TOKIO MARINE SAFETY INSURANCE (THAILAND) PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

31 MARCH 2025



AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE REVIEW OF THE INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the Board of Directors of Tokio Marine Safety Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited

I have reviewed the interim financial information of Tokio Marine Safety Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2025, the related statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity, and cash flows for the three-month period then ended, and the condensed notes to the interim financial information. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with Thai Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting". My responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on my review.

Scope of review

I conducted my review in accordance with Thai Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable me to obtain assurance that I would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, I do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on my review, nothing has come to my attention that causes me to believe that the accompanying interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Thai Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting".

PricewaterhouseCoopers ABAS Ltd.

Harin Artamnuayvipas

Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 10950

Bangkok

13 May 2025

	Notes	(Unaudited) 31 March 2025 Thousand Baht	(Restated) 31 December 2024 Thousand Baht	(Restated) 1 January 2024 Thousand Baht
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Accrued investment income	8	1,014,579 132,085	469,546 92,541	542,920 88,288
Reinsurance contract assets	13	1,399,483	1,236,605	1,371,346
Financial assets - Debt instruments	9	20,369,417	20,442,217	20,776,797
Financial assets - Equity instruments	10	63,972	50,817	98,566
Loan and accrued interest receivable		40,796	46,062	43,487
Land, building and equipment, net		551,894	565,590	624,950
Intangible assets, net		47,550	52,231	65,356
Deferred tax assets	11	997,702	989,925	1,120,423
Other assets	12, 18	297,551	286,688	279,765
Total assets		24,915,029	24,232,222	25,011,898



Director

Liabilities and equity	Notes	(Unaudited) 31 March 2025 Thousand Baht	(Restated) 31 December 2024 Thousand Baht	(Restated) 1 January 2024 Thousand Baht
Liabilities				
Insurance contract liabilities	13, 18	13,552,116	12,982,098	13,818,000
Reinsurance contract liabilities	13, 18	17,976	288,779	244,867
Corporate Income tax payable		138,493	28,357	294,719
Employee benefit obligation		34,784	46,609	43,280
Other liabilities	14, 18	390,226	591,605	398,866
Total liabilities		14,133,595	13,937,448	14,799,732
Equity				
Share capital				
Authorized share capital				
409,695,870 ordinary shares of Baht 10 each	:	4,096,959	4,096,959	4,096,959
Issued and paid-up share capital				
409,695,870 ordinary shares of Baht 10 each		4,096,959	4,096,959	4,096,959
Share premium		4,962,744	4,962,744	4,962,744
Deficit from business combination		(3,862,000)	(3,862,000)	(3,862,000)
Retained earnings				
Appropriated				
Legal reserve		409,696	409,696	409,696
Unappropriated		5,189,689	4,766,042	4,760,847
Other components of equity	-	(15,654)	(78,667)	(156,080)
Total equity	-	10,781,434	10,294,774	10,212,166
Total liabilities and equity	-	24,915,029	24,232,222	25,011,898

	Notes	(Unaudited) 2025 Thousand Baht	(Restated) 2024 Thousand Baht
Income			
Insurance revenue	15	5,224,567	5,147,006
Insurance service expenses	15	(4,797,382)	(3,488,529)
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held	15	28,636	(273,304)
Insurance service result		455,821	1,385,173
Investment income		114,164	115,323
Gains from financial instruments		10,066	5,399
Gains (losses) from remeasurement of financial instruments		9,947	(67)
Net investment income		134,177	120,655
Net finance expenses from insurance contracts issued	13	(49,648)	(57,592)
Net finance income from reinsurance contract held	13	11,638	11,544
Net insurance finance expenses		(38,010)	(46,048)
Net investment income and insurance finance expenses		96,167	74,607
Finance costs		(2,944)	(3,448)
Operating expenses		(36,521)	(33,857)
Other revenue	18	17,960	21,274
Profit before income tax		530,483	1,443,749
Income tax expenses	16	(106,836)	(289,539)
Net profit for the period		423,647	1,154,210

The accompanying condensed notes to interim financial information are an integral part of these interim financial information.

