NC on 7 March 2026.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

5. Board Committees (continued)

d) Remuneration Committee ("RC")

The main responsibilities of the RC are to establish and recommend to the Board, the remuneration structure and policy, including the terms of employment or contract of service for Executive Directors, Chief Executive Officer and key responsible persons to ensure a strong link is maintained between the level of remuneration and individual performance against agreed targets on total remuneration package.

The Remuneration Committee conducts periodic review of the Directors' fees and submits its recommendations for the Board's consideration. No Director was involved in deciding his own remuneration.

Independent Directors are paid Directors' fees which are recommended by the Board for shareholders' approval at the Company's Annual General Meeting.

The composition of the RC as at the date of this report is set out below. During the financial year, two (2) RC meetings were held, with attendance by the RC members as follows:

<u>Name of Directors</u>	<u>No. of RC Meetings Held</u>	<u>No. of RC Meetings Attended</u>
Datin Hayati Aman Binti Hashim - RC Chairman	2	2
Dato' Zainal Abidin Bin Putih	2	1
Yeoh Chong Keng*	2	2
Datuk Leong Kam Weng**		Not Applicable

* Mr. Yeoh Chong Keng stepped down as a member of the RC on 6 March 2026 and attended all two meetings held during the year.

** Datuk Leong Kam Weng was appointed as a member of the RC on 7 March 2026.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

5. Board Committees (continued)

d) Remuneration Committee (continued)

Remuneration Policy

Objective and Key Features

The objective of the Remuneration Policy is to facilitate the attraction, engagement and retention of Directors, CEO and senior officers of relevant capabilities as to provide the necessary skills and experience as required and commensurate with the responsibilities for the effective management and operations of the Company. In addition, it seeks to be balanced to ensure the proper management of the Company's funds and is not excessive nor create incentive for imprudent, unsustainable or unethical behaviour in managing the Company. It considers the Company's corporate culture and values, business objective and strategy as well as its long-term interests.

Remuneration is focused on being competitive in the insurance industry and will reinforce desired characteristics in the Company. The remuneration has a fixed component and a variable component. The fixed component consists of fixed basic salaries, allowances and other benefits which commensurate with the employee's position and scope of responsibilities while the variable component considers the performance of the Company against the criteria set, the performance of each functional group and the individual performance. In addition, the variable component has a direct link to the tenure of the majority of risks underwritten by the business of the Company. The Company's remuneration policy is reviewed periodically and revised when necessary, to ensure its continued relevance and objectivity.

Scope

The scope of Remuneration Policy applies to the Company, which operates its business only in Malaysia.

The Company categorises its senior officers into two; senior officers who are appointed to the Executive Committee (referred to as "EXCO Members"), the highest decision making committee at management level and the other category is on those senior officers, though not EXCO Members, can materially commit or control significant amount of the Company's resources or whose actions may have an impact to its risk profile (collectively referred to as "Key Responsible Persons").

Officers with control functions are measured differently in determining their remuneration. Their measurements do not take into account revenue or financial measures. Depending on their roles, they may be measured on the effectiveness of the control measures they are responsible for.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

5. Board Committees (continued)

d) Remuneration Committee (continued)

Remuneration Policy (continued)

KRPs - EXCO Members

- Chief Executive Officer ("CEO")
- Deputy Chief Executive Officer ("DCEO")
- Chief Operating Officer
- Chief Distribution Officer
- Head, Human Resource
- Chief Financial Officer
- Chief Underwriting Officer
- Chief Claims Officer
- Head, Information Technology

KRPs - Others

- Head, Internal Audit ("HIA")
- Head, Legal & Compliance
- Head, Enterprise Risk Management ("HERM")
- Appointed Actuary
- Chief Information Security Officer

Risks

Key risks that are taken into consideration when determining compensation measures include:

Manpower Risk: Attraction, engagement and retention of required human capital

In order to ensure the attraction, engagement and retention of required human capital, the level of remuneration is designed to be competitive. As such, remuneration levels will move with conditions in the labour market.

Insurance Risk: Performance of Insurance Risks

Remuneration takes into account the carrying degrees of risk of loss from insurance risk that is underwritten by the Company, tying the Company's performance and variable components to performance to the realisation of this risk over the period taken. Remuneration levels will decrease when these risks increase within the financial year and vice versa.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

5. Board Committees (continued)

d) Remuneration Committee (continued)

Remuneration Policy (continued)

Performance and Remuneration

The remuneration practices for employees are linked to the Company's performance.

Our remuneration practices are aligned to the Company's overall performance; the risk appetite as part of risk management framework; and the Company's long-term strategy. Meanwhile, the remuneration for individuals within the Company are inclusive of performance measures in prudent risk-taking and appropriate market risk adjustment.

The Board sets the Company's target metrics for the year and the corresponding impact on remuneration in relation to performance. These metrics are used to determine the Company's performance, as to whether it is strong, acceptable or weak as well as the corresponding impact on variable remuneration for executives. Variable remuneration is influenced significantly by the Company's performance metrics. As such, should the Company perform well, variable remuneration will increase and vice versa.

In addition to the performance of the Company, variable remuneration is determined by the performance of an individual's functional group and personal performance and overall contribution to the Company. This is to encourage collaboration and teamwork between the employees and across the Company in delivering the Company's functional priorities in addition to personal performance and contribution.

The Company generally uses:

- I. Annual variable cash bonuses for its senior officers, of which the quantum is determined by the Company's performance relative to the performance metrics set. The ratio of variable pay to fixed pay is generally similar for employees across the organization, except for the CEO where a higher variable pay component is targeted, subject to the performance of the Company.
- II. Claw back and deferred performance bonus for its senior officers, of which the quantum is determined by the Company's stretch target. This is in consideration of the time horizon of risks and considering the potential for financial risks to crystalize over a longer period of time. The KPIs and stretch target for deferred performance bonus should be reviewed annually to assess the appropriateness and drive the desired behaviours. If the employee commits fraud, theft, embezzlement, serious misconduct, or is in breach or has breached any or his or her obligations to the Company, the Board of Directors, can at its discretion, cancel some or all of his or her vested or unvested deferred bonus, and require repayment of deferred bonus that have already been paid.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

5. Board Committees (continued)

d) Remuneration Committee (continued)

Remuneration Policy (continued)

Variable Components of Remuneration (continued)

The remuneration paid and accrued to the Board members, CEO, EXCO Members and other Key Responsible Persons during the financial year ended 31 December 2025 are shown in the following tables.

Name	Directorship / Designation	Fixed Remuneration			Variable Remuneration			Total value of remuneration awards for the financial year RM'000
		Cash-based RM'000	Shares and share-linked instrument RM'000	Others RM'000	Cash-based RM'000	Shares and share-linked instrument RM'000	Others RM'000	
Dato' Zainal Abidin Bin Putih	Chairman / Director	204	-	-	17	-	2	223
Yeoh Chong Keng	Director	150	-	-	21	-	2	173
Datin Hayati Aman Binti Hashim	Director	150	-	-	21	-	2	173
Dang Kok Heng	Director	108	-	-	15	-	2	125
Datuk Leong Kam Weng	Director	6	-	-	1	-	-	7
Ng Hang Ming	Chief Executive Officer	1,589	-	28	929	-	2	2,548

Category	No of Headcount	Fixed Remuneration			Variable Remuneration			Total value of remuneration awards for the financial year RM'000
		Cash-based RM'000	Shares and share-linked instrument RM'000	Others RM'000	Cash-based RM'000	Shares and share-linked instrument RM'000	Others RM'000	
EXCO	8	5,945	-	69	2,269	-	13	8,296
Other Key Responsible Persons	5	2,197	-	-	593	-	7	2,797

The remuneration of the EXCO members and other key responsible persons above have been prorated based on the respective dates of their appointment to/withdrawal from the EXCO or when they are categorised/de-categorised as Key Responsible Persons.

No deferred fixed remuneration, shares and share-linked instrument was paid and accrued to the Board members, CEO, EXCO Members and other Key Responsible Persons during the financial year ended 31 December 2025.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONTINUED)

5. Board Committees (continued)

d) Remuneration Committee (continued)

Remuneration Policy (continued)

Indemnity to Directors and Officers

During the financial year, the total amount of indemnity coverage and insurance premium paid for the Directors and certain officers of the Company were RM20 million and RM44,064 respectively.

6. Risk Management and Internal Control Framework

The Risk Management framework of the Company comprises an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating, measuring and monitoring the significant risks faced by the Company through designated management functions and internal control, which covers all levels of personnel and business processes to ensure that the Company's operations are run in an effective and efficient manner. This is supported by the maintenance of a reliable information system that covers all significant business activities.

Management is responsible for the continuous assessment of the effectiveness and adequacy of internal controls, while the internal audit function conducts independent examination of key controls to provide assurance on the effectiveness of the control environment.

Board responsibilities

The Board recognises the importance of a sound risk management and internal control framework as part of good corporate governance and to safeguard the Company's asset and shareholder's interest. The Board committees, namely the Risk Management Committee and Audit Committee have been delegated with the responsibilities to set the direction and ensure that senior management has all the necessary systems, processes and resources in place to ensure the effectiveness, adequacy and integrity of the Company's overall control environment.

The scope of responsibilities of the Risk Management Committee and Audit Committee are embedded in their respective charters; the Board as a whole, however remains ultimately responsible for the Company's system of risk management and internal control.

The Board also acknowledges that whilst control systems are designed to identify and mitigate business and other associated key risks, they cannot totally eliminate all risks and cannot provide absolute assurance against material misstatements or losses, fraud or breaches of laws or regulations.

Internal Audit

The Internal Audit ("IA") Department, led by HIA, has been established to provide assessment of effectiveness and adequacy of internal controls, which include independent examination of controls and monitor corrective actions, where necessary are taken in a timely manner.

The HERM and HIA also participated in the monthly Executive Committee meetings to keep themselves updated of the Company's latest business activities and provide relevant input on areas concerning business risks and internal control where necessary.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS IN SHARES

The Directors who have held office since the date of the last report are as follows:

Dato' Zainal Abidin bin Putih
Yeoh Chong Keng (Ceased on 6 March 2026)
Datin Hayati Aman Binti Hashim
Dang Kok Heng
Yoshinori Fukaura
Datuk Leong Kam Weng (appointed on 1 December 2025)

According to the Register of Directors' Shareholdings required to be kept under Section 59 of the Companies Act, 2016, none of the Directors who held office at the end of the financial year held any shares or debentures in the Company or its holding company or subsidiaries of the holding company, except as follows:-

	<u>Number of ordinary shares of SGD1 each</u>			
	<u>At 1.1.2025</u>	<u>Acquired</u>	<u>Disposed</u>	<u>At 31.12.2025</u>
<u>Holdings registered in name of Director</u>				
Subsidiaries of ultimate holding corporation - Asia General Holdings Ltd				
Yoshinori Fukaura	3	-	2	1

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

During and at end of the financial year, no arrangements subsisted to which the Group and the Company are a party with the object or objects of enabling Directors of the Group and the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Group and the Company or any other body corporate.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director of the Group and the Company have received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than Directors' remuneration and benefits-in-kind shown in page 22 of the Directors' Report) by reason of a contract made by the Group and the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a corporation in which the Director has a substantial financial interest.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

ULTIMATE HOLDING CORPORATION

The Directors regard Tokio Marine Holdings Inc., a corporation incorporated in Japan, as the ultimate holding corporation of the Group and the Company.

AUDITORS

The auditors' remuneration for the financial year is as follows:

	<u>Group</u> RM'000	<u>Company</u> RM'000
Audit services	697	673
Non-audit services	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

There was no indemnity given or insurance effected for the auditors of the Company during the financial year.

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT (LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146), have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with their resolution dated 26 March 2026.

SIGNED

DATIN HAYATI AMAN BINTI HASHIM
DIRECTOR

SIGNED

DATO' ZAINAL ABIDIN BIN PUTIH
DIRECTOR

Kuala Lumpur

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

**STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS PURSUANT TO
SECTION 251(2) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2016**

We, Datin Hayati Aman Binti Hashim and Dato' Zainal Abidin Bin Putih, two of the Directors of Tokio Marine Insurans (Malaysia) Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Directors, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 31 to 151 are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2025 and financial performance and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2025 in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 26 March 2026.

SIGNED

DATIN HAYATI AMAN BINTI HASHIM
DIRECTOR

SIGNED

DATO' ZAINAL ABIDIN BIN PUTIH
DIRECTOR

**STATUTORY DECLARATION PURSUANT TO
SECTION 251(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2016**

I, Ng Hang Ming, the Chief Executive Officer primarily responsible for the financial management of Tokio Marine Insurans (Malaysia) Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that, the financial statements set out on pages 31 to 151 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

SIGNED

NG HANG MING

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed at Kuala Lumpur on 26 March 2026.

Before me,

SIGNED

COMMISSIONER FOR OATHS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE MEMBER OF TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
Registration No. 198601000381 (149520-U)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of Tokio Marine Insurans (Malaysia) Berhad (“the Company”) and its subsidiaries (“the Group”) give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2025, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

What we have audited

We have audited the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2025 of the Group and of the Company, and the income statements, statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies, as set out on pages 31 to 151.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the “Auditors’ responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements” section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants (“By-Laws”) and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants’ International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (“IESBA Code”), as applicable to audits of financial statements of public interest entities and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE MEMBER OF TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(CONTINUED)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No. 198601000381 (149520-U)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the financial statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE MEMBER OF TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(CONTINUED)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No. 198601000381 (149520-U)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and of the Company's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's or on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- (f) Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the Group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE MEMBER OF TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(CONTINUED)**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No. 198601000381 (149520-U)

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the member of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

SIGNED

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PLT
LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146
Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur
26 March 2026

SIGNED

CHAN SUET LYE
03603/10/2027 J
Chartered Accountant

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2025

	Note	Group		Company	
		2025 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2025 RM'000	2024 RM'000
ASSETS					
Property, plant and equipment	4	52,828	54,949	52,828	54,949
Intangible assets	5	179,943	179,943	179,943	179,943
Financial assets: Fair value through profit or loss	6	91,192	80,694	2,539,971	2,257,634
Financial assets: Fair value through other comprehensive income	7	2,469,095	2,221,420	-	-
Reinsurance contract assets	9	348,889	456,584	348,889	456,584
Financial assets at amortised cost	10	806,208	753,694	734,118	708,959
Other receivables	10	47,739	48,235	47,739	48,235
Cash and bank balances		42,510	66,903	41,475	66,841
Total Assets		4,038,404	3,862,422	3,944,963	3,773,145
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Share capital	11	403,471	403,471	403,471	403,471
Retained earnings	12	1,330,621	1,222,963	1,323,789	1,205,509
Other reserves	13	(5,910)	(13,179)	922	4,275
Total Equity		1,728,182	1,613,255	1,728,182	1,613,255
Deferred tax liabilities	14	23,445	21,529	23,445	21,529
Insurance contract liabilities	15	2,046,153	2,011,707	2,046,153	2,011,707
Provision for taxation		12,300	7,417	12,300	7,417
Third party interests in consolidated fund		92,884	88,808	-	-
Other payables	16	135,440	119,706	134,883	119,237
Total Liabilities		2,310,222	2,249,167	2,216,781	2,159,890
Total Equity and Liabilities		4,038,404	3,862,422	3,944,963	3,773,145

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

INCOME STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

	Note	Group		Company	
		<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Insurance revenue		1,514,143	1,397,168	1,514,143	1,397,168
Insurance service expenses		(1,116,790)	(1,065,026)	(1,116,790)	(1,065,026)
Net expense from reinsurance contracts held		<u>(221,558)</u>	<u>(153,553)</u>	<u>(221,558)</u>	<u>(153,553)</u>
Insurance service result	17	<u>175,795</u>	<u>178,589</u>	<u>175,795</u>	<u>178,589</u>
Interest revenue calculated using the effective interest method	18	122,928	111,332	25,844	23,661
Investment income	18	2,699	2,211	84,643	77,276
Realised gain	19	8,384	3,847	-	-
Unrealised gain	20	498	632	32,337	6,993
Write back of impairment on financial assets		<u>77</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net investment income	21	<u>134,586</u>	<u>118,068</u>	<u>142,824</u>	<u>107,930</u>
Finance expenses from insurance contracts	21	(61,485)	(58,356)	(61,485)	(58,356)
Finance income from reinsurance contracts held	21	<u>14,385</u>	<u>16,018</u>	<u>14,385</u>	<u>16,018</u>
Net insurance finance expenses		<u>(47,100)</u>	<u>(42,338)</u>	<u>(47,100)</u>	<u>(42,338)</u>
Net insurance and investment result		263,281	254,319	271,519	244,181
Other operating income	22	3,656	4,610	3,656	4,610
Other operating expenses	22	(41,649)	(37,206)	(31,642)	(31,637)
Finance costs	24	<u>(1,310)</u>	<u>(1,362)</u>	<u>(1,310)</u>	<u>(1,362)</u>
		<u>(39,303)</u>	<u>(33,958)</u>	<u>(29,296)</u>	<u>(28,389)</u>
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		223,978	220,361	242,223	215,792
Taxation	25	<u>(31,950)</u>	<u>(33,573)</u>	<u>(39,573)</u>	<u>(35,090)</u>
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		<u>192,028</u>	<u>186,788</u>	<u>202,650</u>	<u>180,702</u>
Attributable to:					
- Owner of the Company		<u>192,028</u>	<u>186,788</u>	<u>202,650</u>	<u>180,702</u>
BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE (SEN)	26	<u>48</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>45</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

	Note	Group		Company	
		<u>2025</u> RM'000	<u>2024</u> RM'000	<u>2025</u> RM'000	<u>2024</u> RM'000
Profit for the financial year		192,028	186,788	202,650	180,702
Other comprehensive income/(loss):					
<u>Items that may be subsequently reclassified to income statements</u>					
Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") reserve	21				
- Net gain/(loss) on fair value arising during the financial year		26,706	(676)	-	-
- Write back of impairment transferred to income statements		(77)	(46)	-	-
- Net realised gain transferred to income statements		(8,384)	(3,847)	-	-
Insurance finance reserve	21				
- Finance expenses from insurance contracts		(5,573)	(443)	(5,573)	(443)
- Finance income from reinsurance contracts held		1,161	(81)	1,161	(81)
		<u>13,833</u>	<u>(5,093)</u>	<u>(4,412)</u>	<u>(524)</u>
Tax effects	14	<u>(6,564)</u>	<u>(1,391)</u>	<u>1,059</u>	<u>126</u>
		<u>7,269</u>	<u>(6,484)</u>	<u>(3,353)</u>	<u>(398)</u>
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		<u>199,297</u>	<u>180,304</u>	<u>199,297</u>	<u>180,304</u>
Total comprehensive income attributable:					
- Owner of the Company		<u>199,297</u>	<u>180,304</u>	<u>199,297</u>	<u>180,304</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

**STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025**

	<u>Note</u>	<u>Share capital</u> RM'000	<u>Non-distributable</u>			<u>Distributable</u>	<u>Total equity</u> RM'000
			<u>Revaluation Reserve</u> RM'000	<u>Insurance finance reserve</u> RM'000	<u>FVOCI reserve</u> RM'000	<u>Retained earnings</u> RM'000	
Group							
At 1 January 2024		403,471	7,196	(2,523)	(11,368)	1,036,175	1,432,951
Profit for the financial year		-	-	-	-	186,788	186,788
Other comprehensive loss for the financial year		-	-	(398)	(6,086)	-	(6,484)
At 31 December 2024		<u>403,471</u>	<u>7,196</u>	<u>(2,921)</u>	<u>(17,454)</u>	<u>1,222,963</u>	<u>1,613,255</u>
At 1 January 2025		403,471	7,196	(2,921)	(17,454)	1,222,963	1,613,255
Profit for the financial year		-	-	-	-	192,028	192,028
Other comprehensive (loss)/gain for the financial year		-	-	(3,353)	10,622	-	7,269
Dividend paid	27	-	-	-	-	(84,370)	(84,370)
At 31 December 2025		<u>403,471</u>	<u>7,196</u>	<u>(6,274)</u>	<u>(6,832)</u>	<u>1,330,621</u>	<u>1,728,182</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

		<u>Non-distributable</u>		<u>Distributable</u>		
	<u>Note</u>	<u>Share capital</u>	<u>Revaluation reserve</u>	<u>Insurance finance reserve</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Total Equity</u>
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Company						
At 1 January 2024		403,471	7,196	(2,523)	1,024,807	1,432,951
Profit for the financial year		-	-	-	180,702	180,702
Other comprehensive loss for the financial year		-	-	(398)	-	(398)
At 31 December 2024		<u>403,471</u>	<u>7,196</u>	<u>(2,921)</u>	<u>1,205,509</u>	<u>1,613,255</u>
At 1 January 2025		403,471	7,196	(2,921)	1,205,509	1,613,255
Profit for the financial year		-	-	-	202,650	202,650
Other comprehensive loss for the financial year		-	-	(3,353)	-	(3,353)
Dividend paid	27	-	-	-	(84,370)	(84,370)
At 31 December 2025		<u>403,471</u>	<u>7,196</u>	<u>(6,274)</u>	<u>1,323,789</u>	<u>1,728,182</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

	Group		Company	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit for the financial year	192,028	186,788	202,650	180,702
Adjustment of:				
Property, plant and equipment				
- depreciation	11,493	10,598	11,493	10,598
- gain on disposal	(65)	(362)	(65)	(362)
Depreciation for right-of-use ("ROU") assets	5,915	5,785	5,915	5,785
Amortisation of asset restoration	106	96	106	96
Interest on lease liability	1,310	1,362	1,310	1,362
Interest on lease receivable	(61)	(61)	(61)	(61)
Unrealised gain on fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") financial assets	(498)	(632)	(32,337)	(6,993)
Gain on disposal of FVOCI financial assets	(8,384)	(3,847)	-	-
Interest revenue calculated using the effective interest method	(122,928)	(111,332)	(25,844)	(23,661)
Investment income	(2,699)	(2,211)	(84,643)	(77,276)
Write back of impairment on financial assets	(77)	(46)	-	-
Taxation	31,950	33,573	39,573	35,090
	<u>108,090</u>	<u>119,711</u>	<u>118,097</u>	<u>125,280</u>
Purchases of investments	(766,806)	(716,349)	(250,000)	(200,000)
Proceeds from disposal of investments	530,577	412,652	-	-
Decrease in reinsurance contract assets	108,855	44,075	108,855	44,075
Increase in financial assets at amortised cost	(55,067)	(112,239)	(27,914)	(119,755)
Decrease in other receivables	496	2,731	496	2,731
Increase in insurance contract liabilities	28,873	97,754	28,873	97,754
Increase in other payables	19,636	7,550	19,548	7,456
	<u>(25,346)</u>	<u>(144,115)</u>	<u>(2,045)</u>	<u>(42,459)</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

	Group		Company	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Tax paid	(31,715)	(31,053)	(31,715)	(31,053)
Investment income received:				
- Interest	130,285	116,982	28,143	24,623
- Dividend	2,699	2,211	84,643	77,276
Interest paid on lease liabilities	(1,310)	(1,362)	(1,310)	(1,362)
Interest received from lease receivable	61	61	61	61
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	<u>74,674</u>	<u>(57,276)</u>	<u>77,777</u>	<u>27,086</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(13,672)	(15,555)	(13,672)	(15,555)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	155	362	155	362
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(13,517)</u>	<u>(15,193)</u>	<u>(13,517)</u>	<u>(15,193)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Receipt of lease receivable	457	644	457	644
Payment of lease liabilities	(5,713)	(5,230)	(5,713)	(5,230)
Dividend paid	(84,370)	-	(84,370)	-
Third party interests in consolidated fund	4,076	83,721	-	-
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	<u>(85,550)</u>	<u>79,135</u>	<u>(89,626)</u>	<u>(4,586)</u>
NET MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(24,393)	6,666	(25,366)	7,307
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1 JANUARY	<u>66,903</u>	<u>60,237</u>	<u>66,841</u>	<u>59,534</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31 DECEMBER	<u>42,510</u>	<u>66,903</u>	<u>41,475</u>	<u>66,841</u>
Cash and bank balances	<u>42,510</u>	<u>66,903</u>	<u>41,475</u>	<u>66,841</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

	Group		Company	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Lease liabilities				
At 1 January	26,150	26,086	26,150	26,086
Cash flows	(7,023)	(6,592)	(7,023)	(6,592)
Interest charge	1,310	1,362	1,310	1,362
Lease addition	2,388	5,294	2,388	5,294
At 31 December	<u>22,825</u>	<u>26,150</u>	<u>22,825</u>	<u>26,150</u>
Third party interests in consolidated fund				
At 1 January	88,808	5,087	-	-
Cash flows	4,076	83,721	-	-
At 31 December	<u>92,884</u>	<u>88,808</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025

1 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND GENERAL INFORMATION

The Group and the Company are principally engaged in the underwriting of all classes of general insurance business. There has been no significant change in the nature of this activity during the year.