		(Unaudited) 31 March 2025	(Restated) 31 March 2024
	Note	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht
Other comprehensive income (loss)			
Items that will be reclassified subsequently			
to profit or loss			
Gain on investments in debt instruments measured			
at fair value through other comprehensive income		69,561	64,020
Changes in the fair value of debt instruments measured			
at fair value through other comprehensive income			
transferred to profit or loss		(553)	(471)
Income tax on items that will be reclassified			
subsequently to profit or loss		(16,518)	(12,548)
Total items that will be reclassified subsequently			
to profit or loss		52,490	51,001
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently			
to profit or loss			
Gains (losses) on investments in equity instruments measured			
at fair value through other comprehensive income		13,154	(48,176)
Income tax on items that will not be reclassified to			
profit or loss		(2,631)	9,635
Total items that will not be reclassified subsequently			
to profit or loss		10,523	(38,541)
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax		63,013	12,460
Total comprehensive income for the period		486,660	1,166,670
Earnings per share			
Basic earnings per share	17	1.03	2.82

The accompanying condensed notes to interim financial information are an integral part of these interim financial information.

Tokio Marine Safety Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited Statement of Changes in Equity (Unaudited)
For the three-month period ended 31 March 2025

					Retained	Retained earnings	Other comprehensive income	
		for ponds		1000			Debt and Equity instruments	
		Displant and		Deficit from			designated at fair	
		dn-nied		pusiness			value through other	
		share capital	Share premium	combination	Legal reserve	Unappropriated	comprehensive income	Total
	Note	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht				
Balance as at 1 January 2025 - previously reported		4,096,959	4,962,744	(3,862,000)	409,696	2,062,890	(78,667)	7,591,622
Retrospective adjustments from new financial reporting standard	4	'	1		'	2,703,152		2,703,152
Balance as at 1 January 2025 - restated		4,096,959	4,962,744	(3,862,000)	409,696	4,766,042	(78,667)	10,294,774
Net profit for the period		•	1	I	•	423,647	r	423,647
Other comprehensive income for the period			l			1	63,013	63,013
Ending Balance as at 31 March 2025		4,096,959	4,962,744	(3,862,000)	409,696	5,189,689	(15,654)	10,781,434
Balance as at 1 January 2024 - previously reported		4,096,959	4.962.744	(3.862.000)	409 696	1 980 632	145 DON	130 404 7
Retrospective adjustments from new financial reporting standard	4					2,780,215	(00,001)	2,780,215
Balance as at 1 January 2024 - restated		4,096,959	4,962,744	(3,862,000)	409,696	4,760,847	(156,080)	10,212,166
Net profit for the period Other comprehensive income for the period		, ,	, ,		•	1,154,210	1 00	1,154,210
						'	12,460	12,460
Ending Balance as at 31 March 2024		4,096,959	4,962,744	(3,862,000)	409,696	5,915,057	(143,620)	11,378,836

The accompanying condensed notes to interim financial information are an integral part of these interim financial information.

		(Unaudited) 2025	(Restated) 2024
	Notes	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht
Cash flows provided from (used in) operating activities			
Written premium received	13	5,466,879	5,713,330
Premiums ceded paid net of ceding commissions and other directly			
attributable expenses paid	13	(532,261)	(888,495)
Recoveries from reinsurance	13	138,854	251,854
Interest received		71,854	78,661
Other income		19,247	19,923
Claims and other directly attributable expenses paid	13	(2,922,072)	(2,855,032)
Insurance acquisition cash flows	13	(1,597,252)	(1,621,229)
Operating expenses		(48,161)	(132,490)
Income tax paid		(23,624)	(25,429)
Cash paid for deposit at financial institutions			
with original maturing more than 3 months		**	(207,000)
Cash received from selling and maturity investment in securities		2,601,102	2,224,387
Cash received from loans		6,427	3,764
Cash paid for investment in securities		(2,613,995)	(2,267,146)
Cash paid for loans	_	(1,162)	(3,715)
Net cash provided from operating activities	_	565,836	291,383
Cash flows provided from (used in) investing activities			
Cash flows provided			
Building improvement and equipment	_	1,307	2,496
Net cash provided from investing activities	_	1,307	2,496
Cash flows used			
Building improvement and equipment	_	(11,714)	(11,671)
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(11,714)	(11,671)
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(10,407)	(9,175)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Payments on lease liabilities		(10,396)	(10,396)
	-	(10,000)	(10,000)
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(10,396)	(10,396)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		545,033	· 271,812
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	8 _	469,546	542,920
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	8 =	1,014,579	814,732