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia.

The registered office of the Company is located at:

Level 23, Menara Tokio Marine Life,
189, Jalan Tun Razak,
50400 Kuala Lumpur

The principal place of business of the Company is located at:

Level 20, Menara Hap Seng 3, Plaza Hap Seng
No 1 Jalan P Ramlee
50250 Kuala Lumpur

The Directors regard Tokio Marine Holdings Inc. a corporation incorporated in Japan, as the Company's ultimate holding corporation.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 26 March 2026.

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Unless otherwise stated, the following accounting policies have been used consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

(a) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of leasehold land and buildings, fair value through profit and loss financial assets and fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported financial period. It also requires the Directors to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Group's and the Company's accounting policies. Although these estimates are based on the Directors' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ from estimates.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM").

The Group and the Company have applied the following standards for the first time in the financial year beginning on 1 January 2025.

- Amendments to MFRS 121 "Lack of Exchangeability"

The amendments clarify that a currency is exchangeable when an entity is able to exchange it into another currency within a time frame that allows for a normal administration delay and through a market or exchange mechanism that creates enforceable rights and obligations. If an entity can only obtain no more than an insignificant amount of the other currency at the measurement date for the specified purpose, then the currency is not exchangeable. In such cases, the entity is required to estimate the spot exchange rate at the measurement date.

The amendments do not specify how an entity estimates the spot exchange rate but permit an entity to use observable exchange rate without adjustment or another estimation technique, provided it could meet the objective for estimating the spot exchange rate set out in the amendments.

The adoption of amendments to standards effective for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2025 do not have any material financial impact to the current or future periods.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

A number of new standards and amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for the financial year beginning after 1 January 2026:

(i) Financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2026

Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7 “Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments”

The amendments require financial assets to be derecognised on the date the contractual rights to the cash flows expire and financial liabilities to be derecognised when obligation under the contract is discharged (i.e. the settlement date). In addition, there is an optional exception to derecognise financial liabilities before the settlement date for settlement using electronic payment systems (if specified criteria are met);

The amendments clarify and add further guidance for assessing whether a financial asset meets the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) criterion;

The amendments add new disclosures for certain instruments with contractual terms that can change cash flows (such as some financial instruments with features linked to the achievement of environment, social and governance targets); and

The amendments update the disclosures for equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Annual improvements to MFRS Accounting Standards for Enhanced Consistency

The annual improvements comprise the following amendments:

- Amendments to MFRS 1 align the hedge accounting provisions with MFRS 9 requirements and add cross-references for better clarity.
- Amendments to MFRS 7 on gain or loss on derecognition - obsolete cross-referencing is removed.

Additionally, the implementation guidance is revised to address the inconsistency within MFRS 7 on disclosure of deferred difference between fair value and transaction price. The amendments also clarify that the credit risk guidance does not cover all MFRS 7 requirements.

- Amendments to MFRS 9 clarify that the derecognition principle of MFRS 9 should be applied by lessees to account for extinguished lease liabilities.

In addition, the term "transaction price" as defined in MFRS 15 has also been removed from MFRS 9.

- Amendments to MFRS 10 resolve an inconsistency in determining whether a party is acting as a de facto agent.
- Amendments to MFRS 107 replace the term 'cost method' which is not a defined term in MFRS.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- (a) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)
- (ii) Financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2027

MFRS 18 “Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements”

The new MFRS replaces MFRS 101 “Presentation of Financial Statements” and introduces a new structure of profit or loss statement.

- (a) Income and expenses are classified into 3 main categories:
- (i) Operating category which typically includes results from the main business activities;
 - (ii) Investing category that presents the results of investments in associates and joint ventures and other assets that generate a return largely independently of other resources; and
 - (iii) Financing category that presents income and expenses from financing liabilities.
- (b) Entities are required to present two new specified subtotals: ‘Operating profit or loss’ and ‘Profit or loss before financing and income taxes’.

Management-defined performance measures are disclosed in a single note and reconciled to the most similar specified subtotal in MFRS Accounting Standards.

Changes to the guidance on aggregation and disaggregation which focus on grouping items based on their shared characteristics.

MFRS 19 “Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures”

MFRS 19 is a voluntary MFRS Accounting Standard that provides reduced disclosure requirements for eligible subsidiaries. An eligible entity may elect to apply MFRS 19 if at the end of the reporting period, the entity meets all the following conditions:

- is a subsidiary as defined in MFRS 10;
- does not have public accountability; and
- has an ultimate or intermediate parent that prepares consolidated financial statements available for public use that comply with IFRS Accounting Standards

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

(ii) Financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2027 (continued)

**MFRS 19 “Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures”
(continued)**

If an eligible entity elects to apply MFRS 19, it continues to apply the recognition, measurement and presentation requirements in other MFRS Accounting Standards, except for the disclosure requirement, where the “reduced disclosure requirements” of MFRS 19 should be applied.

Eligible subsidiaries that elect to apply MFRS 19 in one reporting period may revoke the election at a subsequent reporting period, and therefore, may elect to apply MFRS 19 more than once. When there is a change in the application of MFRS 19, comparative information is provided for all amounts reported in the current period’s financial statements.

The amendments to standards or interpretations effective for the financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2026 are not expected to have any material financial impact to the financial statements of the Group and the Company in the period when effective, except for the adoption of MFRS 18. Management is currently assessing the detailed implications of applying the new standard on the financial statements of the Group and the Company.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group refers to the Company and its investment in structured entities.

(ii) Change in ownership interest in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as transactions with equity owners of the Group. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and relevant shares equivalent of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

(iii) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the subsidiary is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost with change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purpose of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

(c) Investment in subsidiaries

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries (including structured entities) are carried at fair value in accordance with MFRS 9 "Financial Instruments". On disposal of investment in subsidiaries, the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investment is recognised in profit or loss.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Business combination

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for business combinations. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Company's share of the identifiable net assets acquired at the date of acquisition is reflected as goodwill. See accounting policy Note 2(e) to the financial statements on goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than fair value of the acquired net assets, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss.

(e) Intangible assets - Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of purchase consideration and related costs of acquisition over the aggregate of the fair value of the net assets of the business acquired at the date of acquisition. See accounting policy Note 2(j) to the financial statements on impairment of non-financial assets.

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination in which the goodwill arose, identified according to operating segment.

The Group and the Company allocate goodwill to the combined general insurance business as a whole, which has been identified as a cash-generating unit.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the Company, and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis to write off the cost of the assets to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, summarised as follows:

Furniture and fittings	3 - 7 years
Motor vehicles	4 - 5 years
Office equipment and computers	3 - 6 years

Residual values and useful lives of assets are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each statement of financial position date.

At each date of the statement of financial position, the Group and the Company also assess whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indications exist, an analysis is performed to assess whether the carrying amount of the asset is fully recoverable. A write down is made if the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. See accounting policy Note 2(j) to the financial statements on impairment of non-financial assets.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amounts and are credited or charged to profit or loss.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Financial assets

The Group and/or the Company classify its financial assets, at initial recognition, into the following measurement categories.

(i) Classification

The Group's and/or the Company's financial assets are classified into one of the following measurement models:

- at amortised cost ("AC");
- at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") or
- at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

The classification adopted for each financial asset is based on how the Group and/or the Company manage the respective financial asset (i.e business model) and the contractual cashflow characteristics of the financial asset (collectively referred to as "mandatory classification").

A financial asset is measured at AC if the financial asset is held for the purpose of collecting contractual cashflows whereby the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specific dates, to cashflows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal outstanding.

A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if the financial asset is held for the purpose of both collecting the contractual cashflows and selling the financial asset whereby the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specific dates, to cashflows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal outstanding ("SPPI").

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL if it does not meet the conditions for the classifications under AC or FVOCI.

Business model assessment

The Group and/or the Company make an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way that the business is managed and information is provided to management.

- The stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and operation of those policies in practice, including whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realising cash flow through the sales of assets.
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Group's and/or the Company's management.
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within the business model) and how those risks are managed.
- how managers of the business are compensated - e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Financial assets (continued)

(i) Classification (continued)

Assessment on whether contractual cash flows are SPPI.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Group and/or the Company consider the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Group and/or the Company consider:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows.
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable-rate features.
- prepayment and extension features.
- terms that limit the Group's and/or the Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets - e.g. non-recourse features; and
- features that modify consideration of the time value of money- e.g. periodic reset of interest rates.

At 31 December 2025, the Group's and/or the Company's financial assets were classified as below.

Asset type	Group Classification*	Company Classification*
Malaysian Government Securities	FVOCI	-
Government Investment Issues	FVOCI	-
Corporate debt securities	FVOCI	-
Unit trusts	FVTPL	FVTPL
Controlled structured entities	-	FVTPL
Fixed and call deposits	AC	AC
Staff Loans	AC	AC
Other receivables**	AC	AC
Cash and bank balances	AC	AC

* mandatory classification. The Group and/or the Company did not designate any financial asset at FVTPL or FVOCI.

** excluding prepayments and Malaysian Motor Insurance Pool ("MMIP") balances.

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group and/or the Company commit to purchase or sell the assets. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group and/or the Company have transferred substantially all the risk and rewards of ownership.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Financial assets (continued)

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group and/or the Company measure a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset at AC or FVOCI, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVTPL are expensed in profit or loss. After initial recognition, the Group and/or the Company measure the financial asset in accordance with the measurement model applied at:

- Amortised cost (“AC”)

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount measured at initial recognition minus principal repayment, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between the initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any allowance for impairment or uncollectability. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and will be allocated over the relevant period of the financial asset in profit or loss.

On derecognition, the difference between the carrying amount (measured at the date of the derecognition) and the consideration received (net of costs to sell) shall be recognised in the profit or loss.

- Fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVOCI”)

The measurement for financial assets at FVOCI consists of hybrid treatment for fair value changes whereby interest income, impairment losses and foreign exchange gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss whilst all other gains or losses, including fair value gains or losses arising from changes in market interest rate shall be recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI).

Interest income and impairment losses are computed and recognised in the same manner as financial assets measured at AC.

On derecognition, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI shall be reclassified to profit or loss.

- Fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”)

Under the FVTPL model, the Group and/or the Company recognise changes in fair value of a financial asset as gains and losses in profit or loss. Interest income for debt instrument is recognised based on effective interest whilst the dividend distribution from the unit trusts is recognised as income when the unitholder’s right to receive the dividend is established, which is usually the date when the dividend distribution has been appropriately authorised.

On derecognition, the fair value measurement is recognised up to the date of derecognition. There will be no loss or gain if the financial asset is sold at fair value except that the transaction costs of selling, such as the brokers’ commissions, duties and charges will be recognised as expenses in profit or loss.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(h) Financial Liabilities

At initial recognition, the Group and/or the Company recognise its financial liabilities at fair value when the Group and/or the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost and is derecognised when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or has expired. A financial liability is also derecognised when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case, a new financial liability based on modified terms is recognised at fair value. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group and/or the Company currently have a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis only when it is required or permitted by a standard - e.g. gains and losses arising from a group of similar transactions such as the gains and losses on financial assets measured at FVTPL.

Fair value estimation

The Group's and/or the Company's basis of estimation of fair values for financial instruments is as follows:

- the fair values of Malaysian Government Securities and unquoted corporate debt securities are based on the indicative market prices;
- the fair values of unit trusts are based on quoted market prices; and
- the carrying amounts for other financial assets and liabilities with a maturity period of less than one year are assumed to approximate their fair values.

The Group and/or the Company subscribed to the Rated Bond Pricing Service of the Bond Pricing Agency Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. ("BPAM") for the fair values of the unquoted corporate debt securities.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Impairment of financial assets

The Group and/or the Company use the “expected loss model” for all financial assets that are subject to impairment whereby a loss allowance for expected credit losses will be recognised on financial assets measured at AC and FVOCI.

Expected credit losses (“ECL”) are an estimate of losses that the Group and/or the Company expect from a credit event, such as payment default and of which will be recognised from the point at which the financial assets are originated or purchased.

Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group and/or the Company expect to receive) over the remaining life of the financial asset. ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

There are 3 stages under the ECL model:

Stage 1: a 12-month loss allowance at initial recognition of the financial asset is recognised in profit or loss. This serves as a proxy for the initial expectations of credit losses. For financial assets that have not deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition, the loss allowance for 12-month ECL is maintained but updated for changes in amount at the reporting date.

Stage 2: If the credit risk increases significantly from when the Group and/or the Company originate or purchase the financial asset but do not have objective evidence of a credit loss event and the resulting credit quality is not considered to be low credit risk, full lifetime ECL are recognised. Lifetime credit losses are the ECL that result from all possible events over the life of the financial asset.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group and/or the Company consider reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group’s and/or the Company’s historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information, where available.

The Group and/or the Company consider debt instruments which are downgraded to below investment grade i.e. below BBB are considered to have a significant increase in credit risk.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

The Group and the Company compute ECL using the formula below:

Probability of Default ("PD") x Loss Given Default ("LGD") x Exposure at Default ("ED")

Where,

PD is the likelihood of the obligator will default on the obligation within 12 months.

LGD is the estimation of the extent of the loss if the obligation is defaulted.

ED is the expected amount of exposure at the point of default.

The Group and the Company subscribed to the MFRS 9 SaaS ("Software as a service") solution developed by BPAM in determining the Stage 1 and Stage 2 ECL.

Stage 3: If the credit risk of a financial asset increases to the point that is considered credit-impaired (that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date in which one or more events that have detrimental impact on the estimated future cashflows have occurred), lifetime ECL will continue to be recognised.

The Group and the Company may consider any of the following events as objective evidence of impairment:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower.
- A breach of contract, such as default or past due event.
- The lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider.
- It is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisations.
- The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.
- The purchase or origination of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects incurred credit losses.

ECL may be individually and/or collectively assessed. Financial assets in Stage 3 will generally be individually assessed.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be fully recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying value of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and the value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

The impairment loss is charged to profit or loss immediately unless it reverses the previous valuation in which case it is charged to the revaluation surplus. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. In respect of other assets, any subsequent increase in recoverable amount is recognised in profit or loss unless it reverses an impairment loss on a revalued asset in which case it is taken to revaluation surplus.

(k) Insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held

(i) Classification

Contracts under which the Group and the Company accept significant insurance risk are classified as insurance contracts. Contracts held by the Group and the Company under which they transfer significant insurance risk related to insurance contracts are classified as reinsurance contracts held. Insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held also expose the Group and the Company to financial risk.

Insurance contracts may be issued and reinsurance contracts held may be initiated by the Group and the Company, or they may be acquired in a business combination or in a transfer of contracts that do not form a business. All references in these accounting policies to 'insurance contracts' and 'reinsurance contracts held' include contracts issued, initiated or acquired by the Group and the Company, unless otherwise stated.

(ii) Separating components from insurance and reinsurance contracts held

The Group and the Company do not have insurance and reinsurance contracts held with embedded derivatives component, distinct investment component and distinct non-insurance services.

Packaged product issued as a single contract and comprising multiple risks or coverages is unbundled on risk level if there is no interdependency between the underlying risks (i.e. termination of one risk will not imply an auto termination of another risk) or if the components can be priced or sold separately. Any add-on coverage attached to base policy is not to be separated out as standalone contracts from principal policy.

The non-distinct investment components are not separated from the measurement of the liabilities for insurance contracts but are excluded from insurance revenue and insurance service expenses in the statement of profit or loss.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held (continued)

(iii) Aggregation and recognition of insurance and reinsurance contracts held

Insurance contracts

Insurance contracts are aggregated into groups for measurement purpose. Groups of insurance contracts are determined by identifying portfolio of insurance contracts, each comprising contracts subject to similar risk and managed together, and dividing each portfolio into annual cohorts and each annual cohort into three groups based on the profitability of contracts:

- any contracts that are onerous on initial recognition;
- any contracts that, on initial recognition, have no significant possibility of becoming onerous subsequently
- any remaining contracts in the annual cohort.

In determining the cohort time period, the Group and the Company define the cohort in accordance with the financial reporting year from 1 January to 31 December based on the policy effective date.

The Company's policy to assess the facts and circumstances of profitability groupings is to leverage on the expected combined ratio (consisting of risk adjustments) based on historical experience, pricing information and market environment factors. This assessment is performed at the initial recognition on annual basis. If the facts and circumstances indicate that a group is expected to be onerous, a loss component should be recognised in the statement of financial position and the corresponding loss should be recognised in profit or loss accordingly.

Contracts within a portfolio that would fall into different groups only because law or regulation specifically constrains the Group's and Company's practical ability to set a different price or level of benefits for policyholders with different characteristics are included in the same group.

Insurance contracts - initial recognition

An insurance contract issued by the Group and the Company are recognised from the earliest of:

- the beginning of its coverage period (i.e. period during which the Group and the Company provide services in respect of any premiums within the boundary of the contract);
- when the first payment from the policyholder becomes due or, if there is no contractual due date, when it is first received from the policyholder; and
- when facts and circumstances indicate that the contract is onerous

An insurance contract acquired in a transfer of contracts or a business combination is recognised on the date of acquisition.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held (continued)

(iii) Aggregation and recognition of insurance and reinsurance contracts held (continued)

When the contract is recognised, it is added to an existing group of contracts, or if the contract does not qualify for inclusion in an existing group, it forms a new group to which future contracts are added. Groups of contracts are established on initial recognition and their composition is not revised once all contracts have been added to the group.

Reinsurance contracts held

The Group and the Company classify the reinsurance contracts held portfolio based on the way it is managed or arranged, i.e. per risk or per group, as well as similar reinsurance type risk characteristics, i.e. proportional or non-proportional. Similar to the aggregation of insurance contracts, the reinsurance contracts held are classified into 3 groups: net gain, net loss or remaining contracts at initial recognition.

For per risk reinsurance contract (i.e. facultative reinsurance), the reinsurance contracts held are grouped consistently in the structure similar to the underlying direct insurance contracts cohort grouping.

In contrary, a reinsurance treaty contract may cover a single line of business or many different underlying classes of business. As the reinsurance contract is recognised as the lowest level of aggregation, the grouping of reinsurance treaty held is driven by type of reinsurance contract rather than underlying class of business exposure. Each reinsurance cohort group consists of one reinsurance contract.

Voluntary cession and auto facultative arrangement with Malaysian Reinsurance Berhad are regulated by Bank Negara Malaysia (“BNM”). The arrangement is based on underlying individual direct insurance contracts. Hence, they are grouped consistently in a structure similar to the underlying direct insurance contracts cohort grouping.

In determining the cohort time period, the Group and the Company define the cohort in accordance with the financial reporting year from 1 January to 31 December.

Reinsurance contracts held - initial recognition

A group of reinsurance contracts held is recognised on the following date:

- Reinsurance contracts held initiated by the Group and the Company that provide proportionate coverage: The date on which any underlying insurance contract is initially recognised. This applies to the Group and Company's quota share, voluntary cession and facultative reinsurance contracts held.
- Other reinsurance contracts held initiated by the Group and the Company: The beginning of the coverage period of the group of reinsurance contracts held. However, if the Group and the Company recognise an onerous group of underlying insurance contracts on an earlier date and the related reinsurance contracts held was entered into before that earlier date, then the group of reinsurance contracts held is recognised on that earlier date (see 'Reinsurance of onerous underlying insurance contracts' under 2(k)(v)). This applies to the Group and the Company's excess of loss and stop loss reinsurance contracts held.
- Reinsurance contracts held acquired: The date of acquisition.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held (continued)

(iv) Contract boundaries

Insurance contracts

The measurement of a group of contracts includes all of the future cash flows within the boundary of each contract in the group. Cash flows are within the boundary of a contract if they arise from substantive rights and obligations that exist during the reporting period under which the Group and the Company can compel the policyholder to pay premiums or have a substantive obligation to provide services.

A substantive obligation to provide services ends when:

- the Group and the Company have the practical ability to reassess the risks of the particular policyholder and can set a price or level of benefits that fully reflects those reassessed risks; or
- the Group and the Company have the practical ability to reassess the risks of the portfolio that contains the contract and can set a price or level of benefits that fully reflects the risks of that portfolio; and the pricing of the premiums for coverage up to the reassessment date does not take into account risks that relate to periods after the reassessment date.

The reassessment of risks considers only risks transferred from policyholders to the Group and Company, which may include both insurance and finance risks.

Reinsurance contracts held

Cash flows are within the contract boundary if they arise from substantive rights and obligations that exist during the reporting period in which the Group and Company are compelled to pay amounts to the reinsurer or has a substantive right to receive services from the reinsurer.

A substantive right to receive services from the reinsurer ends when the reinsurer:

- has the practical ability to reassess the risks transferred to it and can set a price or level of benefits that fully reflects those reassessed risks; or
- has substantive right to terminate the coverage

The contract boundary is reassessed at each reporting date to include any effect of changes in circumstances on the Group and Company's substantive rights and obligations and, therefore, may change over time.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held (continued)

(v) Measurement - Contracts measured under Premium Allocation Approach ("PAA")

Group of contracts measured under PAA contains short term contracts with coverage period of one or less than one year.

The Group and the Company generally use the PAA to simplify the measurement of groups of contracts on the following bases:

- insurance contracts: the coverage period of each contract in the group of contracts is one year or less;
- Loss occurring reinsurance contracts held: the coverage period of each contract in the group is one year or less; and
- Longer term insurance contracts and risk attaching reinsurance contracts held: the Group and the Company reasonably expect that the resulting measurement would not differ materially from the result of applying General Measurement model ("GMM").

The Group and the Company adopt PAA for the insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held that meet the eligibility criteria above.

Insurance contracts

On initial recognition of each group of contracts, the carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage is measured at the premiums received on initial recognition minus any insurance acquisition cash flows allocated to the group at that date, and adjusted for any amount arising from the derecognition of any assets or liabilities previously recognised for cash flows related to the group. The Group and Company have chosen not to expense insurance acquisition cash flows when they are incurred.

Subsequently, the carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage is increased by any premiums received and the amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows recognised as expenses, and decreased by the amount recognised as insurance revenue for coverage provided based on passage of time (see 2(k)(viii)) and any additional insurance acquisition cash flows allocated after initial recognition. On initial recognition of each group of contracts, the Group and the Company expect that the time between providing each part of the coverage and the related premium due date is no more than a year. Accordingly, the Group and the Company do not adjust the liability for remaining coverage to reflect the time value of money and the effect of financial risk.

The Group and the Company considered impairment of insurance receivables in the liability for remaining coverage based on the ageing of the debtors.

If at any time during the coverage period, facts and circumstances indicate that a group of contracts is onerous, then the Group and the Company recognise a loss in profit or loss and increase the liability for remaining coverage to the extent that the current estimates of the fulfilment cash flows that relate to remaining coverage (including the risk adjustments for non-financial risk) exceed the carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage. The fulfilment cash flows are adjusted for the time value of money and the effect of financial risk (using current estimates) if the liability for incurred claims is also adjusted for the time value of money and the effect of financial risk (see below).

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held (continued)

(v) Measurement - Contracts measured under PAA (continued)

The Group and the Company recognise the liability for incurred claims of a group of insurance contracts at the amount of the fulfilment cash flows relating to incurred claims. The fulfilment cash flows include risk adjustments for non-financial risk and they are discounted using current rates.

Risk adjustments for non-financial risk are determined based on confidence level method. The confidence level method involves estimation of probability distribution of the expected value of the future cash flows at each reporting date and calculates the risk adjustments for non-financial risk as the excess of the value at risk at the target confidence level over the expected value of the future cash flows. The target confidence level is set at 75th percentile.

The discount rates are determined using bottom-up approach. The Group and the Company generally determine the risk-free rates with reference to the Malaysian Government bond risk free yield curve and do not adjust for the illiquidity premium in view of the liquid nature of the insurance cash flows.

Reinsurance contracts held

The Group and the Company apply the same accounting policies to measure a group of reinsurance contracts held, adapted where necessary to reflect features that differ from those of insurance contracts.

On initial recognition of each group of reinsurance contracts held, the carrying amount of the asset for remaining coverage is measured at the premiums paid on initial recognition, adjusted for ceding commissions that are not contingent on claims.

Subsequently, the carrying amount of the asset for remaining coverage is increased by any premiums paid (net of ceding commissions) and decreased by the amount recognised as cost of reinsurance for services received based on passage of time. On initial recognition of each group of contracts, the Group and the Company expect that the time between providing each part of the coverage and the related reinsurance premium due date is no more than a year. Accordingly, the Group and the Company do not adjust the asset for remaining coverage to reflect the time value of money and the effect of financial risk.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held (continued)

(v) Measurement - Contracts measured under PAA (continued)

Reinsurance contracts held (continued)

At the initial recognition of the onerous component of the underlying insurance contracts, the Group and the Company recognise the reinsurance recovery of losses. The recognition of the loss recovery component is based on the reinsurance cession percentage. At the subsequent measurement, the loss recovery component will be adjusted to reflect changes in the loss component for the underlying onerous group of contracts.

The Group and the Company recognise the asset for incurred claims of a group of reinsurance contracts held at the amount of the fulfilment cash flows relating to incurred claims, adjusted for non-performance risk by reinsurers. The fulfilment cash flows include risk adjustments for non-financial risk, and they are discounted using current rates. The approach in determining the risk adjustments and discount rates is the same as the insurance contract groups.

(vi) Insurance contracts - modification and derecognition

The Group and the Company derecognise a contract when it is extinguished- i.e. when the specified obligations in the contract expire or are discharged or cancelled.

The Group and the Company also derecognise a contract if its terms are modified in a way that would have changed the accounting for the contract significantly had the new terms always existed, in which case a new contract based on the modified terms is recognised. If a contract modification does not result in derecognition, then the Group and the Company treat the changes in cash flows caused by the modification as changes in estimates of fulfilment cash flows.

(vii) Insurance acquisition cash flows

Insurance acquisition cash flows are allocated to groups of insurance contracts using a systematic and rational method and considering, in an unbiased way, all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort.

If insurance acquisition cash flows are directly attributable to a group of contracts (e.g. non-refundable commissions paid on issuance of a contract), then they are allocated to that group and to the groups that will include renewals of those contracts. The Group and Company expect to recover part of the related insurance acquisition cash flows through renewals of these contracts. The allocation to renewals is based on the manner in which the Group and Company expect to recover those cash flows.

If insurance acquisition cash flows are directly attributable to a portfolio but not to a group of contracts, then they are allocated to groups in the portfolio using a systematic and rational method.

The Group and Company currently do not have any assets for insurance acquisition cash flows arising before the recognition of the related group of contracts.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held (continued)

(viii) Presentation

Portfolios of insurance contracts that are assets and those that are liabilities, and portfolios of reinsurance contracts held that are assets and those that are liabilities, are presented separately in the statement of financial position.

The Group and Company disaggregate amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss and OCI into:

- an insurance service result, comprising insurance revenue and insurance service expenses, and
- insurance finance income or expenses.

Income and expenses from reinsurance contracts held are presented separately from income and expenses from insurance contracts. Income and expenses from reinsurance contracts held, other than insurance finance income or expenses, are presented on a net basis as 'net expenses from reinsurance contracts held' in the insurance service result.

The Group and the Company disaggregate changes in the risk adjustment for non-financial risk between the insurance service result and insurance finance income or expenses.

Insurance revenue and insurance service expenses excludes any investment components and is measured as follows:

Insurance revenue - Contracts measured under the PAA

For contracts measured under PAA, the insurance revenue for each period is the amount of expected premium receipts for providing coverage in the period. The Group and the Company allocate the expected premium receipts to each period based on passage of time.

Insurance service expenses

Insurance service expenses arising from insurance contracts are recognised in profit or loss generally as they are incurred. They comprise the following items:

- incurred claims and other insurance service expenses;
- amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows: the Group and the Company amortise insurance acquisition cash flows on a straight-line basis over the coverage period of the group of contracts;
- losses on onerous contracts and reversals of such losses; and
- adjustments to the liabilities for incurred claims that do not arise from the effects of the time value of money, financial risk and changes therein

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held (continued)

(viii) Presentation (continued)

Net expenses from reinsurance contracts held

Net expenses from reinsurance contracts held comprise reinsurance service expenses less amounts recovered from reinsurers.

The Group and the Company recognise reinsurance service expenses as it receives coverage or other services under groups of reinsurance contracts held.

For contracts measured under the PAA, the reinsurance service expenses for each period are the amount of expected premium payments for receiving coverage in the period.

For a group of reinsurance contracts held covering onerous underlying contracts, the Group and Company establish a loss-recovery component of the asset for remaining coverage to depict the recovery of losses recognised:

- on recognition of onerous underlying contracts, if the reinsurance contract held covering those contracts is entered into before or at the same time as those contracts are recognised; and
- for changes in fulfilment cash flows of the group of reinsurance contracts held relating to future services that result from changes in fulfilment cash flows of the onerous underlying contracts.

The loss-recovery component determines the amounts that are subsequently presented in profit or loss as reversals of recoveries of losses from the reinsurance contracts held and are excluded from the allocation of reinsurance premiums paid. It is adjusted to reflect changes in the loss component of the onerous group of underlying contracts, but it cannot exceed the portion of the loss component of the onerous group of underlying contracts that the Group and Company expect to recover from the reinsurance contracts held.

Insurance finance income and expenses

Insurance finance income and expenses comprise changes in the carrying amounts of groups of insurance and reinsurance contracts held arising from the effects of the time value of money, financial risk and changes therein, are allocated to a loss component and included in insurance service expenses (see 2(k)(viii)).

The Group and the Company disaggregate the recognition of insurance finance income and expenses for all contracts between the profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Insurance finance income and expenses recognised in profit or loss is computed based on locked in curve determined at initial recognition, except for PAA LIC where the yield curve at the end of each accident month is applied.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(l) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave and sick leave, bonuses and non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group and Company.

(ii) Post-employment benefits

The Group and the Company's contributions to the Employees' Provident Fund, the national defined contribution plan, are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group and the Company have no further payment obligations.

(m) Income taxes

Current tax expense is determined according to the tax laws of the jurisdiction in which the Group and the Company operate and includes all taxes based upon the taxable profits.

Deferred tax is recognised in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the amounts attributed to assets and liabilities for tax purposes and their carrying amount in the financial statements. However, deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses can be utilised.

Tax rates enacted or substantially enacted by the date of the statement of financial position are used to determine deferred tax and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(n) Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Group and the Company do not recognise a contingent liability but disclose its existence in the financial statements. A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group and the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in the extremely rare case where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group and Company. The Group and the Company do not recognise contingent assets but discloses their existence where inflows of economic benefits are probable, but not virtually certain.

(o) Dividends

Dividends are recognised as liabilities when the obligation to pay is established.

(p) Leases

Leases are recognised as right-of-use (“ROU”) assets and a corresponding liability at the date on which the leased asset is available for use by the Group and the Company (i.e. the commencement date).

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group and the Company allocate the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of properties for which the Group and the Company is a lessee, it has elected the practical expedient provided in MFRS 16 Leases not to separate lease and non-lease components. Both components are accounted for as a single lease component and payments for both components are included in the measurement of lease liability.

Lease term

In determining the lease term, the Group and the Company consider all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not to be terminated).

The Group and the Company reassess the lease term upon the occurrence of a significant event or change in circumstances that is within the control of the Group and the Company and affects whether the Group and the Company are reasonably certain to exercise an option not previously included in the determination of lease term, or not to exercise an option previously included in the determination of lease term. A revision in lease term results in re-measurement of the lease liabilities.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(p) Leases (continued)

ROU assets

ROU assets are initially measured at cost comprising the following:

- The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentive received;
- Any initial direct costs; and
- Decommissioning or restoration costs.

ROU assets that are not leasehold land and building are subsequently measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss (if any). The ROU assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group and the Company are reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the ROU asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life. In addition, the ROU assets are adjusted for certain re-measurement of the lease liabilities.

Leasehold land and building are subsequently shown at revalued amount, based on periodic valuation of at least once in every 5 years by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation and impairment losses. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset, and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Leasehold land and building are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease period of 42 years.

Surpluses arising from revaluation are credited to revaluation reserve via the statement of other comprehensive income. Any deficit arising from revaluation is charged against the revaluation reserve to the extent of a previous surplus held in the revaluation reserve for the same asset. In all other cases, a decrease in carrying amount is charged to profit or loss during the period in which they incur. On disposal of revalued assets, amounts in the revaluation reserve relating to the assets are transferred to retained earnings.

The Group and Company present ROU assets under property, plant and equipment in the statement of financial position.

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments include the following:

- Fixed payment (including in substance fixed payments), less any lease incentive receivable; and
- The exercise price of a purchase and extension options if the Group and the Company are reasonably certain to exercise that option.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(p) Leases (continued)

Lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group and the Company, the lessee's incremental borrowing is used. This is the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the ROU in a similar economic environment with similar term, security and conditions.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of liability for each period.

The Group and the Company present the lease liabilities under other payable in the statement of financial position. Interest expense on the lease liability is presented within finance costs in the income statement.

Short term leases and leases of low value assets

Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise office equipment. Payment associated with short-term leases and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line bases as an expense in profit or loss.

If a rent concession results from a lease modification, the Group and the Company account for the rent concession as either a new lease or as a remeasurement of an existing lease liability, depending on the criteria set in MFRS 16.

If a rent concession does not result from a lease modification, the Group and the Company account for the rent concession as a variable lease payment in the financial year in which the event or condition that triggers the reduced payment occurs.

(q) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group and the Company have a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, when it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and when a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

(r) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes. Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. It excludes deposits which are held for investment purpose.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Directors and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical judgements and estimates in applying the Group's and the Company's accounting policies

In determining and applying accounting policies, judgement is often required in respect of items where choice of specific policy could materially affect the reported results and financial position of the Group and the Company. Critical judgements applied in the Group's and Company's accounting policies are outlined below.

Insurance contract issued and reinsurance contracts held

Insurance risk is significant:

- only if there is a scenario that has commercial substance in which, on a present value basis, there is a possibility that an issuer could:
 - suffer a loss caused by the insured event; and
 - pay significant additional amounts beyond what would be paid if the insured event had not occurred.
- if the insured event is extremely unlikely to occur or even the expected probability-weighted present value of the contingent cash flows is a small proportion of the expected probability-weighted present value of the remaining cash flows from the insurance contract.
- only if there is a scenario that has commercial substance in which the issuer has a possibility of a loss on a present value basis. However, even if a reinsurance contracts held does not expose the issuer to the possibility of a significant loss, that contract is deemed to transfer significant insurance risk if it transfers to the reinsurer substantially all the insurance risk relating to the reinsured portions of the underlying insurance contracts.

Level of aggregation and onerous contracts

All insurance contracts are required to group according to three criterias which are portfolio, group and cohort. Certain extent of judgements and assumptions are required to determine portfolio and degree of profitability.

- Portfolio

Insurance contracts that are subject to similar risk and managed together are included within a portfolio. Generally, contracts in the same product line are included within same portfolio if they are managed together, and contracts in different product lines with dissimilar risks are included in different portfolios. Portfolios are identified according to appropriate aggregation keys:

- major line of business;
- risk exposure;
- individual/group contracts; or
- contracts that are managed together.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Critical estimates and judgements in applying the Group's and the Company's accounting policies (continued)

Insurance contract issued and reinsurance contracts held (continued)

• Group

A portfolio of insurance contracts issued is divided into a minimum of:

- a group of contracts that are onerous at initial recognition, if any;
- a group of contracts that at initial recognition have no significant possibility of becoming onerous subsequently, if any; and
- a group of the remaining contracts in the portfolio, if any.

The Group and Company determine the group of contracts by using reasonable and supportable information deriving from:

- the likelihood of changes in assumptions which, if they occurred, would result in the contracts becoming onerous
- estimates from internal reportings

Measurement model

All the contract groups with coverage period of one year or less are automatically eligible for PAA. For contract groups with coverage period of more than one year, the Group and Company will perform an assessment to determine whether each of these contract groups are eligible for PAA. This PAA eligibility assessment is performed annually for the groups of insurance contract and reinsurance contracts held.

The PAA eligibility assessment is performed at initial recognition using best estimate assumptions, i.e. base scenario. In addition, various stress scenarios are tested such as change in yield curve, expected loss ratio and expense ratio.

If the contract group's liability for remaining coverage ("LRC") difference between GMM and PAA at initial measurement under all these scenarios is below the materiality threshold, the contract group is deemed eligible for PAA measurement. That is, if the absolute difference in LRC between GMM and PAA as a % of total expected written premium is the accounting policy's threshold at the initial recognition, under both base and stress scenarios, then the contract group is deemed eligible for PAA.

For existing groups of contracts that have more than one year contract boundary, the Group and Company have carried out the PAA eligibility assessment and have concluded that the LRC produced using PAA is not materially different from that using GMM. As such, the Group and Company have opted to measure all contracts using PAA.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Critical estimates and judgements in applying the Group's and the Company's accounting policies (continued)

Insurance contract issued and reinsurance contracts held (continued)

Liability for incurred claims

The Group and Company estimate the ultimate cost of settling claims incurred but unpaid at the reporting date and the value of salvage and other expected recoveries by reviewing individual claims reported and making allowance for claims incurred but not yet reported. The ultimate cost of settling claims is estimated using a range of loss reserving techniques, generally based on a statistical analysis of historical experience which assumes an underlying pattern of claims development and payment.

The assumptions used, including loss ratios and future claims inflation, are implicitly derived from the historical claims development data on which the projections are based, although judgement is applied to assess the extent to which past trends might not apply in the future and future trends are expected to emerge.

Due to the fact that the ultimate cost of settling claims is dependent upon the outcome of future events such as the size of court awards, the attitudes of claimants towards settlement of their claims, and social and economic inflation, there is an inherent uncertainty in any estimate of ultimate cost estimates. As such, there is a limitation to the accuracy of those estimates. In fact, it is certain the actual future losses and loss adjustment expenses will not develop exactly as projected and may vary from the projections.

Risk adjustments for non-financial risk

Risk adjustments for non-financial risk are determined based on confidence level method. The confidence level method involves estimation of probability distribution of the expected value of the future cash flows at each reporting date and calculates the risk adjustments for non-financial risk as the excess of the value at risk at the target confidence level over the expected value of the future cash flows. The target confidence as at 31 December 2025 level is set at 75th percentile (2024: 75th percentile).

Discount rates

The discount rates are determined using bottom-up approach. The Group and the Company generally determine the risk-free rates with reference to the Malaysian Government bond risk free yield curve and do not adjust for the illiquidity premium in view of the liquid nature of the insurance cash flows.

The yield curves that were used to discount the fulfilment cash flows for insurance contracts and reinsurance contracts held are as follow:

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Current rates as at 31.12.2025	2.88%	3.24%	3.52%
Current rates as at 31.12.2024	3.28%	3.62%	3.81%

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The Group's and the Company's property, plant and equipment comprise owned and leased assets.

	<u>Group / Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u> RM'000	<u>2024</u> RM'000
Property, plant and equipment owned	26,542	24,453
Right-of-use ("ROU") assets	26,286	30,496
	<u>52,828</u>	<u>54,949</u>

Property, plant and equipment owned

	<u>Furniture and fittings</u> RM'000	<u>Motor vehicles</u> RM'000	<u>Office equipment and computers</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
<u>Group / Company</u>				
<u>Cost</u>				
At 1 January 2025	17,135	2,973	79,728	99,836
Additions	2,265	528	10,879	13,672
Disposals	-	(471)	-	(471)
Write-offs	(2)	-	(143)	(145)
At 31 December 2025	<u>19,398</u>	<u>3,030</u>	<u>90,464</u>	<u>112,892</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>				
At 1 January 2025	12,620	1,551	61,212	75,383
Charge for the financial year	2,168	519	8,806	11,493
Disposals	-	(381)	-	(381)
Write-offs	(2)	-	(143)	(145)
At 31 December 2025	<u>14,786</u>	<u>1,689</u>	<u>69,875</u>	<u>86,350</u>
<u>Net book value</u>				
At 31 December 2025	<u>4,612</u>	<u>1,341</u>	<u>20,589</u>	<u>26,542</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment owned (continued)

<u>Group / Company</u>	<u>Furniture and fittings</u> RM'000	<u>Motor vehicles</u> RM'000	<u>Office equipment and computers</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
<u>Cost</u>				
At 1 January 2024	15,444	2,964	67,361	85,769
Additions	1,691	1,419	12,445	15,555
Disposals	-	(1,410)	(21)	(1,431)
Write-offs	-	-	(57)	(57)
At 31 December 2024	17,135	2,973	79,728	99,836
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>				
At 1 January 2024	10,801	2,458	53,014	66,273
Charge for the financial year	1,819	503	8,276	10,598
Disposals	-	(1,410)	(21)	(1,431)
Write-offs	-	-	(57)	(57)
At 31 December 2024	12,620	1,551	61,212	75,383
<u>Net book value</u>				
At 31 December 2024	4,515	1,422	18,516	24,453

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Right-of-use (“ROU”) assets

	Leasehold land and building RM'000	Properties RM'000	Total RM'000
<u>Group / Company</u>			
<u>Valuation / Cost</u>			
At 1 January 2025	12,000	51,964	63,964
Additions	-	1,803	1,803
Termination / expiry	-	(2,074)	(2,074)
At 31 December 2025	12,000	51,693	63,693
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>			
At 1 January 2025	3,615	29,853	33,468
Charge for the financial year	349	5,566	5,915
Termination / expiry	-	(1,976)	(1,976)
At 31 December 2025	3,964	33,443	37,407
<u>Net book value</u>			
At 31 December 2025	8,036	18,250	26,286
<u>Group / Company</u>			
<u>Valuation / Cost</u>			
At 1 January 2024	12,000	49,442	61,442
Additions	-	5,001	5,001
Termination / expiry	-	(2,479)	(2,479)
At 31 December 2024	12,000	51,964	63,964
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>			
At 1 January 2024	3,265	25,587	28,852
Charge for the financial year	350	5,435	5,785
Termination / expiry	-	(1,169)	(1,169)
At 31 December 2024	3,615	29,853	33,468
<u>Net book value</u>			
At 31 December 2024	8,385	22,111	30,496

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Right-of-use (“ROU”) assets (continued)

	Group / Company	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000
Interest expense	1,310	1,362
Total cash outflow for leases	<u>7,023</u>	<u>6,592</u>

The Group and the Company leased various offices and premises. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 2 to 5 years (2024: 2 to 5 years) but may have extension options.