The accompanying condensed notes to interim financial information are an integral part of these interim financial information.

1 General information

Tokio Marine Safety Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited ("the Company") is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in Thailand. The address of its registered office is as follows:

2nd - 6th Floors, S&A Building, No.302 Silom Road, Suriyawong, Bangrak, Bangkok.

The Company has 92 branches. The principal business operation of the Company is the provision of non-life insurance.

The Company has a shareholding structure as follows:

Shareholder	Country	Type of share	Shareholding portion (%)
Tokio Marine & Nichido			
Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.	Japan	Ordinary	48.83
TMF Holding (Thailand) Limited	Thailand	Ordinary	25,25
NHCT Ltd.	Thailand	Ordinary	25.20
Tokio Marine Asia Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Ordinary	0.05
Others	Thailand, China, USĀ, Japan and Singapore	Ordinary	0.67
Total			100.00

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Company's board of directors on 13 May 2025.

2 Basis of preparation

The interim financial information has been prepared in accordance with Thai Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting. The primary financial information (statement of financial position, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in Head Office's equity and statement of cash flows) is presented in a format consistent with the annual financial statements complying with Thai Accounting Standard 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. In addition, the interim financial information presentation is based on the formats of life insurance interim financial information attached in an Office of Insurance Commission's notification "Principle, methodology, condition and timing for preparation and submission of financial statements for life insurance company B.E. 2566" dated on 8 February 2023 ("OIC Notification"). The notes to the interim financial information are prepared in a condensed format. Additional notes are presented as required by the a forementioned OIC Notification.

The interim financial information should be read together with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024.

An English version of the interim financial information has been prepared from the interim financial information that is in the Thai language. In the event of a conflict or a difference in interpretation between the two languages, the Thai language interim financial information shall prevail.

Income taxes in the interim periods are accrued by using the expected income taxes in the interim period.

- 3 New financial reporting standard and material accounting policies
- 3.1 New financial reporting standard that is effective for the accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2025 which is relevant and has significant impacts on the Company.
 - a) TFRS 17 Insurance Contracts TFRS 17 has replaced TFRS 4 Insurance Contracts.

It requires a current measurement model where estimates are remeasured in each reporting period. Contracts are measured using the building blocks of:

- discounted probability weighted cash flows
- · an explicit risk adjustment, and
- a contractual service margin (CSM) representing the unearned profit of the contract which is recognised
 as revenue over the coverage period.

The standard allows a choice between recognising changes in discount rates either in the statement of profit or loss or directly in other comprehensive income. The choice is likely to reflect how insurers account for their financial assets under TFRS 9.

An optional, simplified premium allocation approach is permitted for the liability for the remaining coverage for eligible groups of insurance contracts, which are often written by non-life insurers.

There is a modification of the general measurement model called the 'variable fee approach' for certain contracts written by life insurers where policyholders share in the returns from underlying items. When applying the variable fee approach, the Company's share of the fair value changes of the underlying items is included in the CSM. The results of insurers using this model are therefore likely to be less volatile than under the general model.

Adopting TFRS 17, the Branch can choose to recognise any cumulative negative impacts from insurance contract liabilities in retained earnings by applying the straight-line method, using no more than a three-year period from the transition date.

The new standard will affect the financial statements and key performance indicators of all entities that issue insurance contracts or investment contracts with discretionary participation features.