The Group and the Company have included the extension options in the measurement of the ROU assets and lease liabilities. These terms are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing contracts.

5 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Group / Company	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000
Cost:		
At 1 January / 31 December	<u>179,943</u>	<u>179,943</u>

Goodwill of the Group and Company arose from the business acquisitions of Amanah General Insurance (M) Bhd (“AGIB”), Asia Insurance (M) Bhd (“AIMB”) and MUI Continental Insurance Berhad (“MUI”) in 2002, 2007 and 2012 respectively. As at 31 December 2025, the carrying amount of goodwill arising from the business acquisitions of AGIB, AIMB and MUI remained at RM13,666,666 (2024: RM13,666,666), RM13,263,065 (2024: RM13,263,065) and RM153,013,485 (2024: RM153,013,485) respectively.

Goodwill has been allocated to the cash generating unit (“CGU”), being the combined general insurance business as a whole. The recoverable amount of the CGU is determined using value-in-use calculation. This calculation uses pre-tax cashflow projections derived from approved financial budgets covering a period of three (3) years from 2026 to 2028 (2024: 3 years from 2025 to 2027). The financial budgets have been prepared based on reasonable and supportable assumptions, which include the considerations of historical performance, market developments as well as the Group’s and Company’s own future business strategies. The calculation of the value-in-use has been probability-weighted, which takes into account the possible variations in the amount and timing of the future cashflows. Cashflows beyond 3-year period are extrapolated using estimated perpetual growth rate considering the long term Gross Domestic Product growth outlook for the country.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

5 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The key assumptions used in the value-in-use calculation are as follows:

- (a) Premium growth rates of 3.9% - 5.6% for 2026 - 2028 (2024: 5.5% - 5.8% for 2025 - 2027) have been projected on the basis of management's expectations of market developments taking into account the business plan which reflect synergies arising from integration of the business acquired with existing business of the Group and the Company. The premium growth rates are consistent with the forecasts included in industry reports, adjusted with the trends and expectations of the Group's and Company's business.
- (b) Loss ratios of 51.5% - 52.0% (2024: 51.9% - 52.2%) have been projected having considered management's strategy for premium growth as well as past developments with respect to loss development patterns. The loss ratios are expected to remain at the existing levels.
- (c) A discount rate of 10% (2024: 10%) used is pre-tax and reflects the general insurance industry's overall weighted average cost of capital.
- (d) Terminal value is estimated based on perpetual margin growth rate of 3.0% (2024: 3.0%) per annum.

The loss ratios for 2026 - 2028 and the recoverable amount of the CGU are calculated based on the measurement models under MFRS 17, "Insurance Contracts".

The recoverable amount of the CGU is estimated to be RM3,242,000,000 (2024: RM3,085,000,000).

The Group and the Company have performed a sensitivity analysis on the key assumptions and believe that there is no reasonably possible change in the key assumptions that could cause the recoverable amount to be below its carrying amount.

6 FINANCIAL ASSETS: FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

The Group and the Company invested in Aiiman Government Sukuk Fund ("Aiiman Fund") on 21 August 2025 with an amount of RM10 million and holding 29% as at 31 December 2025.

The Group and the Company invested in Nomura i-Income Fund 2 ("Nomura Fund") on 15 October 2021 with an amount of RM40 million and holding 50% as at 31 December 2025 (2024: 54.0%) of the Fund.

According to MFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements, an investor, regardless of the nature of its involvement with an entity (the investee), shall determine whether it is exposed, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Thus, an investor controls an investee if and only if the investor has all the following:

- a) Power over the investee;
- b) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- c) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investors' returns.

The Group does not fulfill these criteria based on their assessment of these 2 funds, hence does not consolidate Nomura Fund and Aiiman Fund in the Group's financial statements as at 31 December 2025.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

6 FINANCIAL ASSETS: FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

According to MFRS 128 - Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures, associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

The Group does not have significant influence and thus not apply equity method for its interest in Nomura Fund and Aiiman Fund as an associate.

	<u>Group</u>		<u>Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
<u>Fair value</u>				
Unit trusts	91,192	80,694	91,192	80,694
Controlled structured entities (Note 8)	-	-	2,448,779	2,176,940
	<u>91,192</u>	<u>80,694</u>	<u>2,539,971</u>	<u>2,257,634</u>
Non-current	<u>91,192</u>	<u>80,694</u>	<u>2,539,971</u>	<u>2,257,634</u>

Carrying values of financial assets

	<u>Group</u>	<u>Company</u>
	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2025	80,694	2,257,634
Purchases	10,000	250,000
Fair value gains recorded in income statements (Note 20)	498	32,337
At 31 December 2025	<u>91,192</u>	<u>2,539,971</u>
At 1 January 2024	80,062	2,050,641
Purchase	-	200,000
Fair value gains recorded in income statements (Note 20)	632	6,993
At 31 December 2024	<u>80,694</u>	<u>2,257,634</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

6 FINANCIAL ASSETS: FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Fair value of financial assets

	<u>Level 1</u> RM'000	<u>Level 2</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
<u>Group</u>			
<u>31 December 2025</u>			
Unit trusts	<u>91,192</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>91,192</u>
<u>Company</u>			
<u>31 December 2025</u>			
Unit trusts	91,192	-	91,192
Controlled structured entities	<u>2,448,779</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,448,779</u>
	<u>2,539,971</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,539,971</u>
<u>Group</u>			
<u>31 December 2024</u>			
Unit trusts	<u>80,694</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>80,694</u>
<u>Company</u>			
<u>31 December 2024</u>			
Unit trusts	80,694	-	80,694
Controlled structured entities	<u>2,176,940</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,176,940</u>
	<u>2,257,634</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,257,634</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

7 FINANCIAL ASSETS: FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Group		Company	
	<u>2025</u> RM'000	<u>2024</u> RM'000	<u>2025</u> RM'000	<u>2024</u> RM'000
<u>Fair value</u>				
Malaysian Government Securities	127,249	179,506	-	-
Government Investment Issues	130,469	148,232	-	-
Corporate debt securities:				
Unquoted	<u>2,185,547</u>	<u>1,871,376</u>	-	-
	<u>2,443,265</u>	<u>2,199,114</u>	-	-
<u>Accrued interest income</u>				
Malaysian Government Securities	716	899	-	-
Government Investment Issues	1,259	1,260	-	-
Corporate debt securities:				
Unquoted	<u>23,855</u>	<u>20,147</u>	-	-
	<u>25,830</u>	<u>22,306</u>	-	-
	<u>2,469,095</u>	<u>2,221,420</u>	-	-
Current	91,894	45,274	-	-
Non-current	<u>2,377,201</u>	<u>2,176,146</u>	-	-
	<u>2,469,095</u>	<u>2,221,420</u>	-	-

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

**7 FINANCIAL ASSETS: FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(CONTINUED)**

	<u>Group</u> RM'000	<u>Company</u> RM'000
At 1 January 2025	2,221,420	-
Purchases	756,806	-
Disposals	(530,577)	-
Amortisation of premiums	(2,780)	-
Fair value gains recorded in:		-
Other comprehensive income	26,706	-
Movement in investment income due and accrued	(2,480)	-
At 31 December 2025	<u>2,469,095</u>	<u>-</u>
At 1 January 2024	1,923,078	-
Purchases	716,349	-
Disposals	(412,652)	-
Amortisation of premiums	(1,414)	-
Fair value losses recorded in:		-
Other comprehensive income	(676)	-
Movement in investment income due and accrued	(3,265)	-
At 31 December 2024	<u>2,221,420</u>	<u>-</u>

Fair value of financial assets

	<u>Level 1</u> RM'000	<u>Level 2</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
<u>Group</u>			
<u>31 December 2025</u>			
Malaysian Government Securities	-	127,965	127,965
Government Investment Issues	-	131,728	131,728
Corporate debt securities	-	2,209,402	2,209,402
	<u>-</u>	<u>2,469,095</u>	<u>2,469,095</u>
<u>31 December 2024</u>			
Malaysian Government Securities	-	180,405	180,405
Government Investment Issues	-	149,492	149,492
Corporate debt securities	-	1,891,523	1,891,523
	<u>-</u>	<u>2,221,420</u>	<u>2,221,420</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

7 FINANCIAL ASSETS: FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED)

There were no investments held by the Group and the Company that were classified under Level 3 as at 31 December 2025 (2024: Nil).

Level 1

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are therefore classified within Level 1, include collective investment scheme. The Group and the Company do not adjust the quoted prices for these instruments.

Level 2

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. These include unquoted fixed income securities.

Level 3

Investments classified within Level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they trade infrequently. Level 3 instruments include private non-quoted securities. As observable prices are not available for those securities, valuation techniques are used to derive the fair value. There were no investments valued using this basis during the financial year.

There were no transfers of financial assets between levels during the financial year.

8 CONTROLLED STRUCTURED ENTITIES

The Company has determined that its investment in wholesale unit trust funds amounting to RM2,448,779,000 (2024: RM2,176,940,000) as investment in structured entities ("investee funds"). The Company invests in the investee funds whose objectives range from achieving medium to long-term capital growth and whose investment strategy does not include the use of leverage. The investee funds are managed by Opus Asset Management Sdn Bhd and AHAM Capital Asset Management Berhad. The investee funds apply various investment strategies to accomplish their respective investment objectives. The investee funds finance their operations through the creation of investee fund units which entitles the holder to variable returns and fair values in the respective investee fund's net assets.

The Company holds 100% of Opus Income Fund, 90.39% of Opus Low Risk Asset Fund and 100% of AHAM Income Fund 6 as at 31 December 2025 (2024: 100% of Opus Income Fund, 90.63% of Opus Low Risk Asset Fund and 100% of AHAM Income Fund 6). All funds were established in Malaysia, and the Company has control over these investee funds.

The Company is exposed to, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

All funds are audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT.

The Group consider the total expected cash flows from the unit trust funds injected by non-controlling interest will not be substantially affect the profit or loss or change in net assets of the whole group, but rather will be a subset of the Group. Cash flows attributable to the non-controlling interest are based on percentage of their unit holdings of the unit trust funds. The non-controlling interest will not have the effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return attributable to the Group.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

8 CONTROLLED STRUCTURED ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

The Company's exposure to investments in the investee funds is disclosed below.

	<u>2025</u> RM	<u>2024</u> RM
Number of wholesale unit trust fund	3	3
Average net asset value per unit of wholesale unit trust funds:		
Opus Income Fund	1.0266	1.0145
Opus Low Risk Asset Fund	1.0367	1.0198
AHAM Income Fund 6	1.0485	1.0345
	RM'000	RM'000
Fair value of underlying net assets:		
Corporate debt securities	2,469,096	2,221,420
Deposits with licensed financial institutions	72,090	44,735
Cash equivalents	1,035	61
Payables	(557)	(469)
Capital commitment from non-controlling interest	(92,885)	(88,808)
	<u>2,448,779</u>	<u>2,176,939</u>
Total fair value gains incurred for the financial year	<u>31,839</u>	<u>6,360</u>

The Company's maximum exposure to loss from its interests in the investee funds is equal to the fair value of its investment in the investee funds.

As the Company has control over these investee funds which are considered controlled structured entities, these structured entities are consolidated at Group level. The underlying assets of these structured entities have taken duly consolidated as shown in Notes 6 and 7 to the financial statements.

9 REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS

	<u>Group / Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u> RM'000	<u>2024</u> RM'000
Voluntary Cession and Auto Facultative	55,752	66,157
Facultative	84,298	143,226
Proportional Treaty	153,910	184,546
Non-Proportional Treaty	54,929	62,655
	<u>348,889</u>	<u>456,584</u>
Current	215,008	260,321
Non-current	133,881	196,263
	<u>348,889</u>	<u>456,584</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

9 REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The following reconciliations show how the carrying amounts of reinsurance contracts changed during the year as a result of cash flows and amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Voluntary Cession and Auto Facultative

Reconciliation of the remaining coverage and incurred claims components

	31.12.2025				
<u>Group / Company</u>	Asset for remaining coverage		Asset for incurred claims ("AIC")		Total RM'000
	Excluding loss recovery component RM'000	Loss recovery component RM'000	Estimate of the present value of future cash flows RM'000	Risk adjustment for non-financial risk RM'000	
Opening assets	6,672	2,133	51,427	5,925	66,157
Changes in the statements of income and OCI					
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(31,648)	-	-	-	(31,648)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers					
Recoveries of incurred claims and other insurance service expenses	-	-	30,066	2,292	32,358
Income on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts and reversal of loss recovery component	-	(89)	-	-	(89)
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims	-	-	(9,211)	(2,307)	(11,518)
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-
	-	(89)	20,855	(15)	20,751
Investment components	-	-	-	-	-
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(31,648)	(89)	20,855	(15)	(10,897)
Net finance income from reinsurance contracts	-	442	1,618	194	2,254
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(31,648)	353	22,473	179	(8,643)
Cash flows					
Premium paid net of ceding commissions	32,000	-	-	-	32,000
Claims recoveries received	-	-	(33,762)	-	(33,762)
Total cash flows	32,000	-	(33,762)	-	(1,762)
Closing assets	7,024	2,486	40,138	6,104	55,752

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

9 REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Facultative

Reconciliation of the remaining coverage and incurred claims components

	31.12.2025				
<u>Group / Company</u>	Asset for remaining coverage		Asset for incurred claims ("AIC")		Total RM'000
	Excluding loss recovery component RM'000	Loss recovery component RM'000	Estimate of the present value of future cash flows RM'000	Risk adjustment for non-financial risk RM'000	
Opening assets	16,424	4,944	108,806	13,052	143,226
Changes in the statements of income and OCI					
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(53,862)	-	-	-	(53,862)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers					
Recoveries of incurred claims and other insurance service expenses	-	-	24,700	2,454	27,154
Income on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts and reversal of loss recovery component	-	(197)	-	-	(197)
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims	-	-	(48,301)	(8,645)	(56,946)
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers	-	-	159	-	159
	-	(197)	(23,442)	(6,191)	(29,830)
Investment components	-	-	-	-	-
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(53,862)	(197)	(23,442)	(6,191)	(83,692)
Net finance income from reinsurance contracts	-	1,235	2,649	321	4,205
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(53,862)	1,038	(20,793)	(5,870)	(79,487)
Cash flows					
Premium paid net of ceding commissions	54,886	-	-	-	54,886
Claims recoveries received	-	-	(34,327)	-	(34,327)
Total cash flows	54,886	-	(34,327)	-	20,559
Closing assets	17,448	5,982	53,686	7,182	84,298

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

9 REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Proportional Treaty

Reconciliation of the remaining coverage and incurred claims components

	31.12.2025				
<u>Group / Company</u>	Asset for remaining coverage		Asset for incurred claims		Total RM'000
	Excluding loss recovery component RM'000	Loss recovery component RM'000	Estimate of the present value of future cash flows RM'000	Risk adjustment for non-financial risk RM'000	
Opening assets	(29,260)	2,683	185,394	25,729	184,546
Changes in the statements of income and OCI					
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(108,129)	-	-	-	(108,129)
Amounts recoverable from Reinsurers					
Recoveries of incurred claims and other insurance service expenses	-	-	68,988	7,547	76,535
Income on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts and reversal of loss recovery component	-	861	-	-	861
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims	-	-	(38,621)	(14,424)	(53,045)
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers	-	-	99	-	99
	-	861	30,466	(6,877)	24,450
Investment components	(229)	-	229	-	-
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(108,358)	861	30,695	(6,877)	(83,679)
Net finance income from reinsurance contracts	-	451	5,716	796	6,963
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(108,358)	1,312	36,411	(6,081)	(76,716)
Cash flows					
Premium paid net of ceding commissions	104,711	-	-	-	104,711
Claims recoveries received	-	-	(58,631)	-	(58,631)
Total cash flows	104,711	-	(58,631)	-	46,080
Closing assets	(32,907)	3,995	163,174	19,648	153,910

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

9 REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Non-Proportional Treaty

Reconciliation of the remaining coverage and incurred claims components

	31.12.2025				
<u>Group / Company</u>	Asset for remaining coverage		Asset for incurred claims		Total RM'000
	Excluding loss recovery component RM'000	Loss recovery component RM'000	Estimate of the present value of future cash flows RM'000	Risk adjustment for non-financial risk RM'000	
Opening assets	(9,678)	-	65,001	7,332	62,655
Changes in the statements of income and OCI					
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(44,809)	-	-	-	(44,809)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers					
Recoveries of incurred claims and other insurance service expenses	-	-	13,592	1,441	15,033
Income on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts and reversal of loss recovery component	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims	-	-	(11,361)	(2,172)	(13,533)
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers	-	-	19	-	19
	-	-	2,250	(731)	1,519
Investment components	-	-	-	-	-
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(44,809)	-	2,250	(731)	(43,290)
Net finance income from reinsurance contracts	-	-	1,906	218	2,124
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(44,809)	-	4,156	(513)	(41,166)
Cash flows					
Premium paid net of ceding commissions	47,205	-	-	-	47,205
Claims recoveries received	-	-	(13,765)	-	(13,765)
Total cash flows	47,205	-	(13,765)	-	33,440
Closing assets	(7,282)	-	55,392	6,819	54,929

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

9 REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Voluntary Cession and Auto Facultative

Reconciliation of the remaining coverage and incurred claims components

	31.12.2024				
<u>Group / Company</u>	Asset for remaining coverage		Asset for incurred claims ("AIC")		Total RM'000
	Excluding loss recovery component RM'000	Loss recovery component RM'000	Estimate of the present value of future cash flows RM'000	Risk adjustment for non-financial risk RM'000	
Opening assets	6,114	1,942	51,590	6,041	65,687
Changes in the statements of income and OCI					
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(29,221)	-	-	-	(29,221)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers					
Recoveries of incurred claims and other insurance service expenses	-	-	30,589	2,557	33,146
Income on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts and reversal of loss recovery component	-	(190)	-	-	(190)
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims	-	-	(14,164)	(2,848)	(17,012)
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers	-	-	1	-	1
	-	(190)	16,426	(291)	15,945
Investment components	-	-	-	-	-
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(29,221)	(190)	16,426	(291)	(13,276)
Net finance income from reinsurance contracts	-	381	1,445	175	2,001
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(29,221)	191	17,871	(116)	(11,275)
Cash flows					
Premium paid net of ceding commissions	29,779	-	-	-	29,779
Claims recoveries received	-	-	(18,034)	-	(18,034)
Total cash flows	29,779	-	(18,034)	-	11,745
Closing assets	6,672	2,133	51,427	5,925	66,157

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

9 REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Facultative

Reconciliation of the remaining coverage and incurred claims components

	31.12.2024				
<u>Group / Company</u>	Asset for remaining coverage		Asset for incurred claims		Total RM'000
	Excluding loss recovery component	Loss recovery component	Estimate of the present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Opening assets	10,880	4,919	187,419	24,009	227,227
Changes in the statements of income and OCI					
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(47,613)	-	-	-	(47,613)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers					
Recoveries of incurred claims and other insurance service expenses	-	-	23,295	2,267	25,562
Income on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts and reversal of loss recovery component	-	(922)	-	-	(922)
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims	-	-	(45,331)	(13,772)	(59,103)
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers	-	-	257	-	257
	-	(922)	(21,779)	(11,505)	(34,206)
Investment components	-	-	-	-	-
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(47,613)	(922)	(21,779)	(11,505)	(81,819)
Net finance income from reinsurance contracts	-	947	4,371	548	5,866
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(47,613)	25	(17,408)	(10,957)	(75,953)
Cash flows					
Premium paid net of ceding commissions	53,157	-	-	-	53,157
Claims recoveries received	-	-	(61,205)	-	(61,205)
Total cash flows	53,157	-	(61,205)	-	(8,048)
Closing assets	16,424	4,944	108,806	13,052	143,226

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

9 REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Proportional Treaty

Reconciliation of the remaining coverage and incurred claims components.

	31.12.2024				
	Asset for remaining coverage		Asset for incurred claims		
<u>Group / Company</u>	Excluding loss recovery component	Loss recovery component	Estimate of the present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Opening assets	(25,319)	2,290	164,292	20,992	162,255
Changes in the statements of income and OCI					
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(98,470)	-	-	-	(98,470)
Amounts recoverable from Reinsurers					
Recoveries of incurred claims and other insurance service expenses	-	-	102,730	14,329	117,059
Income on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts and reversal of loss recovery component	-	38	-	-	38
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims	-	-	(48,018)	(10,263)	(58,281)
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers	-	-	52	-	52
	-	38	54,764	4,066	58,868
Investment components	(242)	-	242	-	-
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(98,712)	38	55,006	4,066	(39,602)
Net finance income from reinsurance contracts	-	355	5,022	671	6,048
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(98,712)	393	60,028	4,737	(33,554)
Cash flows					
Premium paid net of ceding commissions	94,771	-	-	-	94,771
Claims recoveries received	-	-	(38,926)	-	(38,926)
Total cash flows	94,771	-	(38,926)	-	55,845
Closing assets	(29,260)	2,683	185,394	25,729	184,546

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

9 REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Non-Proportional Treaty

Reconciliation of the remaining coverage and incurred claims components.

	31.12.2024				
<u>Group / Company</u>	Asset for remaining coverage		Asset for incurred claims		Total RM'000
	Excluding loss recovery component RM'000	Loss recovery component RM'000	Estimate of the present value of future cash flows RM'000	Risk adjustment for non-financial risk RM'000	
Opening assets	(12,367)	-	52,718	5,220	45,571
Changes in the statements of income and OCI					
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(48,751)	-	-	-	(48,751)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers					
Recoveries of incurred claims and other insurance service expenses	-	-	31,633	4,045	35,678
Income on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts and reversal of loss recovery component	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims	-	-	(3,583)	(2,142)	(5,725)
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers	-	-	(57)	-	(57)
	-	-	27,993	1,903	29,896
Investment components	-	-	-	-	-
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(48,751)	-	27,993	1,903	(18,855)
Net finance income from reinsurance contracts	-	-	1,813	209	2,022
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(48,751)	-	29,806	2,112	(16,833)
Cash flows					
Premium paid net of ceding commissions	51,440	-	-	-	51,440
Claims recoveries received	-	-	(17,523)	-	(17,523)
Total cash flows	51,440	-	(17,523)	-	33,917
Closing assets	(9,678)	-	65,001	7,332	62,655

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

10 **FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

	Group		Company	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
i) Amortised cost				
Fixed and call deposit with licensed financial institutions	799,626	748,128	727,536	703,393
Staff loans	52	78	52	78
Knock-for-knock claims recoveries	1,365	640	1,365	640
Other receivables *	5,165	4,848	5,165	4,848
	<u>806,208</u>	<u>753,694</u>	<u>734,118</u>	<u>708,959</u>
ii) Prepayments	12,061	11,656	12,061	11,656
iii) Assets held under the Malaysian Motor Insurance Pool (MMIP)**	35,678	36,579	35,678	36,579
	<u>47,739</u>	<u>48,235</u>	<u>47,739</u>	<u>48,235</u>
	<u>853,947</u>	<u>801,929</u>	<u>781,857</u>	<u>757,194</u>

The fair values of deposits approximate their carrying amounts due to their relatively short maturity period.

The fair values of staff loans are established by comparing current market interest rates for similar financial instruments to the rates offered when the loans were first recognised together with appropriate market credits adjustments.

The fair values of other receivables approximate their carrying amounts.

* Other receivables includes lease receivable of RM1,412,000 (2024: RM1,059,000).

	Group / Company	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000
Interest income	61	61
Total cash inflow for leases	518	705

The Group and the Company leased certain premises on behalf of the penultimate holding company.

** MMIP as at 31 December 2025 is a net receivable of RM25,966,000 (2024: RM25,547,000) after setting off the amounts receivable from MMIP against the Company's share of MMIP's insurance contract liabilities included in Note 15 to the financial statements.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

11 SHARE CAPITAL

	<u>Group / Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000
Ordinary share issued and fully paid:		
At 1 January / 31 December	<u>403,471</u>	<u>403,471</u>

12 RETAINED EARNINGS

Pursuant to Section 51(1) of the Financial Services Act, 2013, the Company is required to obtain Bank Negara Malaysia's written approval prior to declaring or paying any dividend. Pursuant to the Risk Based Capital framework ("RBC") for Insurers, the Company shall not pay dividends if its Capital Adequacy Ratio position is less than its internal target capital level or if the payment of dividends would impair its Capital Adequacy Ratio position to below its internal target.

13 OTHER RESERVES

	<u>Group</u>		<u>Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
<u>Revaluation reserve</u>				
At 1 January / 31 December	<u>7,196</u>	<u>7,196</u>	<u>7,196</u>	<u>7,196</u>
<u>Insurance finance reserve</u>				
At 1 January	(2,921)	(2,523)	(2,921)	(2,523)
Movement during the financial year	<u>(3,353)</u>	<u>(398)</u>	<u>(3,353)</u>	<u>(398)</u>
At 31 December	<u>(6,274)</u>	<u>(2,921)</u>	<u>(6,274)</u>	<u>(2,921)</u>
<u>FVOCI reserve</u>				
At 1 January	(17,454)	(11,368)	-	-
Fair value gains/(loss) arising during the financial year	26,706	(676)	-	-
Tax impact on fair value gains	(7,623)	(1,517)	-	-
Write back of impairment transferred to income statements	(77)	(46)	-	-
Net realised gain transferred to income statements	<u>(8,384)</u>	<u>(3,847)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
At 31 December	<u>(6,832)</u>	<u>(17,454)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>(5,910)</u>	<u>(13,179)</u>	<u>922</u>	<u>4,275</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

14 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same tax authority.

The deferred tax balances of the Group and the Company after appropriate offsetting are as follows:

	<u>Group</u>		<u>Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u> RM'000	<u>2024</u> RM'000	<u>2025</u> RM'000	<u>2024</u> RM'000
Deferred tax liabilities	<u>(23,445)</u>	<u>(21,529)</u>	<u>(23,445)</u>	<u>(21,529)</u>
<u>Subject to income tax</u>				
Deferred tax assets (before offsetting)				
- Right-of-use assets	5,584	4,722	5,584	4,722
- Other receivables	-	74	-	74
- Other payables	<u>8,502</u>	<u>5,679</u>	<u>8,502</u>	<u>5,679</u>
	14,086	10,475	14,086	10,475
Offsetting	<u>(14,086)</u>	<u>(10,475)</u>	<u>(14,086)</u>	<u>(10,475)</u>
Deferred tax assets (after offsetting)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred tax liabilities (before offsetting)				
- Property, plant and equipment	2,955	2,543	2,955	2,543
- Financial assets at FVTPL	334	214	16,248	8,487
- Financial assets at FVOCI	15,914	8,273	-	-
- Reinsurance contract assets	10,078	9,128	10,078	9,128
- Insurance contract liabilities	8,148	11,846	8,148	11,846
- Other receivables	<u>102</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>102</u>	<u>-</u>
	37,531	32,004	37,531	32,004
Offsetting	<u>(14,086)</u>	<u>(10,475)</u>	<u>(14,086)</u>	<u>(10,475)</u>
Deferred tax liabilities (after offsetting)	<u>23,445</u>	<u>21,529</u>	<u>23,445</u>	<u>21,529</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

14 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The movements in deferred tax balances during the year are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January	(21,529)	(19,465)	(21,529)	(19,465)
Credited/(charged) to income statements (Note 25)				
- Property, plant and equipment	(412)	(1,272)	(412)	(1,272)
- Right-of-use assets	862	1,139	862	1,139
- Financial assets at FVTPL	(120)	(151)	(7,761)	(1,678)
- Financial assets at FVOCI	(18)	(10)	-	-
- Reinsurance contract assets	(671)	(1,519)	(671)	(1,519)
- Insurance contract liabilities	2,360	(1,011)	2,360	(1,011)
- Other receivables	(176)	70	(176)	70
- Other payables	2,823	2,081	2,823	2,081
	4,648	(673)	(2,975)	(2,190)
(Charged)/credited to equity:				
- Financial assets at FVOCI	(7,623)	(1,517)	-	-
- Reinsurance contract assets	(279)	20	(279)	20
- Insurance contract liabilities	1,338	106	1,338	106
	(6,564)	(1,391)	1,059	126
At 31 December	(23,445)	(21,529)	(23,445)	(21,529)

The Group is in the scope of the Pillar Two Model Rules as stated in Note 25. It is unclear if the Pillar Two model rules create additional temporary differences, whether to remeasure deferred taxes for the Pillar Two model rules and which tax rate to use to measure deferred taxes. In response to this uncertainty, on 23 May 2023, the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board issued International Tax Reform-Pillar Two Model Rules (Amendments to MFRS 112 Income Taxes) which introduced a mandatory temporary exception to the requirements of MFRS 112 where entities neither recognise nor disclose information about deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes. The Group accordingly applied this temporary exception for the financial year ended 31 December 2025.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

15 INSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES

	<u>Group / Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000
Fire	274,929	360,942
Motor	1,284,923	1,167,659
Marine	75,523	72,762
Others	410,778	410,344
	<u>2,046,153</u>	<u>2,011,707</u>
Current	1,446,113	1,402,764
Non-current	600,040	608,943
	<u>2,046,153</u>	<u>2,011,707</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

15 **INSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)**

The following reconciliations show how the carrying amounts of insurance contracts changed during the year as a result of cash flows and amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Fire

Reconciliation of the remaining coverage and incurred claims components

<u>Group / Company</u>	31.12.2025				
	LRC		LIC		Total RM'000
	Excluding loss component RM'000	Loss component RM'000	Estimate of the present value of future cash flows RM'000	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk RM'000	
Opening liabilities	71,997	-	256,086	32,859	360,942
Changes in the statements of income and OCI					
Insurance revenue	(326,311)	-	-	-	(326,311)
Insurance service expenses					
Incurred claims and other insurance service expenses	-	-	175,050	12,855	187,905
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	64,763	-	-	-	64,763
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments to liabilities for incurred claims	-	-	(103,355)	(23,809)	(127,164)
	64,763	-	71,695	(10,954)	125,504
Investment components	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance service result	(261,548)	-	71,695	(10,954)	(200,807)
Net finance expenses from insurance contracts	-	-	8,477	1,008	9,485
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(261,548)	-	80,172	(9,946)	(191,322)
Cash flows					
Premium received	328,602	-	-	-	328,602
Claims and other insurance service expenses paid	-	-	(154,974)	-	(154,974)
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(66,227)	-	-	-	(66,227)
Total cash flows	262,375	-	(154,974)	-	107,401
Transfer to other payables in the statements of financial position	-	-	(2,092)	-	(2,092)
Closing liabilities	72,824	-	179,192	22,913	274,929

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

15 INSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Motor

Reconciliation of the remaining coverage and incurred claims components

<u>Group / Company</u>	LRC		LIC		31.12.2025
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Estimate of the present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Opening liabilities	362,232	73,639	656,685	75,103	1,167,659
Changes in the statements of income and OCI					
Insurance revenue	(786,060)	-	-	-	(786,060)
Insurance service expenses					
Incurring claims and other insurance service expenses	-	-	654,060	34,869	688,929
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	141,598	-	-	-	141,598
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	-	(7,507)	-	-	(7,507)
Adjustments to liabilities for incurred claims	-	-	(100,395)	(29,150)	(129,545)
	<u>141,598</u>	<u>(7,507)</u>	<u>553,665</u>	<u>5,719</u>	<u>693,475</u>
Investment components	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance service result	(644,462)	(7,507)	553,665	5,719	(92,585)
Net finance expenses from insurance contracts	-	16,126	24,105	2,635	42,866
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(644,462)	8,619	577,770	8,354	(49,719)
Cash flows					
Premium received	818,334	-	-	-	818,334
Claims and other insurance service expenses paid	-	-	(499,500)	-	(499,500)
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(147,743)	-	-	-	(147,743)
Total cash flows	670,591	-	(499,500)	-	171,091
Transfer to other payables in the statements of financial position	-	-	(4,108)	-	(4,108)
Closing liabilities	388,361	82,258	730,847	83,457	1,284,923

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

15 INSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Marine

Reconciliation of the remaining coverage and incurred claims components

<u>Group / Company</u>	LRC		LIC		31.12.2025
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Estimate of the present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Opening liabilities	3,909	-	58,752	10,101	72,762
Changes in the statements of income and OCI					
Insurance revenue	(77,381)	-	-	-	(77,381)
Insurance service expenses					
Incurring claims and other insurance service expenses	-	-	44,071	3,714	47,785
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	14,630	-	-	-	14,630
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments to liabilities for incurred claims	-	-	2,564	(3,913)	(1,349)
	14,630	-	46,635	(199)	61,066
Investment components	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance service result	(62,751)	-	46,635	(199)	(16,315)
Net finance expenses from insurance contracts	-	-	2,040	319	2,359
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(62,751)	-	48,675	120	(13,956)
Cash flows					
Premium received	78,666	-	-	-	78,666
Claims and other insurance service expenses paid	-	-	(46,650)	-	(46,650)
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(14,768)	-	-	-	(14,768)
Total cash flows	63,898	-	(46,650)	-	17,248
Transfer to other payables in the statements of financial position	-	-	(531)	-	(531)
Closing liabilities	5,056	-	60,246	10,221	75,523

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

15 **INSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)**

Others

Reconciliation of the remaining coverage and incurred claims components

					31.12.2025
	LRC		LIC		
<u>Group / Company</u>	Excluding loss component RM'000	Loss component RM'000	Estimate of the present value of future cash flows RM'000	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk RM'000	Total RM'000
Opening liabilities	80,084	14,848	277,109	38,303	410,344
Changes in the statements of income and OCI					
Insurance revenue	(324,391)	-	-	-	(324,391)
Insurance service expenses					
Incurred claims and other insurance service expenses	-	-	210,927	13,846	224,773
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	89,839	-	-	-	89,839
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	-	733	-	-	733
Adjustments to liabilities for incurred claims	-	-	(61,322)	(17,278)	(78,600)
	<u>89,839</u>	<u>733</u>	<u>149,605</u>	<u>(3,432)</u>	<u>236,745</u>
Investment components	(241)	-	241	-	-
Insurance service result	<u>(234,793)</u>	<u>733</u>	<u>149,846</u>	<u>(3,432)</u>	<u>(87,646)</u>
Net finance expenses from insurance contracts	-	2,832	8,402	1,114	12,348
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	<u>(234,793)</u>	<u>3,565</u>	<u>158,248</u>	<u>(2,318)</u>	<u>(75,298)</u>
Cash flows					
Premium received	340,737	-	-	-	340,737
Claims and other insurance service expenses paid	-	-	(167,529)	-	(167,529)
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(94,507)	-	-	-	(94,507)
Total cash flows	<u>246,230</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(167,529)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>78,701</u>
Transfer to other payables in the statements of financial position	-	-	(2,969)	-	(2,969)
Closing liabilities	<u>91,521</u>	<u>18,413</u>	<u>264,859</u>	<u>35,985</u>	<u>410,778</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

15 INSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Fire

Reconciliation of the remaining coverage and incurred claims components

<u>Group / Company</u>	31.12.2024				
	LRC		LIC		Total
	Excluding loss component RM'000	Loss component RM'000	Estimate of the present value of future cash flows RM'000	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk RM'000	
Opening liabilities	49,684	-	342,179	43,628	435,491
Changes in the statements of income and OCI					
Insurance revenue	(290,799)	-	-	-	(290,799)
Insurance service expenses					
Incurring claims and other insurance service expenses	-	-	180,533	17,141	197,674
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	55,757	-	-	-	55,757
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments to liabilities for incurred claims	-	-	(106,858)	(29,191)	(136,049)
	55,757	-	73,675	(12,050)	117,382
Investment components	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance service result	(235,042)	-	73,675	(12,050)	(173,417)
Net finance expenses from insurance contracts	-	-	10,254	1,281	11,535
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(235,042)	-	83,929	(10,769)	(161,882)
Cash flows					
Premium received	316,749	-	-	-	316,749
Claims and other insurance service expenses paid	-	-	(170,167)	-	(170,167)
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(59,394)	-	-	-	(59,394)
Total cash flows	257,355	-	(170,167)	-	87,188
Transfer to other payables in the statements of financial position	-	-	145	-	145
Closing liabilities	71,997	-	256,086	32,859	360,942

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

15 INSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Motor

Reconciliation of the remaining coverage and incurred claims components

					31.12.2024
	LRC		LIC		
<u>Group / Company</u>	<u>Excluding loss component RM'000</u>	<u>Loss component RM'000</u>	<u>Estimate of the present value of future cash flows RM'000</u>	<u>Risk adjustment for non- financial risk RM'000</u>	<u>Total RM'000</u>
Opening liabilities	335,907	67,564	595,018	65,038	1,063,527
Changes in the statements of income and OCI					
Insurance revenue	(728,535)	-	-	-	(728,535)
Insurance service expenses					
Incurring claims and other insurance service expenses	-	-	599,637	34,524	634,161
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	121,551	-	-	-	121,551
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	-	(7,850)	-	-	(7,850)
Adjustments to liabilities for incurred claims	-	-	(96,045)	(26,557)	(122,602)
	<u>121,551</u>	<u>(7,850)</u>	<u>503,592</u>	<u>7,967</u>	<u>625,260</u>
Investment components	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance service result	(606,984)	(7,850)	503,592	7,967	(103,275)
Net finance expenses from insurance contracts	-	13,925	19,683	2,098	35,706
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(606,984)	6,075	523,275	10,065	(67,569)
Cash flows					
Premium received	763,031	-	-	-	763,031
Claims and other insurance service expenses paid	-	-	(460,410)	-	(460,410)
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(129,722)	-	-	-	(129,722)
Total cash flows	633,309	-	(460,410)	-	172,899
Transfer to other payables in the statements of financial position	-	-	(1,198)	-	(1,198)
Closing liabilities	362,232	73,639	656,685	75,103	1,167,659

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

15 **INSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)**

Marine

Reconciliation of the remaining coverage and incurred claims components

	31.12.2024				
	LRC		LIC		
<u>Group / Company</u>	<u>Excluding loss component</u>	<u>Loss component</u>	<u>Estimate of the present value of future cash flows</u>	<u>Risk adjustment for non- financial risk</u>	<u>Total</u>
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Opening liabilities	1,946	-	46,686	7,930	56,562
Changes in the statements of income and OCI					
Insurance revenue	(81,783)	-	-	-	(81,783)
Insurance service expenses					
Incurring claims and other insurance service expenses	-	-	53,039	5,742	58,781
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	14,145	-	-	-	14,145
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments to liabilities for incurred claims	-	-	(7,050)	(3,794)	(10,844)
	<u>14,145</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>45,989</u>	<u>1,948</u>	<u>62,082</u>
Investment components	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance service result	(67,638)	-	45,989	1,948	(19,701)
Net finance expenses from insurance contracts	-	-	1,427	223	1,650
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(67,638)	-	47,416	2,171	(18,051)
Cash flows					
Premium received	83,699	-	-	-	83,699
Claims and other insurance service expenses paid	-	-	(35,350)	-	(35,350)
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(14,098)	-	-	-	(14,098)
Total cash flows	69,601	-	(35,350)	-	34,251
Transfer to other payables in the statements of financial position	-	-	-	-	-
Closing liabilities	3,909	-	58,752	10,101	72,762

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

15 INSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Others

Reconciliation of the remaining coverage and incurred claims components

					31.12.2024
	LRC		LIC		
<u>Group / Company</u>	Excluding loss component RM'000	Loss component RM'000	Estimate of the present value of future cash flows RM'000	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk RM'000	Total RM'000
Opening liabilities	75,003	12,972	237,910	32,045	357,930
Changes in the statements of income and OCI					
Insurance revenue	(296,051)	-	-	-	(296,051)
Insurance service expenses					
Incurred claims and other insurance service expenses	-	-	218,753	16,903	235,656
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	80,006	-	-	-	80,006
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	-	(294)	-	-	(294)
Adjustments to liabilities for incurred claims	-	-	(43,546)	(11,520)	(55,066)
	<u>80,006</u>	<u>(294)</u>	<u>175,207</u>	<u>5,383</u>	<u>260,302</u>
Investment components	(255)	-	255	-	-
Insurance service result	<u>(216,300)</u>	<u>(294)</u>	<u>175,462</u>	<u>5,383</u>	<u>(35,749)</u>
Net finance expenses from insurance contracts	-	2,170	6,862	875	9,907
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(216,300)	1,876	182,324	6,258	(25,842)
Cash flows					
Premium received	309,069	-	-	-	309,069
Claims and other insurance service expenses paid	-	-	(143,470)	-	(143,470)
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(83,515)	-	-	-	(83,515)
Total cash flows	225,554	-	(143,470)	-	82,084
Transfer to other payables in the statements of financial position	(4,173)	-	345	-	(3,828)
Closing liabilities	80,084	14,848	277,109	38,303	410,344

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

16 OTHER PAYABLES

	Group		Company	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
<u>Current</u>				
Lease liabilities	5,543	5,585	5,543	5,585
Asset restoration	138	298	138	298
Payroll liabilities	29,245	22,839	29,245	22,839
Provision of financial penalty*	14,669	14,669	14,669	14,669
Service tax payable	21,367	18,831	21,367	18,831
Cash collateral	4,407	3,133	4,407	3,133
Accrued expenses	23,681	19,095	23,681	19,095
Other payables**	14,567	9,963	14,010	9,494
	<u>113,617</u>	<u>94,413</u>	<u>113,060</u>	<u>93,944</u>
<u>Non-current</u>				
Lease liabilities	17,282	20,565	17,282	20,565
Asset restoration	3,474	3,150	3,474	3,150
Cash collateral	1,067	1,578	1,067	1,578
	<u>21,823</u>	<u>25,293</u>	<u>21,823</u>	<u>25,293</u>
Total	<u>135,440</u>	<u>119,706</u>	<u>134,883</u>	<u>119,237</u>

The carrying amounts disclosed above approximate their fair values at the date of statements of financial position.