The impact from the first-time adoption of TFRS 17 Insurance Contracts has been disclosed in Note 4.

3.2 Material accounting policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the interim financial information are consistent with those used in the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024, except for the adoption of new financial reporting standards as described in Note 3.1.

3.2.1 Insurance contracts and reinsurance contracts held

The Company issues contracts that transfer insurance risk.

An insurance contract is a contract that transfers significant insurance risk. The insurance contracts that the Company (the insurer) accepts significant insurance risk from another party (the policyholder) by agreeing to compensate the policyholder if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the policyholder. According to the application guidance, the Company typically evaluates whether there is significant insurance risk by comparing the benefits payable with the benefits that would be paid if the insured event does not occur.

An investment contract is one that does not transfer significant insurance risk.

When an insurance contract contains both financial risk components and significant insurance risk components, and the cash flows from both components can be distinguished, differ, and be reliably measured, the value of each component will be separated. The premiums related to the insurance risk component will be considered under the insurance contract criteria, while the remaining component will be treated similarly to deposits and presented in the statement of financial position akin to investment contracts.

a) Separating components

The Company evaluates insurance and reinsurance products to determine whether contracts contain distinct components that need to be separated and are not subjected to TFRS 17. After identifying the distinct components, the Company applies TFRS 17 to the remaining components for insurance contracts.

Insurance contracts with a refund component are not separated under TFRS 17. Any refund provided to the policyholder in all cases will be considered a Non-Distinct Investment Component and measured as part of the insurance contracts.

b) Level of aggregation of the insurance contracts

Insurance contracts are aggregated into groups for measurement purposes. Groups of contracts are determined by identifying portfolios of insurance contracts, each comprising contracts subject to similar risks and managed together, and dividing each portfolio into annual cohorts and profitability of contracts as follows:

- A group of contracts that are onerous on initial recognition
- A group of contracts that, on initial recognition, have no significant possibility of becoming onerous subsequently; and
- A group of remaining contracts in the portfolio.

The Company considers the level of each portfolio reporting according to its policy as a group of contracts with similar risks and managed together. The profitability of the group of contracts is assessed using an actuarial valuation model, take considers existing and new business.

The Company assesses and monitors groups of contracts that are onerous at the level of portfolio reporting annually according to its policy to ensure alignment with facts and circumstances. The objectives are to minimize the cost and determine the appropriate insurance premium.

For groups of contracts that are onerous, these product lines are priced with low margins due to competitive market pricing.

All other contracts that are measured using the premium allocation approach are assumed by the Company to have no onerous contracts when initially recognised in the portfolio, unless there are facts and circumstances indicating otherwise. If facts and circumstances indicate the existence of contracts as onerous, further assessments will be conducted to separate the onerous contracts from those that do not.

The levels of grouping for reinsurance contracts are similar to insurance contracts, except for the profitability characteristics:

- Groups of contracts that net gain position on initial recognition
- Groups of contracts that at initial recognition, have no significant possibility of generating net profit
 in the future.
- Groups of contracts that remain in the portfolio.

c) Recognition

The Company recognises groups of insurance contracts issued from the earliest of following:

- the beginning of the coverage period for the group of contracts
- the date of the first payment from the policyholders in the group due for payment, or if there is no contractual due date, the first payment from the policyholder is deemed to be on the due date when the Company receives the payment.
- for a group of onerous contracts, the date on which the group becomes onerous contract.

The Company recognises groups of reinsurance contracts held from the earlier of the following dates:

- the beginning of the coverage period for the group of reinsurance contracts held, or
- the date the Company recognises an onerous group of underlying insurance if the Company entered the related reinsurance contracts held in the group of reinsurance contracts held on or before that date.

d) Contract boundaries

Cash flows are within the boundary of a contract if they arise from substantive rights and obligations that exist during the reporting period in which the Company can compel the policyholder to pay premiums or in which the Company has a substantive obligation to provide the policy holder with insurance contract services.