* In the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Group and the Company made a provision of RM14.7 million for a proposed financial penalty by the Malaysia Competition Commission ("MyCC") in relation to an agreement to fix parts trade discount and labour rates for 6 vehicle makes which allegedly infringed Section 4(2)(a) of the Competition Act 2010. This is part of the collective penalty of RM213.5 million imposed on the general insurance industry.

The matter is currently undergoing a legal process and has not been concluded as at 31 December 2025.

** The significant related party balance at the end of the financial year between the Company and its related parties on the other payables is RM860,000 (2024: RM995,000) as disclosed in Note 29 (a) to the financial statements.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

17 INSURANCE SERVICE RESULT

	Group / Company	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000
<u>Insurance Revenue</u>		
Contracts measured under PAA	1,514,143	1,397,168
<u>Insurance Service Expenses</u>		
Incurred claims and other insurance service expenses	(1,149,392)	(1,126,272)
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	(310,830)	(271,459)
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	6,774	8,144
Adjustments to liabilities for incurred claims	336,658	324,561
	<u>(1,116,790)</u>	<u>(1,065,026)</u>
<u>Net (expenses)/income from reinsurance contracts held</u>		
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(238,448)	(224,055)
Recoveries of incurred claims and other insurance service Expenses	151,080	211,445
Income on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts and reversal of loss recovery component	575	(1,075)
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims	(135,042)	(140,121)
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers	277	253
Total	<u>(221,558)</u>	<u>(153,553)</u>
	<u>175,795</u>	<u>178,589</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025
(CONTINUED)

17 **INSURANCE SERVICE RESULT (CONTINUED)**

Transition

Generally, MFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts” requires a full retrospective approach to be applied on transition but in the event that this is impractical due to, for example, insufficient historical data, problems in making a segmentation of insurance groups or to run models at initial recognition, a method retrospective approach is allowable. A modified retrospective approach is an approximation to retrospective application, with prescribed modifications to address some of the challenges of retrospective application.

At 1 January 2022, the Group and the Company applied modified and full retrospective approach as follows:

- Groups of contracts with available historical information applied full retrospective approach. This is applicable for groups of contracts with cohort year 2021 and onwards; and
- Groups of contracts which did not have the full information required applied the modified retrospective approach. The modification was applied to groups of contracts with cohort years prior to 2021 where the acquisition expense is assumed to be expensed immediately for financial year 2020 and prior. The liability for incurred claims for cohort 2020 and prior is aggregated into one cohort.

	2025			2024		
	New contracts and contracts measured under the full retrospective approach at <u>transition</u> RM'000	Contracts measured under the modified retrospective approach at <u>transition</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000	New contracts and contracts measured under the full retrospective approach at <u>transition</u> RM'000	Contracts measured under the modified retrospective approach at <u>transition</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
Insurance revenue	1,511,669	2,474	1,514,143	1,391,800	5,368	1,397,168

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

18 INTEREST REVENUE CALCULATED USING THE EFFECTIVE INTEREST METHOD AND INVESTMENT INCOME

Interest revenue calculated the effective interest method

	<u>Group</u>		<u>Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Financial assets at amortised cost:				
Interest revenue	27,862	25,786	25,844	23,661
FVOCI financial assets:				
Interest revenue	97,846	86,960	-	-
Amortisation of bonds	(2,780)	(1,414)	-	-
	<u>122,928</u>	<u>111,332</u>	<u>25,844</u>	<u>23,661</u>
<u>Investment income</u>				
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
FVTPL financial assets:				
Dividend income				
- Controlled structured entities	-	-	81,944	75,065
- Unit trusts	2,699	2,211	2,699	2,211
	<u>2,699</u>	<u>2,211</u>	<u>84,643</u>	<u>77,276</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

19 REALISED GAIN

	Group		Company	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
FVOCI financial assets				
Realised gain:				
Corporate debt securities - unquoted in Malaysia	8,384	3,847	-	-
	8,384	3,847	-	-

20 UNREALISED GAIN

	Group		Company	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
FVTPL financial assets:				
Controlled structured entities	-	-	31,839	6,361
Unit trusts	498	632	498	632
	498	632	32,337	6,993

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

21 NET INVESTMENT INCOME AND NET INSURANCE FINANCE EXPENSES

	Group		Company	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Net investment income				
Amounts recognised in the profit or loss				
- Interest revenue calculated using the effective interest method	122,928	111,332	25,844	23,661
- Investment income	2,699	2,211	84,643	77,276
- Realised gain	8,384	3,847	-	-
- Unrealised gain	498	632	32,337	6,993
- Write back of impairment on financial assets.	77	46	-	-
	<u>134,586</u>	<u>118,068</u>	<u>142,824</u>	<u>107,930</u>
Amounts recognised in OCI	18,245	(4,569)	-	-
	<u>152,831</u>	<u>113,499</u>	<u>142,824</u>	<u>107,930</u>
Finance expenses from insurance contracts				
Interest accreted to insurance contracts using locked-in rate	(61,485)	(58,356)	(61,485)	(58,356)
Due to changes in interest rates and other financial assumptions	(5,573)	(443)	(5,573)	(443)
	<u>(67,058)</u>	<u>(58,799)</u>	<u>(67,058)</u>	<u>(58,799)</u>
Represented by:				
Amounts recognised in profit or loss	(61,485)	(58,356)	(61,485)	(58,356)
Amounts recognised in OCI	(5,573)	(443)	(5,573)	(443)

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

21 NET INVESTMENT INCOME AND NET INSURANCE FINANCE EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

	Group		Company	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Finance income from reinsurance contracts held				
Interest accreted to reinsurance contracts using current financial assumptions	14,385	16,018	14,385	16,018
Due to changes in interest rates and other financial assumptions	1,161	(81)	1,161	(81)
	<u>15,546</u>	<u>15,937</u>	<u>15,546</u>	<u>15,937</u>
Represented by:				
Amounts recognised in profit or loss	14,385	16,018	14,385	16,018
Amounts recognised in OCI	1,161	(81)	1,161	(81)
	<u>15,546</u>	<u>15,937</u>	<u>15,546</u>	<u>15,937</u>
Total net investment income, Insurance finance expenses and reinsurances finance income	<u>101,319</u>	<u>70,637</u>	<u>91,312</u>	<u>65,068</u>
Represented by:				
Amounts recognised in profit or loss	87,486	75,730	95,724	65,592
Amounts recognised in OCI	13,833	(5,093)	(4,412)	(524)
	<u>101,319</u>	<u>70,637</u>	<u>91,312</u>	<u>65,068</u>

22 OTHER OPERATING INCOME/(EXPENSES)

	Group		Company	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
<u>Other operating income</u>				
Agency fees received	1,566	1,602	1,566	1,602
Rental income received	176	176	176	176
Others income from MMIP	1,651	2,287	1,651	2,287
Others	263	545	263	545
	<u>3,656</u>	<u>4,610</u>	<u>3,656</u>	<u>4,610</u>
<u>Other operating expenses</u>				
Others (Note 23)	41,649	37,206	31,642	31,637
	<u>41,649</u>	<u>37,206</u>	<u>31,642</u>	<u>31,637</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

23 EXPENSES

	Group				Company			
	Expenses attributable to insurance acquisition cash flows	Other directly attributable expenses	Other operating expenses	Total	Expenses attributable to insurance acquisition cash flows	Other directly attributable expenses	Other operating expenses	Total
<u>2025</u>	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Employee benefits expense (Note (a))	75,737	74,888	22,713	173,338	75,737	74,888	22,713	173,338
Directors' remuneration (Note (b))	-	-	693	693	-	-	693	693
Auditors' remuneration								
- audit services	-	-	697	697	-	-	673	673
- non-audit services	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	1
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	-	11,189	304	11,493	-	11,189	304	11,493
Depreciation of ROU assets	-	5,339	576	5,915	-	5,339	576	5,915
Rental of office premises	431	1,202	41	1,674	431	1,202	41	1,674
Entertainment	30,112	940	14	31,066	30,112	940	14	31,066
Training expenses	-	289	2,440	2,729	-	289	2,440	2,729
Management fees*	406	3,271	558	4,235	406	3,271	558	4,235
Repairs and maintenance	-	711	61	772	-	711	61	772
Motor vehicle expenses	1,844	1,687	374	3,905	1,844	1,687	374	3,905
Travelling	579	404	145	1,128	579	404	145	1,128
Advertising	1,242	413	406	2,061	1,242	413	406	2,061
Printing and stationery	8,556	293	26	8,875	8,556	293	26	8,875
Postage and telephone	685	1,290	333	2,308	685	1,290	333	2,308
Electronic data processing expenses	5,547	23,881	1,029	30,457	5,547	23,881	1,029	30,457
Bank collection charges	9,539	-	33	9,572	9,539	-	33	9,572
Other expenses	9,965	3,355	11,205	24,525	9,965	3,355	1,222	14,542
	<u>144,643</u>	<u>129,152</u>	<u>41,649</u>	<u>315,444</u>	<u>144,643</u>	<u>129,152</u>	<u>31,642</u>	<u>305,437</u>
Represented by								
Insurance service expenses				273,795				273,795
Other operating expenses				41,649				31,642
				<u>315,444</u>				<u>305,437</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

23 EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

	Group				Company			
	Expenses attributable to insurance acquisition cash flows	Other directly attributable expenses	Other operating expenses	Total	Expenses attributable to insurance acquisition cash flows	Other directly attributable expenses	Other operating expenses	Total
<u>2024</u>	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Employee benefits expense (Note (a))	71,774	59,971	21,170	152,915	71,774	59,971	21,170	152,915
Directors' remuneration (Note (b))	-	-	685	685	-	-	685	685
Auditors' remuneration								
- audit services	-	-	630	630	-	-	607	607
- non-audit services	-	-	104	104	-	-	104	104
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	-	10,233	365	10,598	-	10,233	365	10,598
Depreciation of ROU assets	-	5,148	637	5,785	-	5,148	637	5,785
Rental of office premises	361	1,068	41	1,470	361	1,068	41	1,470
Entertainment	14,187	618	23	14,828	14,187	618	23	14,828
Training expenses	-	225	3,816	4,041	-	225	3,816	4,041
Management fees*	56	4,354	680	5,090	56	4,354	680	5,090
Repairs and maintenance	-	1,226	47	1,273	-	1,226	47	1,273
Motor vehicle expenses	1,869	1,449	399	3,717	1,869	1,449	399	3,717
Travelling	610	279	156	1,045	610	279	156	1,045
Advertising	1,065	16	482	1,563	1,065	16	482	1,563
Printing and stationery	7,582	253	61	7,896	7,582	253	61	7,896
Postage and telephone	704	1,258	170	2,132	704	1,258	170	2,132
Electronic data processing expenses	5,099	19,865	854	25,818	5,099	19,865	854	25,818
Bank collection charges	8,702	-	32	8,734	8,702	-	32	8,734
Other expenses	8,175	3,261	6,854	18,290	8,175	3,261	1,308	12,744
	<u>120,184</u>	<u>109,224</u>	<u>37,206</u>	<u>266,614</u>	<u>120,184</u>	<u>109,224</u>	<u>31,637</u>	<u>261,045</u>
Represented by								
Insurance service expenses				229,408				229,408
Other operating expenses				37,206				31,637
				<u>266,614</u>				<u>261,045</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

23 EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

* Included in management fees are management fees payable/paid to related parties of RM1,508,000 (2024: RM1,748,000) as disclosed in Note 29 (a) to the financial statements.

(a) Employee benefits expense

	<u>Group / Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000
Staff salary and bonus	144,186	128,423
Social security contributions	1,011	866
Contributions to Employees' Provident Fund	19,457	17,203
Other benefits	8,684	6,423
	<u>173,338</u>	<u>152,915</u>

(b) Directors' remuneration

The details of remuneration receivable by Directors during the financial year are as follows:

	<u>Group / Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000
Executive:		
Fees	-	-
Other benefits	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Non-Executive:		
Fees	618	612
Other benefits	75	73
	<u>693</u>	<u>685</u>
	<u>693</u>	<u>685</u>
Represented by:		
Directors' fees	618	612
Amount included in employee benefits expense	75	73
	<u>693</u>	<u>685</u>

The estimated cash value of benefits-in-kind provided to the Directors of the Group and the Company amounted to RM6,664 (2024: RM4,700).

The remuneration, including benefits-in-kind, attributable to the Chief Executive Officer of the Group and the Company included in employee benefits expense during the financial year amounted to RM2,548,000 (2024: RM2,292,000).

The number of executive and non-executive Directors whose total remuneration received during the financial year falls within the following band is:

<u>Group / Company</u>	<u>Number of Directors</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Non-Executive Directors		
Below RM50,000	<u>1</u>	<u>-</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

23 EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

(c) Key management personnel's remuneration

The remuneration of key management personnel during the financial year are as follows:

	Group / Company	
	2025 RM'000	2024 RM'000
Salary	8,172	7,873
Bonus	3,321	3,440
Defined contribution plan	1,567	1,488
Other benefits	581	698
	<u>13,641</u>	<u>13,499</u>

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly. The key management personnel of the Group and the Company include the Chief Executive Officer, Deputy Chief Executive Officer, members of the Executive Committee and other key responsible persons of the Group and the Company.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

23 EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

The total remuneration (including benefits-in-kind) of the Chief Executive Officer and Directors are as follows:

	<u>Fee</u> RM'000	<u>Salaries</u> RM'000	<u>Bonus</u> RM'000	<u>Other emoluments</u> RM'000	<u>Benefits-in-kind</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
<u>2025</u>						
Chief Executive Officer						
- Ng Hang Ming	-	1,366	807	326	49	2,548
Non-Executive Directors						
- Dato' Zainal Abidin Bin Putih	204	-	-	17	2	223
- Yeoh Chong Keng	150	-	-	21	2	173
- Dang Kok Heng	108	-	-	15	2	125
- Datin Hayati Aman Binti Hashim	150	-	-	21	2	173
- Datuk Leong Kam Weng	6	-	-	1	-	7
	<u>618</u>	<u>1,366</u>	<u>807</u>	<u>401</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>3,249</u>
<u>2024</u>						
Chief Executive Officer						
- Ng Hang Ming	-	1,361	593	294	44	2,292
Non-Executive Directors						
- Dato' Zainal Abidin Bin Putih	204	-	-	18	1	223
- Yeoh Chong Keng	150	-	-	20	1	171
- Dang Kok Heng	108	-	-	15	1	124
- Datin Hayati Aman Binti Hashim	150	-	-	20	1	171
	<u>612</u>	<u>1,361</u>	<u>593</u>	<u>367</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>2,981</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

24 FINANCE COSTS

	<u>Group / Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000
Interest on lease liabilities	<u>1,310</u>	<u>1,362</u>

25 TAXATION

	<u>Group</u>		<u>Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Current income tax:				
Current financial year	37,361	33,198	37,361	33,198
Over provision in prior financial years	(763)	(298)	(763)	(298)
Deferred tax:				
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences (Note 14)	(4,648)	673	2,975	2,190
	<u>31,950</u>	<u>33,573</u>	<u>39,573</u>	<u>35,090</u>

The income taxes for the Group and the Company are calculated based on the tax rate of 24% (2024: 24%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to profit before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate is as follows:

	<u>Group</u>		<u>Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Profit before taxation	<u>223,978</u>	<u>220,361</u>	<u>242,223</u>	<u>215,792</u>
Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2024: 24%)	53,755	52,887	58,134	51,790
Income not subject to tax	(23,996)	(21,696)	(20,752)	(19,082)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2,954	2,680	2,954	2,680
Over provision of tax in prior financial years	(763)	(298)	(763)	(298)
Tax expense for the financial year	<u>31,950</u>	<u>33,573</u>	<u>39,573</u>	<u>35,090</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

25 **TAXATION (CONTINUED)**

Effective from 1 January 2025, Malaysia implemented the Global Minimum Tax (“GMT”) rules which aligned with the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (“OECD”)’s Global Anti-Base Erosion (GloBE) Model Rules under Pillar Two of the Base Erosion and Profit Shifting (BEPS) 2.0 initiative. The GMT rules ensure that large multinational enterprise groups (“MNE group”) are subject to a minimum effective tax rate (“ETR”) of 15% in every jurisdiction they operate. Tokio Marine Insurans (Malaysia) Berhad (“TMIM”) is part of an in-scope MNE group, as its ultimate parent entity in Japan (“UPE”) met the minimum consolidated revenue threshold test.

TMIM and other Malaysian constituent entities (collectively called “Malaysian CEs”) of the UPE are in the midst of assessing the full tax impact under the GMT rules and are compiling the data and information required for the filing of the required returns to the Inland Revenue Board by 30 June 2027. Based on our preliminary assessment, the average ETR for the Malaysian CEs will exceed 15% for the current financial year. The Malaysian CEs intend to avail themselves to all the transitional reliefs provided under the GMT rules, including but not limited to, Transitional Country-by-Country Reporting Safe Harbour, to manage the cost of compliance and implementation.

In June 2023, the Malaysian Accounting Standard Board issued International Tax Reform-Pillar Two Model Rules (Amendments to MFRS 112 Income Taxes) which introduced a mandatory temporary exception to the requirements of MFRS 112 where entities neither recognise nor disclose information about deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes. TMIM has accordingly applied this temporary exception for the financial year ended 31 December 2025.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

26 **BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE (SEN)**

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit for the financial year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Group and the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year.

	<u>Group</u>		<u>Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders	<u>192,028</u>	<u>186,788</u>	<u>202,650</u>	<u>180,702</u>
Weighted average number of shares in issue	<u>403,471</u>	<u>403,471</u>	<u>403,471</u>	<u>403,471</u>
Basic earnings per share (sen)	<u>48</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>45</u>

There have been no other transactions involving ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date of completion of these financial statements.

No diluted earnings per share is disclosed in these financial statements as there are no dilutive potential ordinary shares.

27 **DIVIDENDS**

	<u>Group / Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000
In respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2025: First and final dividend, paid on 30 June 2025	<u>84,370</u>	<u>-</u>
Dividend rate (%)	<u>20.91</u>	<u>-</u>
Dividend per share (sen)	<u>0.2091</u>	<u>-</u>

The Directors have not recommended any dividend for the current financial year.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

28 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	<u>Group / Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000
<u>Capital expenditure</u>		
Approved and contracted for	3,889	680
	<u>3,889</u>	<u>680</u>

29 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The related parties of, and their relationship with the Group and the Company as at 31 December 2025, are as follows:

<u>Related parties</u>	<u>Country of incorporation</u>	<u>Relationship</u>
Tokio Marine Holdings Inc. ("TMH")	Japan	Ultimate holding corporation
Tokio Marine & Nichido Fire Insurance Co. Ltd. ("TMNF")	Japan	Penultimate holding corporation
Tokio Marine Asia Pte. Ltd. ("TM Asia")	Singapore	Immediate holding corporation
Tokio Marine Insurance Singapore Ltd	Singapore	Related corporation
Tokio Marine Life Insurance Malaysia Bhd	Malaysia	Related corporation

In the normal course of business, the Group and the Company undertake at agreed terms and prices, various transactions with their holding corporation and other corporations deemed related parties by virtue of being subsidiaries of its holding corporations.

- (a) The significant related party transactions during the financial year and balances at the end of the financial year between the Group and the Company, and their related parties are set out below:

Significant related party transactions

Income/(Expenses)	<u>Group / Company</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000
Transactions with immediate holding corporation:		
Expenses recharge*	(448)	(627)
Risk management fees paid*	(434)	(409)
Expatriates' remuneration	(490)	(490)
Others	<u>(998)</u>	<u>(984)</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

29 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

- (a) The significant related party transactions during the financial year and balances at the end of the financial year between the Group and the Company, and their related parties are set out below (continued):

Significant related party transactions (continued)

Income/(Expenses)	Group / Company	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	RM'000	RM'000
Transactions with penultimate holding corporation:		
Premium ceded	(50,169)	(51,184)
Claims recoveries and paid	28,741	21,981
Commission received	9,847	9,391
Risk management fee paid*	-	(30)
Agency fees received	1,513	1,519
Expatriates' remuneration	(1,033)	(1,052)
Expatriates' lease reimbursement	539	705
Interest expenses on treaty withheld	(259)	(240)
Others	(984)	(636)
Transactions with ultimate holding corporation		
Expenses recoverable	<u>633</u>	<u>462</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

29 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

- (a) The significant related party transactions during the year and balances at the end of the year between the Group and the Company, and their related parties are set out below (continued):

Transactions with other related corporations:

<u>Group / Company</u> <u>2025</u>	<u>Asia</u> RM'000	<u>Europe</u> RM'000	<u>North</u> <u>America</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
Premium ceded	(48,433)	(216)	-	(48,649)
Claims recoveries and paid	25,200	-	-	25,200
Commission received	7,532	20	-	7,552
Agency fees received	54	-	-	54
Rental paid	(280)	-	-	(280)
Risk management fees paid*	(413)	-	-	(413)
Secretarial fee paid*	(214)	-	-	(214)
Others	(732)	-	-	(732)
Premium written	429	-	-	429
Interest expenses on treaty withheld	(349)	-	-	(349)
<u>Group / Company</u> <u>2024</u>	<u>Asia</u> RM'000	<u>Europe</u> RM'000	<u>North</u> <u>America</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
Premium ceded	(45,365)	(263)	-	(45,628)
Claims recoveries and paid	7,002	-	-	7,002
Commission received	6,669	22	-	6,691
Agency fees received	81	-	1	82
Rental paid	(307)	-	-	(307)
Risk management fees paid*	(422)	-	-	(422)
Secretarial fee paid*	(261)	-	-	(261)
Others	(686)	-	(72)	(758)
Premium written	460	-	-	460
Interest expenses on treaty withheld	(255)	-	-	(255)

* The management fees payable/paid to related party transactions for the financial year as disclosed in Note 23 to the financial statements.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

29 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

- (a) The significant related party transactions during the year and balances at the end of the year between the Group and the Company, and their related parties are set out below (continued):

	Group / Company	
	2025 RM'000	2024 RM'000
<u>Insurance receivables</u>		
Claim recoveries due from related corporations	<u>228</u>	<u>27</u>
<u>Insurance payables</u>		
Reinsurance premiums due to penultimate holding Corporation	(33,626)	(32,100)
Reinsurance premiums due to related corporations	<u>(35,709)</u>	<u>(34,191)</u>
Other receivable due from immediate holding Corporation	-	164
Other payable due to immediate holding corporation**	<u>(716)</u>	<u>(762)</u>
Other receivable due from penultimate holding	<u>1,479</u>	<u>1,309</u>
Other receivable due from ultimate holding company	<u>149</u>	<u>-</u>
Other payable due to related corporation**	(144)	(233)
Other receivables due from related corporation	<u>103</u>	<u>2</u>

** The significant related party balance at the end of the financial year between the Company and its related parties on the payables as disclosed in Note 16.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

30 INSURANCE RISK

Insurance risk includes the risk of incurring higher claims costs than expected owing to the unpredictable nature of claims, especially in terms of frequency, severity and the risk of change in economic and legal conditions or behavioural patterns affecting insurance pricing and conditions of insurance or reinsurance cover. This may result in the insurer receiving too little or insufficient premium for the risks it underwrites and insufficient liquidity to pay claims, which are higher than expected. The Group and the Company seek to minimise insurance risks with a balanced mix of business portfolio and by strictly observing the underwriting guidelines and limits, prudent estimation of claims reserving and high standard of security vetting of all its reinsurers.