A substantive obligation to provide insurance contract services ends when the Company has the practical ability to reassess the risks of the particular policyholder and as a result, can set a price or level of benefits that fully reflect those risks or both of the following criteria are satisfied.

- the Company has the practical ability to reassess the risks of the portfolio of insurance contracts that contains the contract and, can set a price or level of benefits that fully reflects the risks of that portfolio; and
- the pricing of the premiums for coverage up to the reassessment date, does not take into account risks that relate to periods after the reassessment date.

The Company does not recognise any amounts related to expected premiums and expected claims outside the scope of insurance contracts as liabilities or assets, as these amounts pertain to future insurance contracts.

e) Initial and subsequent measurement

Insurance contracts

The Company measures insurance contracts using the Premium Allocation Approach (PAA) for all insurance contracts issued, except for long-term insurance contracts, such as credit insurance and insurance for small businesses, which are measured using the General Measurement Model (GMM). The Company has modeled possible future scenarios and reasonably anticipates that the measurement of liabilities for the remaining coverage of the group of insurance contracts using the PAA will not differ significantly from the measurement under the GMM. In assessing materiality, the Company has considered qualitative factors, such as the nature of the risks and the types of products.

The Company determines the measurement approach for insurance contracts as follows:

Measurement Approach	Portfolio	Measurement Approach
Insurance contracts not measured under the PAA	Credit Insurance	General Measurement Model (GMM)
	Small Business Insurance	General Measurement Model (GMM)
Insurance contracts measured under the PAA	*Fire Insurance	Premium Allocation Approach (PAA)
	Cargo Insurance	Premium Allocation Approach (PAA)
	Hull Insurance	Premium Allocation Approach (PAA)
	*Engineering Insurance	Premium Allocation Approach (PAA)
	*Financial Risk Insurance	Premium Allocation Approach (PAA)
	Health Insurance	Premium Allocation Approach (PAA)
	*Property Risk Insurance	Premium Allocation Approach (PAA)
	Public Liability Insurance	Premium Allocation Approach (PAA)
	*Miscellaneous Others Insurance	Premium Allocation Approach (PAA)
	*Accident Insurance	Premium Allocation Approach (PAA)
	*All Risk Insurance	Premium Allocation Approach (PAA)
	Travel Insurance	Premium Allocation Approach (PAA)
	Compulsory Motor Insurance	Premium Allocation Approach (PAA)
	Voluntary Motor Insurance	Premium Allocation Approach (PAA)

^{*} The Company conducts a suitability test for the Premium Allocation Approach (PAA) within the group of insurance contracts that have durations of more than one year. All insurance contract groups using the Premium Allocation Approach (PAA) for estimating the liability for remaining coverage showed no significant deviations compared to the valuation using the General Measurement Model (GMM). Consequently, these groups of insurance contracts are eligible for the Premium Allocation Approach (PAA).

For groups of non-onerous contracts, the carrying value of the liabilities upon initial recognition is:

- · the premiums (if any) received upon initial recognition,
- · minus any insurance acquisition cash flows at that date,
- plus or minus any amount arising from the derecognition at that date of:
 - . any assets for insurance acquisition cash flows, and
 - any assets or liabilities previously recognised for cash flows related to the group of contracts paid or received before the recognition of the group of insurance contracts.

At the end of each reporting period thereafter, the carrying value of liabilities is the carrying value at the beginning of the reporting period:

- · plus premiums received during the period,
- · minus insurance acquisition cash flows,
- plus any amount related to the amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows that were recognised as expenses in the reporting period,
- · plus any adjustments to financing components,
- minus amounts recognised as insurance revenue for services provided in that period,
- minus any investment components paid or transferred to liabilities for incurred claims.

In the event that the facts and circumstances indicate that a group of insurance contracts is onerous at initial recognition, the Company will perform additional analysis to determine whether there will be net cash outflows from the insurance contracts. Such onerous contracts will be grouped separately from other insurance contracts, and the Company will recognise any losses in profit or loss for the net cash outflows and add liabilities for the remaining coverage, the loss component is presented in the liability account to reflect the recognised amount of losses.

The Company measures the liability for incurred claims for groups of insurance contracts using fulfillment cash flows relating to the liability for incurred claims.

In calculating the fulfilment cash flows, the Company has gathered reasonable information, including considering the timing and uncertainty of future cash flows. The cash flows reflects current estimates from the Company's perspective, including risk adjustments for non-financial risks. The future cash flows have been discounted to present value.

Reinsurance contracts

The Company measures the assets from reinsurance contracts for groups of reinsurance contracts using the same method as for insurance contracts. However, modifications have been made to reflect the characteristics of reinsurance contracts that differ from those of insurance contracts.

The reinsurance contracts held by the Company fall into the following categories:

- Facultative Reinsurance Contracts
- Loss Occurring Reinsurance Treaty Contracts
- Risk Attaching Reinsurance Treaty Contracts

Facultative reinsurance contracts are assessed to use the Premium Allocation Approach (PAA) on the same basis as the underlying insurance contracts.

Loss occurring reinsurance treaty contracts and risk attaching reinsurance treaty contracts are evaluated to use the Premium Allocation Approach (PAA) based on the maximum coverage period of the group of contracts in each contract, using the earliest start date and the latest expiration date in the group of contracts.

The Company has simulated possible future scenarios and reasonably predicted that measuring the value of liabilities for remaining coverage of the reinsurance contracts using the Premium Allocation Approach (PAA) does not result in a significant difference compared to the General Measurement Model (GMM).

The Company determines the measurement approach for reinsurance contracts as follows:

Measurement Approach	Reinsurance contract types	Portfolio
Insurance contracts measured under the PAA	Facultative Reinsurance Contracts Held	Facultative Fire Reinsurance Contracts
		Facultative Hull Reinsurance Contracts
		Facultative Cargo Reinsurance Contracts
		Facultative Engineering Reinsurance Contracts
		Facultative Financial Risk Reinsurance Contracts
		Facultative Health Reinsurance Contracts
		Facultative Liability Reinsurance Contracts
		Facultative Miscellaneous Others Reinsurance Contracts
		Facultative Accident Reinsurance Contracts
		Facultative All Risks Reinsurance Contracts
		Facultative Travel Reinsurance Contracts
	Treaty Reinsurance Contracts Held	*Cyber Reinsurance Contracts
		* Engineering Reinsurance Contracts
		* Fire Reinsurance Contracts Type Run off
		Fire Reinsurance Contracts Type Clean cut
		* Marine Reinsurance Contracts
		* Miscellaneous Others Reinsurance Contracts
		* Motor Reinsurance Contracts
		* Accident and Travel Reinsurance Contracts
		* BH&NAP Reinsurance Contracts
		Excess of Loss Reinsurance Contracts

^{*} The Company conducts a suitability test for the Premium Allocation Approach (PAA) within the group of reinsurance contracts that have durations of more than one year. All reinsurance contract groups using the Premium Allocation Approach (PAA) for estimating the liability for remaining coverage showed no significant deviations compared to the valuation using the General Measurement Model (GMM). Consequently, these groups of reinsurance contracts are eligible for the Premium Allocation Approach (PAA).

Upon initial recognition, the remaining coverage for reinsurance contracts held consists of:

- insurance premiums paid
- plus any brokerage fees paid to parties other than the reinsurance company, and
- plus any amounts arising from derecognised cash flows related to other recognition.

At the end of each reporting period thereafter, the remaining coverage for reinsurance contracts held consists of:

- · plus insurance premiums paid during the reporting period
- plus brokerage fees paid during the reporting period, and
- minus insurance premiums and brokerage fees recognised as expenses from the reinsurance contracts held for services received during the reporting period.

In the event the Company recognises losses from onerous contract groups at initial recognition or when additional onerous contracts are added to the group, the Company provides a loss-recovery component for the remaining coverage of reinsurance contracts held, reflecting the recovery of previously recognised losses.