The table below sets out the concentration of LIC and the corresponding AIC on these LIC by portfolio grouping:

<u>Group / Company</u>	31.12.2025			31.12.2024		
	<u>Insurance contracts</u> RM'000	<u>Reinsurance contracts</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000	<u>Insurance contracts</u> RM'000	<u>Reinsurance contracts</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
Fire	202,105	(104,746)	97,359	290,576	(186,301)	104,275
Motor	814,304	(84,479)	729,825	731,787	(70,681)	661,106
Marine	70,467	(27,035)	43,432	69,413	(28,401)	41,012
Others	300,844	(135,883)	164,961	315,663	(153,746)	161,917
	<u>1,387,720</u>	<u>(352,143)</u>	<u>1,035,577</u>	<u>1,407,439</u>	<u>(439,129)</u>	<u>968,310</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

30 **INSURANCE RISK (CONTINUED)**

Key assumptions

The principal assumption underlying the estimation of liabilities is that the Group's and Company's future claims development will follow a similar pattern to past claims development experience. This includes assumptions in respect of initial expected loss ratio ("IELR") in the last accident year, first incurred development factor, claim handling expenses, and risk adjustment.

Additional qualitative judgments are used to assess the extent to which past trends may not apply in the future, for example, isolated occurrence, changes in market factors such as public attitude to claiming, economic conditions, as well as internal factors, such as, portfolio mix, policy conditions and claims handling procedures. Judgment is further used to assess the extent to which external factors, such as, judicial decisions and government legislation affect the estimates.

The Company measures all the contracts under Premium Allocation Approach ("PAA"). Discounting is applied to the liability for incurred claims ("LIC") and loss component from onerous contracts, based on the risk-free discount rates derived from zero-coupon spot yield curve of Malaysian Government Securities ("MGS").

Sensitivity analysis

The LIC is sensitive to the key assumptions shown below. It has not been possible to quantify the sensitivity of certain assumptions, such as, legislative changes or uncertainty in the estimation process.

The analysis below is performed for reasonably possible movements in key assumptions with all other assumptions held constant, showing the impact on LIC, profit after tax and equity. The correlation of assumptions will have a significant effect in determining the ultimate claims liabilities, but to demonstrate the impact due to changes in assumptions, assumptions had to be changed on an individual basis. It should be noted that movements in these assumptions are non-linear.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

30 **INSURANCE RISK (CONTINUED)**

Sensitivity analysis (continued)

31 December 2025	Change in assumptions	Impact on LIC gross of reinsurance RM'000	Impact on LIC net of reinsurance RM'000	Impact on profit after tax gross of reinsurance RM'000	Impact on profit after tax net of reinsurance RM'000	*Impact on equity gross of reinsurance RM'000	*Impact on equity net of reinsurance RM'000
IELR in the last accident year	+10%	77,744	63,286	(58,952)	(47,994)	(59,085)	(48,098)
IELR in the last accident year	-10%	(77,744)	(63,286)	58,952	47,994	59,085	48,098
First incurred development factor	+10%	27,692	27,001	(20,991)	(20,468)	(21,046)	(20,521)
First incurred development factor	-10%	(27,692)	(27,001)	20,991	20,468	21,046	20,521
Risk adjustment (before diversification)	+5%	52,197	39,723	(39,452)	(30,020)	(39,669)	(30,189)
Risk adjustment (before Diversification)	-5%	(52,197)	(39,723)	39,452	30,020	39,669	30,189
Interest rate	+1%	(15,413)	(11,928)	625	412	11,714	9,065
Interest rate	-1%	15,891	12,302	(645)	(425)	(12,077)	(9,349)

* Impact on equity is higher than impact on profit after tax due to the impact of discount rate recorded under other comprehensive income. The impact from claim handling expenses is insignificant for 2025, hence have been excluded from the table above.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

30 **INSURANCE RISK (CONTINUED)**

Sensitivity analysis (continued)

31 December 2024	Change in assumptions	Impact on LIC gross of reinsurance RM'000	Impact on LIC net of reinsurance RM'000	Impact on profit after tax gross of reinsurance RM'000	Impact on profit after tax net of reinsurance RM'000	*Impact on equity gross of reinsurance RM'000	*Impact on equity net of reinsurance RM'000
IELR in the last accident year	+10%	79,712	59,021	(60,521)	(44,815)	(60,581)	(44,856)
IELR in the last accident year	-10%	(79,712)	(59,021)	60,521	44,815	60,581	44,856
First incurred development factor	+10%	25,560	24,889	(19,397)	(18,888)	(19,425)	(18,916)
First incurred development factor	-10%	(25,560)	24,889	19,397	18,888	19,425	18,916
Claim handling expenses	+1%	13,582	13,582	(10,299)	(10,299)	(10,322)	(10,322)
Claim handling expenses	-1%	(13,582)	(13,582)	10,299	10,299	10,322	10,322
Risk adjustment (before diversification)	+5%	52,793	36,496	(40,031)	(27,669)	(40,123)	(27,737)
Risk adjustment (before diversification)	-5%	(52,793)	(36,496)	40,031	27,669	40,123	27,737
Interest rate	+1%	(15,434)	(10,564)	658	403	11,730	8,029
Interest rate	-1%	15,906	10,892	(678)	(416)	(12,088)	(8,278)

* Impact on equity is higher than impact on profit after tax due to the impact of discount rate recorded under other comprehensive income.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

30 INSURANCE RISK (CONTINUED)

Claims development table

The following tables show the estimate of cumulative incurred claims, including both claims notified and incurred but not reported (“IBNR”) for each successive accident year at each date of the statement of financial position, together with cumulative payments to-date.

In setting provisions for claims, the Group and the Company consider the probability and magnitude of future experience being more adverse than assumed and exercises a degree of caution in setting reserves when there is considerable uncertainty. In general, the uncertainty associated with the ultimate claims experience in an accident year is greatest when the accident year is at an early stage of development and the margin necessary to provide the necessary confidence in adequacy of provision is relatively at its highest. As claims develop and the ultimate cost of claims becomes more certain, the relative level of margin maintained should decrease.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

30 **INSURANCE RISK (CONTINUED)**

Gross Claims Development as at 31 December 2025:

<u>Group / Company</u>	<u>Prior</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>Total</u>
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Accident year									
At end of accident year		587,431	514,209	798,394	829,249	929,969	952,314	950,984	
One year later		553,704	446,167	693,013	832,831	830,402	862,468		
Two years later		547,341	432,052	650,631	775,555	793,128			
Three years later		535,722	419,333	635,216	747,771				
Four years later		505,914	394,276	607,008					
Five years later		502,746	390,937						
Six years later		452,841							
Current estimate of cumulative claims incurred		452,841	390,937	607,008	747,771	793,128	862,468	950,984	4,805,137
At end of accident year		251,841	191,058	173,016	338,309	317,227	343,595	387,379	
One year later		387,014	299,613	483,176	535,140	521,950	559,670		
Two years later		428,150	334,865	529,521	633,508	629,004			
Three years later		448,546	349,532	546,890	660,892				
Four years later		460,223	358,678	556,218					
Five years later		465,249	361,360						
Six years later		445,782							
Current payments to-date		445,782	361,360	556,218	660,892	629,004	559,670	387,379	3,600,305
Direct and facultative inwards	26,387	7,059	29,577	50,790	86,879	164,124	302,798	563,605	1,231,219
Treaty Inwards									2,909
									1,234,128
									36,666
									(42,999)
									151,274
									8,651
									1,387,720

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

30 INSURANCE RISK (CONTINUED)

Gross Claims Development as at 31 December 2024:

<u>Group / Company</u>	<u>Prior</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>Total</u>
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Accident year									
At end of accident year		655,991	587,431	514,209	798,394	829,249	929,969	952,314	
One year later		598,624	553,704	446,167	693,013	832,831	830,402		
Two years later		584,165	547,341	432,052	650,631	775,555			
Three years later		585,933	535,722	419,333	635,216				
Four years later		571,633	505,914	394,276					
Five years later		564,278	502,746						
Six years later		542,118							
Current estimate of cumulative claims incurred		<u>542,118</u>	<u>502,746</u>	<u>394,276</u>	<u>635,216</u>	<u>775,555</u>	<u>830,402</u>	<u>952,314</u>	<u>4,632,627</u>
At end of accident year		305,656	251,841	191,058	173,016	338,309	317,227	343,595	
One year later		457,665	387,014	299,613	483,176	535,140	521,950		
Two years later		496,903	428,150	334,865	529,521	633,508			
Three years later		513,276	448,546	349,532	546,890				
Four years later		526,472	460,223	358,678					
Five years later		532,811	465,249						
Six years later		536,532							
Current payments to-date		<u>536,532</u>	<u>465,249</u>	<u>358,678</u>	<u>546,890</u>	<u>633,508</u>	<u>521,950</u>	<u>343,595</u>	<u>3,406,402</u>
Direct and facultative inwards	26,803	5,586	37,497	35,598	88,327	142,047	308,452	608,719	1,253,028
Treaty Inwards									<u>2,921</u>
									1,255,950
									35,838
									(49,464)
									154,589
									<u>10,525</u>
									<u>1,407,439</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

30 INSURANCE RISK (CONTINUED)

Net Claims Development as at 31 December 2025:

<u>Group / Company</u>	<u>Prior</u> RM'000	<u>2019</u> RM'000	<u>2020</u> RM'000	<u>2021</u> RM'000	<u>2022</u> RM'000	<u>2023</u> RM'000	<u>2024</u> RM'000	<u>2025</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
Accident year									
At end of accident year		481,878	430,252	427,113	548,980	693,095	754,457	809,229	
One year later		455,322	378,645	376,140	518,706	649,111	702,891		
Two years later		452,552	369,769	354,276	504,953	635,635			
Three years later		450,619	355,768	340,474	485,173				
Four years later		430,190	335,149	319,823					
Five years later		426,828	333,592						
Six years later		404,471							
Current estimate of cumulative claims incurred		<u>404,471</u>	<u>333,592</u>	<u>319,823</u>	<u>485,173</u>	<u>635,635</u>	<u>702,891</u>	<u>809,229</u>	<u>3,690,814</u>
At end of accident year		232,048	174,369	157,547	224,744	287,463	323,816	355,761	
One year later		345,140	263,750	251,698	365,718	458,072	497,924		
Two years later		372,695	290,137	272,522	396,892	503,013			
Three years later		384,867	301,839	285,186	414,554				
Four years later		393,737	306,254	291,458					
Five years later		397,262	310,080						
Six years later		398,506							
Current payments to-date		<u>398,506</u>	<u>310,080</u>	<u>291,458</u>	<u>414,554</u>	<u>503,013</u>	<u>497,924</u>	<u>355,761</u>	<u>2,771,296</u>
Direct and facultative inward	5,939	5,965	23,512	28,365	70,619	132,622	204,967	453,468	925,457
Treaty Inwards									2,909
									928,366
									20,547
									(33,400)
									111,551
									8,513
									<u>1,035,577</u>
									Best estimate of claim liabilities excluding MMIP
									Claim handling expenses and other cash flow
									Effect of discounting
									Effect of the risk adjustment for non-financial risk
									MMIP net liability for incurred claims
									Net liability for incurred claims

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 FINANCIAL RISK

The Group and the Company are exposed to financial risks including credit, interest rate, currency risks and market risk during the normal course of its business. The Group and the Company have, in place, established procedures and guidelines to monitor the risks on an on-going basis.

Credit risk

Credit risk represents the loss that would be recognised if counterparties to insurance, reinsurance and investment transactions fail to perform as contracted. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to these credit risks is monitored consistently.

At the date of the statement of financial position, there were no significant concentrations of credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset.

The Group and the Company consider ratings of BBB and above as investment grades. Non-investment grades include those investment with ratings below BBB or non-rated investment or non-investment items. Assets which are not rated by rating agencies are classified as non-rated.

The maximum exposure to credit risk for the components in the financial statements is shown below:

		Group		Company	
	Note	2025	2024	2025	2024
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
FVTPL financial assets	6				
- Unit Trust		91,192	80,694	2,539,971	2,257,634
FVOCI financial assets	7				
- Malaysian Government Securities		127,965	180,405	-	-
- Government Investment Issues		131,728	149,492	-	-
- Corporate debt securities		2,209,402	1,891,523	-	-
Reinsurance contract assets^		352,143	462,668	352,143	462,668
Financial assets at amortised cost	10				
- Staff loans		52	78	52	78
- Fixed and call deposits		799,626	748,128	727,536	703,393
Other receivables*		6,530	5,488	6,530	5,488
Cash and bank balances		42,510	66,903	41,475	66,841
		<u>3,761,148</u>	<u>3,585,379</u>	<u>3,667,707</u>	<u>3,496,102</u>

* Excluding balance with prepayments and MMIP

^ Reinsurance contract assets only include AIC

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)

Credit exposure by credit rating

The table below provides information regarding the credit risk exposure of the Group and the Company by classifying assets according to the Group's and the Company's credit ratings of counterparties.

<u>Group</u>	<u>Stage 1</u>		<u>Stage 2</u>		<u>Stage 3</u>	<u>Total</u> RM'000
	<u>Investment</u> <u>grade</u> RM'000	<u>Non-</u> <u>investment</u> <u>grade</u> RM'000	<u>Investment</u> <u>grade</u> RM'000	<u>Non-</u> <u>investment</u> <u>grade</u> RM'000	<u>Default</u> RM'000	
31 December 2025						
FVOCI financial assets#						
- Malaysian Government Securities	-	127,965	-	-	-	127,965
- Government Investment Issues	-	131,728	-	-	-	131,728
- Corporate debt securities	1,456,725	752,677	-	-	-	2,209,402
Gross carrying amount	1,456,725	1,012,370	-	-	-	2,469,095
ECL	161	-	-	-	17,876	18,037
Net carrying amount	1,456,564	1,012,370	-	-	(17,876)	2,451,058
Financial assets at amortised cost						
- Staff cost	-	52	-	-	-	52
- Fixed and call deposits	799,626	-	-	-	-	799,626
- Other receivables*	-	6,530	-	-	-	6,530
Reinsurance contract assets^	335,679	16,464	-	-	-	352,143
Cash and bank balances	41,449	1,061	-	-	-	42,510
Gross carrying amount	1,176,754	24,107	-	-	-	1,200,861
ECL	-	277	-	-	-	277
Net carrying amount	1,176,754	23,830	-	-	-	1,200,584

* Excluding balance with prepayments and MMIP

Fair value of securities

^ Reinsurance contract assets only include AIC

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)

Credit exposure by credit rating (continued)

Group	Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3	Total RM'000
	Investment grade RM'000	Non- investment grade RM'000	Investment grade RM'000	Non- investment grade RM'000	Default RM'000	
31 December 2024						
FVOCI financial assets#						
- Malaysian Government Securities	-	180,405	-	-	-	180,405
- Government Investment Issues	-	149,492	-	-	-	149,492
- Corporate debt securities	1,270,573	611,212	-	9,738	-	1,891,523
Gross carrying amount	1,270,573	941,109	-	9,738	-	2,221,420
ECL	153	-	-	85	17,876	18,114
Net carrying amount	1,270,420	941,109	-	9,653	(17,876)	2,203,306
Financial assets at amortised cost						
- Staff cost	-	78	-	-	-	78
- Fixed and call deposits	748,128	-	-	-	-	748,128
- Other receivables*	-	5,488	-	-	-	5,488
Reinsurance contract assets^	419,924	42,744	-	-	-	462,668
Cash and bank balances	66,877	26	-	-	-	66,903
Gross carrying amount	1,234,929	48,336	-	-	-	1,283,265
ECL	-	353	-	-	-	353
Net carrying amount	1,234,929	47,983	-	-	-	1,282,912

* Excluding balance with prepayments and MMIP

Fair value of securities

^ Reinsurance contract assets only include AIC

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)

Credit exposure by credit rating (continued)

The table below provides information regarding the credit risk exposure of the Group and the Company by classifying assets according to the Group's and the Company's credit ratings of counterparties. (continued)

<u>Company</u>	Investment <u>Grade</u> RM'000	<u>Stage 1</u> Non- investment <u>grade</u> RM'000	Investment <u>grade</u> RM'000	<u>Stage 2</u> Non- investment <u>grade</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
31 December 2025					
Reinsurance contract assets [^]	335,679	16,464	-	-	352,143
Financial assets at amortised cost					
- Staff loans	-	52	-	-	52
- Fixed and call deposits	727,536	-	-	-	727,536
- Other receivables*	-	6,530	-	-	6,530
- Cash and bank balances	41,449	26	-	-	41,475
Gross carrying amount	<u>1,104,664</u>	<u>23,072</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,127,736</u>
ECL	-	277	-	-	277
Net carrying amount	<u>1,104,664</u>	<u>22,795</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,127,459</u>
31 December 2024					
Reinsurance contract assets [^]	419,924	42,744	-	-	462,668
Financial assets at amortised cost					
- Staff loans	-	78	-	-	78
- Fixed and call deposits	703,393	-	-	-	703,393
- Other receivables*	-	5,488	-	-	5,488
- Cash and bank balances	66,815	26	-	-	66,841
Gross carrying amount	<u>1,190,132</u>	<u>48,336</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,238,468</u>
ECL	-	353	-	-	353
Net carrying amount	<u>1,190,132</u>	<u>47,983</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,238,115</u>

* Excluding balance with prepayments and MMIP

[^] Reinsurance contract assets only include AIC

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about counterparty default experience.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)

Credit exposure by credit rating (continued)

The table below provides information regarding the credit risk exposure of the Group and the Company by classifying assets according to the Rating Agency of Malaysia's ("RAM") or Malaysian Rating Corporation Berhad's ("MARC") credit ratings of counterparties. AAA is the highest possible rating. Assets that fall outside the range of AAA to BBB are classified as speculative grade.