The Company calculates the loss-recovery component of the asset by multiplying the recognised loss in the underlying insurance contracts by the percentage of indemnity expected to be recovered from the group of reinsurance contracts held. The Company employs a systematic and reasonable approach to determine the proportion of recognised losses in the group as covered by the group of reinsurance contracts held and those not covered by the group of reinsurance contracts held.

Subsequently, the Company reduces the loss-recovery component to align it with the decline in onerous contract groups, reflecting that the loss-recovery component should not exceed the loss component from the onerous contract group that the Company expects to recover from the group of reinsurance contracts held.

The loss-recovery component adjusts the carrying amount of the asset based on the remaining coverage period.

Insurance acquisition cash flows

Insurance acquisition cash flows arise from the costs of selling, underwriting, and initiating groups of insurance contracts (that have been issued or are expected to be issued) that are directly associated with the portfolio of insurance contracts of that group.

The Company applies the systematic basis of allocation:

- insurance acquisition cash flows that are directly attributable to a group of insurance contracts, and
- insurance acquisition cash flows that are directly attributable to the portfolio of insurance contracts beyond those mentioned above, to the group within the portfolio.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company does not have insurance acquisition cash flows for renewals outside the contract boundary.

(f) Adjustments and Derecognition of Items

The Company derecognises an insurance contract when the contract is terminated, meaning that the obligations specified in the contract have ended, or when the contract has been fulfilled, or canceled.

The Company derecognises a contract if there are amendments to the terms that significantly change the accounting recognition of the items due to new conditions. In this case, a new contract based on the amended conditions will be recognised. If the contract modification does not result in derecognition, the Company considers the changes in cash flows arising from the contract modification as changes in the estimates of cash flows.

(g) Presentation

The Company separately presents the carrying amount in the statement of financial position of the following portfolios:

- insurance contracts issued that are assets
- insurance contracts issued that are liabilities
- · reinsurance contracts held that are assets, and
- reinsurance contracts held that are liabilities.

The Company aggregates the assets for insurance acquisition cash flows recognised at the carrying amounts related to the portfolio of insurance contracts issued and consolidates the assets or liabilities for cash flows associated with the portfolio of reinsurance contracts held in the carrying amounts of the portfolio of reinsurance contracts held.

The Company disaggregates the amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income into:

- the insurance service result, comprising insurance revenue and insurance service expenses, and
- insurance finance income or expenses.

The Company disaggregates the change in the risk adjustment for non-financial risk between the insurance service result and insurance finance income or expenses.

The Company presents income or expenses from reinsurance contracts held separately from income or expenses from insurance contracts issued.

Insurance revenue

Insurance revenue for the reporting period is the amount of expected premium income allocated to the period. The Company allocates the expected premium income to each reporting period of service under the insurance contracts using the passage of time. However, if the expected pattern of risk release during the coverage period differs significantly from the passage of time, the Company will use the basis of expected timing of incurred insurance service expenses.

Insurance service expenses

Insurance service expenses are recognised as profit or loss when they occur, excluding investment components and consists of the following items:

- claims that have occurred and expenses (excluding investment components) related to other insurance services that have been incurred
- · amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows
- changes related to past service, specifically changes in fulfillment cash flows related to liabilities for incurred claims
- changes related to future services, specifically losses from onerous contracts, and the reversal of such losses.

Income (Expenses) from reinsurance contracts held

Income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held consists of the allocation of reinsurance premiums paid, less incurred amounts recovered from reinsurers.

For the contracts that apply the Premium Allocation Approach (PAA), reinsurance expenses for the period are the amount of expected premiums paid during the period.

For groups of reinsurance contracts covering onerous contracts, the Company determines the portion of the loss recovery component of the asset for remaining coverage to recognise the recovered losses:

- in recognising onerous contracts, if the reinsurance contracts covering such contracts were entered into prior to or at the same time as the recognition of the underlying contracts, and
- for changes in cash flows for reinsurance contracts related to future services as a result of changes in cash flows of the onerous contracts.