<u>Group</u>	<u>AAA</u> RM'000	<u>AA+ to AA-</u> RM'000	<u>A+ to A-</u> RM'000	<u>BBB</u> RM'000	<u>B+</u> RM'000	<u>Not rated</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
31 December 2025							
FVTPL financial assets							
Unit trust funds	-	-	-	-	-	91,192	91,192
FVOCI financial assets							
Malaysian Government Securities	-	-	-	-	-	127,965	127,965
Government Investment Issues	-	-	-	-	-	131,728	131,728
Corporate debt securities	487,336	969,389	-	-	-	752,677	2,209,402
Reinsurance contract assets [^]	-	43,666	292,013	-	-	16,464	352,143
Financial assets at amortised cost							
Staff loans	-	-	-	-	-	52	52
Fixed and call deposits	476,199	212,073	-	111,354	-	-	799,626
Other receivables*	-	-	-	-	-	6,530	6,530
Cash and bank balances	39,772	1,672	5	-	-	1,061	42,510
	<u>1,003,307</u>	<u>1,226,800</u>	<u>292,018</u>	<u>111,354</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,127,669</u>	<u>3,761,148</u>

* Excluding balance with prepayments and MMIP

[^] Reinsurance contract assets only include AIC

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)

Credit exposure by credit rating (continued)

The table below provides information regarding the credit risk exposure of the Group and the Company by classifying assets according to the Rating Agency of Malaysia's ("RAM") or Malaysian Rating Corporation Berhad's ("MARC") credit ratings of counterparties. AAA is the highest possible rating. Assets that fall outside the range of AAA to BBB are classified as speculative grade. (continued)

<u>Group</u>	<u>AAA</u> RM'000	<u>AA+ to AA-</u> RM'000	<u>A+ to AA-</u> RM'000	<u>BBB</u> RM'000	<u>B+</u> RM'000	<u>Not rated</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
31 December 2024							
FVTPL financial assets							
Unit trust funds	-	-	-	-	-	80,694	80,694
FVOCI financial assets							
Malaysian Government Securities	-	-	-	-	-	180,405	180,405
Government Investment Issues	-	-	-	-	-	149,492	149,492
Corporate debt securities	461,418	809,155	-	-	9,738	611,212	1,891,523
Reinsurance contract assets [^]	-	63,533	356,391	-	-	42,744	462,668
Financial assets at amortised cost							
Staff loans	-	-	-	-	-	78	78
Fixed and call deposits	441,666	182,402	-	124,060	-	-	748,128
Other receivables*	-	-	-	-	-	5,488	5,488
Cash and bank balances	65,404	1,147	326	-	-	26	66,903
	<u>968,488</u>	<u>1,056,237</u>	<u>356,717</u>	<u>124,060</u>	<u>9,738</u>	<u>1,070,139</u>	<u>3,585,379</u>

* Excluding balance with prepayments and MMIP

[^] Reinsurance contract assets only include AIC

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)

Credit exposure by credit rating (continued)

The table below provides information regarding the credit risk exposure of the Group and the Company by classifying assets according to the Rating Agency of Malaysia's ("RAM") or Malaysian Rating Corporation Berhad's ("MARC") credit ratings of counterparties. AAA is the highest possible rating. Assets that fall outside the range of AAA to BBB are classified as speculative grade. (continued)

<u>Company</u>	<u>AAA</u> RM'000	<u>AA+ to AA-</u> RM'000	<u>A+ to A-</u> RM'000	<u>BBB</u> RM'000	<u>Not rated</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
31 December 2025						
FVTPL financial assets						
Unit trust funds	-	-	-	-	2,539,971	2,539,971
Reinsurance contract assets^	-	43,666	292,013	-	16,464	352,143
Financial assets at amortised cost						
Staff loans	-	-	-	-	52	52
Fixed and call deposits	404,110	212,073	-	111,353	-	727,536
Other receivables*	-	-	-	-	6,530	6,530
Cash and bank balances	39,772	1,672	5	-	26	41,475
	<u>443,882</u>	<u>257,411</u>	<u>292,018</u>	<u>111,353</u>	<u>2,563,043</u>	<u>3,667,707</u>

* Excluding balance with prepayments and MMIP

^ Reinsurance contract assets only include AIC

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)

Credit exposure by credit rating (continued)

The table below provides information regarding the credit risk exposure of the Group and the Company by classifying assets according to the Rating Agency of Malaysia's ("RAM") or Malaysian Rating Corporation Berhad's ("MARC") credit ratings of counterparties. AAA is the highest possible rating. Assets that fall outside the range of AAA to BBB are classified as speculative grade. (continued)

<u>Company</u>	<u>AAA</u> RM'000	<u>AA+ to AA-</u> RM'000	<u>A+ to A-</u> RM'000	<u>BBB</u> RM'000	<u>Not rated</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
31 December 2024						
FVTPL financial assets						
Unit trust funds	-	-	-	-	2,257,634	2,257,634
Reinsurance contract assets [^]	-	63,533	356,391	-	42,744	462,668
Financial assets at amortised cost						
Staff loans	-	-	-	-	78	78
Fixed and call deposits	396,932	182,401	-	124,060	-	703,393
Other receivables*	-	-	-	-	5,488	5,488
Cash and bank balances	65,342	1,147	326	-	26	66,841
	<u>462,274</u>	<u>247,081</u>	<u>356,717</u>	<u>124,060</u>	<u>2,305,970</u>	<u>3,496,102</u>

* Excluding balance with prepayments and MMIP

[^] Reinsurance contract assets only include AIC

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)

Credit exposure by credit rating (continued)

The table below provides information regarding the credit risk exposure of the Group and the Company according to the Group's and Company's categorisation of counter-parties by RAM's credit rating.

<u>Group</u>	<u>AAA</u> RM'000	<u>AA+ to AA-</u> RM'000	<u>A+ to A-</u> RM'000	<u>BBB</u> RM'000	<u>B+</u> RM'000	<u>Not rated</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
31 December 2025							
Investment grade	1,003,307	1,226,800	292,018	111,354	-	-	2,633,479
Non-investment grade:							
Satisfactory	-	-	-	-	-	1,127,669	1,127,669
	<u>1,003,307</u>	<u>1,226,800</u>	<u>292,018</u>	<u>111,354</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,127,669</u>	<u>3,761,148</u>
31 December 2024							
Investment grade	968,488	1,056,237	356,717	124,060	-	-	2,505,502
Non-investment grade:							
Satisfactory	-	-	-	-	9,738	1,070,139	1,079,877
	<u>968,488</u>	<u>1,056,237</u>	<u>356,717</u>	<u>124,060</u>	<u>9,738</u>	<u>1,070,139</u>	<u>3,585,379</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)

Credit exposure by credit rating (continued)

The table below provides information regarding the credit risk exposure of the Group and the Company according to the Group's and the Company's categorisation of counter-parties by RAM's credit rating. (continued)

<u>Company</u>	<u>AAA</u> RM'000	<u>AA+ to AA-</u> RM'000	<u>A+ to A-</u> RM'000	<u>BBB</u> RM'000	<u>Not rated</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
31 December 2025						
Investment grade	443,882	257,411	292,018	111,353	-	1,104,664
Non-investment grade						
Satisfactory	-	-	-	-	2,563,043	2,563,043
	<u>443,882</u>	<u>257,411</u>	<u>292,018</u>	<u>111,353</u>	<u>2,563,043</u>	<u>3,667,707</u>
31 December 2024						
Investment grade	462,274	247,081	356,717	124,060	-	1,190,132
Non-investment grade						
Satisfactory	-	-	-	-	2,305,970	2,305,970
	<u>462,274</u>	<u>247,081</u>	<u>356,717</u>	<u>124,060</u>	<u>2,305,970</u>	<u>3,496,102</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 **FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)**

Credit exposure by credit rating (continued)

It is the Group's and the Company's policy to maintain accurate and consistent risk ratings across its credit portfolio. This enables management to focus on the applicable risks and the comparison of credit exposures across all lines of business and products. The rating system is supported by a variety of financial analytics combined with processed market information to provide the main inputs for the measurement of counterparty risk. All internal risk ratings are tailored to the various categories and are derived in accordance with the Group's and the Company's rating policy. The attributable risk ratings are assessed and updated regularly.

During the year, no credit exposure limits were exceeded.

The Group and the Company actively manage their product mix to ensure that there is no significant concentration of credit risk.

The following tables explain the changes in the loss allowance for FVOCI debt securities between the beginning and the end of the annual period:

	Stage 1 12-month <u>ECL</u> RM'000	Stage 2 Life Time <u>ECL</u> RM'000	Stage 3 Life Time <u>ECL</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
Corporate debt securities				
At 1 January 2025	153	85	17,876	18,114
<u>Movements with P&L Impacts</u>				
Originated or purchased	37	-	-	37
Matured or sold	(26)	(85)	-	(111)
Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs	(3)	-	-	(3)
At 31 December 2025	<u>161</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,876</u>	<u>18,037</u>
At 1 January 2024	169	115	17,876	18,160
<u>Movement with P&L Impacts</u>				
Originated or purchased	20	-	-	20
Matured or sold	(35)	(17)	-	(52)
Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs	(1)	(13)	-	(14)
At 31 December 2024	<u>153</u>	<u>85</u>	<u>17,876</u>	<u>18,114</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 **FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)**

Credit exposure by credit rating (continued)

The following tables explain the changes in the loss allowance for FVOCI debt securities between the beginning and the end of the annual period (continued):

Staff Loans	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	12-month	Life Time	Life Time	
	<u>ECL</u>	<u>ECL</u>	<u>ECL</u>	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2025	13	-	-	13
Write off	-	-	-	-
At 31 December 2025	<u>13</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13</u>
At 1 January 2024	13	-	-	13
Write off	-	-	-	-
At 31 December 2024	<u>13</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13</u>

Reinsurance contract assets	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	12-month	Life Time	Life Time	
	<u>ECL</u>	<u>ECL</u>	<u>ECL</u>	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2025	340	-	-	340
Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs	(76)	-	-	(76)
At 31 December 2025	<u>264</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>264</u>
At 1 January 2024	488	-	-	488
Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs	(148)	-	-	(148)
At 31 December 2024	<u>340</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>340</u>

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 **FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)**

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group and Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial instruments. In respect of catastrophic events, there is also a liquidity risk associated with the timing differences between gross cash outflows and expected reinsurance recoveries. The Group's and Company's policy is to maintain adequate liquidity to meet its liquidity needs under all conditions.

There are guidelines on asset allocation, portfolio limit structures and maturity profiles of assets, in order to ensure sufficient funding is available to meet insurance and investment contracts obligations.

The Group's and Company's catastrophe excess-of-loss reinsurance contract contains clauses permitting the Group and Company to make cash call claims and receive immediate payment for large loss should claim events exceed a certain amount.

Maturity profiles

The table in the following page summarises the timing of the remaining undiscounted contractual obligation including interest payable and receivable from financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group and Company.

For insurance contracts liabilities and reinsurance contracts assets, maturity profiles are determined based on estimated timing of present value net cash outflows from the recognised insurance liabilities.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (continued)

<u>Group</u>	<u>Carrying value</u> RM'000	<u>No maturity Date</u> RM'000	<u>Contractual Cash Flow</u>						<u>Total</u> RM'000
			<u>Up to a year</u> RM'000	<u>2 years</u> RM'000	<u>3 years</u> RM'000	<u>4 years</u> RM'000	<u>5 years</u> RM'000	<u>6 – 15 years</u> RM'000	
31 December 2025									
Financial investments:									
FVTPL	91,192	91,192	-	-	-	-	-	-	91,192
FVOCI	2,469,095	-	191,095	239,180	364,844	418,329	405,418	1,313,644	2,932,510
Reinsurance contract assets for incurred claims	352,143	-	218,262	85,669	31,241	10,217	4,522	2,232	352,143
Financial assets at amortised cost	806,208	-	805,628	467	179	1	-	-	806,275
Cash and bank balances	42,510	42,510	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,510
Total financial assets	3,761,148	133,702	1,214,985	325,316	396,264	428,547	409,940	1,315,876	4,224,630
Insurance contract liabilities for incurred claims	1,387,720	-	787,679	354,722	154,563	58,163	22,358	10,235	1,387,720
Other payables	109,003	14,669	93,268	717	290	51	-	8	109,003
Lease liabilities and asset restoration	26,437	-	6,828	8,382	7,184	5,228	584	766	28,972
Total financial liabilities	1,523,160	14,669	887,775	363,821	162,037	63,442	22,942	11,009	1,525,695

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (continued)

<u>Group</u>	<u>Carrying value</u> RM'000	<u>No maturity Date</u> RM'000	<u>Contractual Cash Flow</u>						<u>Total</u> RM'000
			<u>Up to a year</u> RM'000	<u>2 years</u> RM'000	<u>3 years</u> RM'000	<u>4 years</u> RM'000	<u>5 years</u> RM'000	<u>6 – 15 years</u> RM'000	
31 December 2024									
Financial investments:									
FVTPL	80,694	80,694	-	-	-	-	-	-	80,694
FVOCI	2,221,420	-	137,684	217,368	344,077	422,171	357,084	1,194,692	2,673,076
Reinsurance contract assets for incurred claims	462,668	-	266,405	132,025	41,487	13,951	5,642	3,158	462,668
Financial assets at amortised cost	753,694	-	753,213	297	171	80	-	-	753,761
Cash and bank balances	66,903	66,903	-	-	-	-	-	-	66,903
Total financial assets	3,585,379	147,597	1,157,302	349,690	385,735	436,202	362,726	1,197,850	4,037,102
Insurance contract liabilities for incurred claims	1,404,998	-	796,054	373,607	146,866	56,158	21,620	10,693	1,404,998
Other payables	90,108	14,669	73,861	1,330	192	50	5	1	90,108
Lease liabilities and asset restoration	29,598	-	7,247	8,200	7,667	6,686	2,932	388	33,120
Total financial liabilities	1,524,704	14,669	877,162	383,137	154,725	62,894	24,557	11,082	1,528,226

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (continued)

<u>Company</u>	<u>Carrying value</u> RM'000	<u>No maturity date</u> RM'000	<u>Contractual Cash Flow</u>						<u>Total</u> RM'000
			<u>Up to a year</u> RM'000	<u>2 years</u> RM'000	<u>3 years</u> RM'000	<u>4 years</u> RM'000	<u>5 years</u> RM'000	<u>6 – 15 years</u> RM'000	
31 December 2025									
Financial investments:									
FVTPL	2,539,971	2,539,971	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,539,971
Reinsurance contract assets for incurred claims	352,143	-	218,262	85,669	31,241	10,217	4,522	2,232	352,143
Financial assets at amortised cost	734,118	-	733,538	467	179	1	-	-	734,185
Cash and bank balances	41,475	41,475	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,475
Total financial assets	3,667,707	2,581,446	951,800	86,136	31,420	10,218	4,522	2,232	3,667,774
Insurance contract liabilities for incurred claims	1,387,720	-	787,679	354,722	154,563	58,163	22,358	10,235	1,387,720
Other payables	108,446	14,669	92,711	717	290	51	-	8	108,446
Lease liabilities and asset restoration	26,437	-	6,828	8,382	7,184	5,228	584	766	28,972
Total financial liabilities	1,522,603	14,669	887,218	363,821	162,037	63,442	22,942	11,009	1,525,138

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (continued)

<u>Company</u>	<u>Carrying value</u> RM'000	<u>No maturity date</u> RM'000	<u>Contractual Cash Flow</u>						<u>Total</u> RM'000
			<u>Up to a year</u> RM'000	<u>2 years</u> RM'000	<u>3 years</u> RM'000	<u>4 years</u> RM'000	<u>5 years</u> RM'000	<u>6 – 15 years</u> RM'000	
31 December 2024									
Financial investments:									
FVTPL	2,257,634	2,257,634	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,257,634
Reinsurance contract assets for incurred claims	462,668	-	266,405	132,025	41,487	13,951	5,642	3,158	462,668
Financial assets at amortised cost	708,959	-	708,478	297	171	80	-	-	709,026
Cash and bank balances	66,841	66,841	-	-	-	-	-	-	66,841
Total financial assets	3,496,102	2,324,475	974,883	132,322	41,658	14,031	5,642	3,158	3,496,169
Insurance contract liabilities for incurred claims	1,404,998	-	796,054	373,607	146,866	56,158	21,620	10,693	1,404,998
Other payables	89,639	14,669	73,392	1,330	192	50	5	1	89,639
Lease liabilities and asset restoration	29,598	-	7,247	8,200	7,667	6,686	2,932	388	33,120
Total financial liabilities	1,524,235	14,669	876,693	383,137	154,725	62,894	24,557	11,082	1,527,757

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 **FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)**

Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below summarises the expected utilisation or settlement of assets and liabilities.

<u>Group</u>	<u>Current*</u> RM'000	<u>Non-current</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
31 December 2025			
Property, plant and equipment	-	52,828	52,828
Intangible assets	-	179,943	179,943
Financial assets – FVTPL	-	91,192	91,192
Financial assets – FVOCI	191,095	2,278,000	2,469,095
Reinsurance contract assets	215,008	133,881	348,889
Financial assets at amortised cost and other receivables	853,300	647	853,947
Cash and bank balances	42,510	-	42,510
Total assets	1,301,913	2,736,491	4,038,404
Deferred tax liabilities	(3,027)	26,472	23,445
Insurance contract liabilities	1,446,113	600,040	2,046,153
Provision for taxation	12,300	-	12,300
Third party interests in consolidated fund	-	92,884	92,884
Other payables	113,617	21,823	135,440
Total liabilities	1,569,003	741,219	2,310,222
31 December 2024			
Property, plant and equipment	-	54,949	54,949
Intangible assets	-	179,943	179,943
Financial assets – FVTPL	-	80,694	80,694
Financial assets – FVOCI	137,684	2,083,736	2,221,420
Reinsurance contract assets	260,321	196,263	456,584
Financial assets at amortised cost and other receivables	801,407	522	801,929
Cash and bank balances	66,903	-	66,903
Total assets	1,266,315	2,596,107	3,862,422
Deferred tax liabilities	2,121	19,408	21,529
Insurance contract liabilities	1,402,763	608,944	2,011,707
Provision for taxation	7,417	-	7,417
Third party interests in consolidated fund	-	88,808	88,808
Other payables	94,413	25,293	119,706
Total liabilities	1,506,714	742,453	2,249,167

* Expected utilisation or settlement within 12 months from the date of the statement of financial position.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 **FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)**

Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below summarises the expected utilisation or settlement of assets and liabilities.
(continued)

<u>Company</u>	<u>Current*</u> RM'000	<u>Non-current</u> RM'000	<u>Total</u> RM'000
31 December 2025			
Property, plant and equipment	-	52,828	52,828
Intangible assets	-	179,943	179,943
Financial assets – FVTPL	-	2,539,971	2,539,971
Reinsurance contract assets	215,008	133,881	348,889
Financial assets at amortised cost and other receivables	781,210	647	781,857
Cash and bank balances	41,475	-	41,475
Total assets	1,037,693	2,907,270	3,944,963
Deferred tax liabilities	(3,027)	26,472	23,445
Insurance contract liabilities	1,446,113	600,040	2,046,153
Provision for taxation	12,300	-	12,300
Other payables	113,060	21,823	134,883
Total liabilities	1,568,446	648,335	2,216,781
31 December 2024			
Property, plant and equipment	-	54,949	54,949
Intangible assets	-	179,943	179,943
Financial assets – FVTPL	-	2,257,634	2,257,634
Reinsurance contract assets	260,321	196,263	456,584
Financial assets at amortised cost and other receivables	756,672	522	757,194
Cash and bank balances	66,841	-	66,841
Total assets	1,083,834	2,689,311	3,773,145
Deferred tax liabilities	2,121	19,408	21,529
Insurance contract liabilities	1,402,763	608,944	2,011,707
Provision for taxation	7,417	-	7,417
Other payables	93,944	25,293	119,237
Total liabilities	1,506,245	653,645	2,159,890

* Expected utilisation or settlement within 12 months from the date of the statement of financial position.

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 **FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)**

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of the potential adverse changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three (3) types of risk – market interest rates risk, foreign exchange rates (currency risk), and market prices (price risk).

The Group and the Company invest in unit trusts and fixed income securities either managed internally or outsourced to professional fund managers. To deal with these risks, the Board has formulated investment policies and strategies and meetings were held during the financial year to monitor the performance of the fund managers.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rate.

Floating rate instruments expose the Group and the Company to cash flow interest risk, whereas fixed rate instruments expose the Group and the Company to fair value interest.

Changes in the market interest rates will affect the Group's and the Company's investment earnings as the Group and the Company place part of their excess funds in interest bearing instruments and bank deposits. The Group and the Company therefore have set strict investment guidelines in place that provide for careful selection of issuers and financial institutions to ensure that the risks are well spread and the investments generate favourable as well as safe returns for the shareholders.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on the deposits and fixed income securities of the Group and the Company:

<u>Group</u>	Impact on profit <u>before tax</u> RM'000	Impact on profit <u>after tax/ equity*</u> RM'000
31 December 2025		
Change in interest rates		
+ 50 basis points	15,491	11,774
- 50 basis points	(15,491)	(11,774)
31 December 2024		
Change in interest rates		
+ 50 basis points	13,766	10,462
- 50 basis points	(13,766)	(10,462)

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)

Interest rate risk (continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on the deposits and fixed income securities of the Group and the Company: (continued)

<u>Company</u>	Impact on profit <u>before tax</u> RM'000	Impact on profit <u>after tax/ equity*</u> RM'000
31 December 2025		
Change in interest rates		
+ 50 basis points	3,525	2,679
- 50 basis points	(3,525)	(2,679)
31 December 2024		
Change in interest rates		
+ 50 basis points	3,163	2,404
- 50 basis points	(3,163)	(2,404)

* Impact on equity reflects adjustments for tax, when applicable

Foreign currency risk

The Group and the Company are exposed to foreign currency risks on transactions that are denominated other than in Ringgit Malaysia. These exposures are monitored on an ongoing basis, and the Group's and the Company's exposure is minimal.

The Group and the Company do not hedge their foreign currency risk.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

31 **FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED)**

Price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate/profit yield risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer or factors affecting similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Group's and the Company's equity price risk exposure relates to financial assets and financial liabilities whose values will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Group's and the Company's price risk policy requires it to manage such risks by setting and monitoring objectives and constraints on investments, diversification plans, limits on investments in each country, sector, market and issuer, having regard also to such limits stipulated by BNM. The Group and the Company comply with BNM stipulated limits during the financial year and has no significant concentration of price risk.

There is no significant movement in key variables, thereof having no impact on profit after tax (due to changes in fair value of financial assets and liabilities whose changes in fair values are recorded in income statement) and equity (that reflects adjustments to profit after tax and changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income) using FBM KLCI or other market indices.

Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss arising from system failure, human error, fraud or external events. When controls fail to perform, operational risks can cause damage to reputation, have legal or regulatory implications or can lead to financial loss.

The Group and the Company cannot expect to eliminate all operational risks but by initiating a rigorous control framework and by monitoring and responding to potential risks, the Group and the Company are able to manage the risks. Controls include effective segregation of duties, access controls, authorisation and reconciliation procedures, staff training and evaluation procedures, including the use of Internal Audit.

Business risks, such as, changes in environment, technology and the industry are monitored through the Group's and the Company's strategic planning and budgeting process.

Registration No.

198601000381 (149520-U)

TOKIO MARINE INSURANS (MALAYSIA) BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2025 (CONTINUED)

32 REGULATORY CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Regulatory capital is the minimum amount of assets that must be held throughout the financial year to meet statutory solvency requirements governed under the Risk-Based Capital Framework ("Framework"). As part of the statutory requirements, the Company is required to provide a capital position on a quarterly basis to Bank Negara Malaysia.

The capital structure of the Company as at 31 December 2025, as prescribed under the Framework, is provided below:

		Company	
	Note	2025	2024
		RM'000	RM'000
<u>Eligible Tier 1 Capital</u>			
Share capital (paid-up)	11	403,471	403,471
Retained earnings*		1,246,987	1,124,720
		<u>1,650,458</u>	<u>1,528,191</u>
<u>Tier 2 Capital</u>			
Revaluation reserve	13	7,196	7,196
		<u>7,196</u>	<u>7,196</u>
Amounts deducted from Capital		<u>(179,943)</u>	<u>(183,004)</u>
Total Capital Available		<u>1,477,711</u>	<u>1,352,383</u>

* Retained earnings as computed under the Framework is different from the Retained earnings computed under MFRS 17 and will not agree to the amount stated in the Statement of Financial Position.

The Company has met the minimum capital requirements specified in the Framework for the financial years ended 31 December 2025 and 31 December 2024.