The loss recovery component determines the amounts that are presented in profit or loss as reversals of loss recovery from reinsurance and are excluded from the allocation of reinsurance premiums paid. The adjustment reflects change in the loss component of onerous contracts, but not exceed the loss component on onerous contracts from which the Company expects to recover from reinsurance contracts.

Finance income or expenses from reinsurance contracts held

Finance income or expenses from reinsurance contracts held consist of changes in the carrying value of the group of insurance contracts arising from:

- the effects of the time value of money and changes in the time value of money, and
- the effects of financial risks and changes in financial risks.

4 Retrospective adjustments for new financial reporting standard

This note discloses the impact of the Company's first-time adoption of the Thai Financial Reporting Standard No. 17 regarding Insurance Contracts. New financial reporting standards that is effective for accounting period on 1 January 2025 is explained in Note 3.

The impact of the first-time adoption of the new financial reporting standards on the Company's statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 are as follows:

	Balance as of 31 December 2023		Balance as of 1 January 2024
_	(Previously reported) Thousand Baht	Adjustments and reclassifications Thousand Baht	(Transition date) - Restated Thousand Baht
Statement of financial position Assets			
Premium receivables, net	2,778,414	(2,778,414)	-
Reinsurance contract assets	3,305,512	(1,934,166)	1,371,346
Due from reinsurers, net	939,920	(939,920)	-
Deferred tax assets	1,815,477	(695,054)	1,120,423
Other assets	188,182	91,583	279,765
Toal restated assets	9,027,505	(6,255,971)	2,771,534
Liabilities			
Insurance contract liabilities	18,608,042	(4,790,042)	13,818,000
Reinsurance contract liabilities	-	244,867	244,867
Amount due to reinsurance	2,742,319	(2,742,319)	-
Commission and brokerage payables	428,733	(428,733)	-
Employee benefit obligations	562,599	(519,319)	43,280
Other liabilities	1,199,506	(800,640)	398,866
Total restated liabilities	23,541,199	(9,036,186)	14,505,013
Equity			
Retained earnings - unappropriated	1,980,632	2,780,215	4,760,847
Total restated equity	1,980,632	2,780,215	4,760,847

The Company is not required to present the quantitative information and each financial statement line item affected for the period as of 31 March 2024 and 31 December 2024, as exempted by TFRS 17.

5 Accounting estimates

In preparing the interim financial information, management has exercised significant judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies and the significant sources of estimation uncertainty as in the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024, except for the significant estimates related to TFRS17 as follows:

Discount rate

Insurance liabilities are calculated by applying a discount rate to expected future cash flows. For the discount rate, the Company uses a bottom-up approach using the risk-free rate and liquidity to reflect the difference between the liquidity characteristics of the financial instrument referenced in the market and the liquidity characteristics of the insurance contracts (illiquidity premium).

For the risk-free rate, the Company uses the yield on government bonds, with the difference in liquidity characteristics considered to be zero. This decision is based on an evaluation of the liquidity characteristics of the group of insurance contracts, considering that most of the coverage periods are for short-term contracts. The Company also assesses the components within its group of insurance contracts to determine whether there is an accumulation of liability value. The assessment has concluded that no such accumulation exists, indicating that the group of insurance contracts can be classified as highly liquid assets. Consequently, the Company does not apply any additional rate to adjust for the illiquidity of insurance contracts in its discount rates.

The discount rates as at 31 March 2025, 31 December 2024, and 1 January 2024 are as follows:

				Di	iscount ra	ates (%)
Duration (Years)	0.25	1	2	3	5	10
31 March, 2025	1.87	1.82	1.57	1.70	1.76	2.08
31 December, 2024	2.05	1.99	2.07	2.10	2.16	2.66
1 January, 2024	2.47	2.39	2.32	2.39	2.63	3.00

Risk adjustment for non-financial risk

Risk adjustment for non-financial risk reflects the uncertainty of liabilities for incurred claim and liabilities for remaining coverage. Risk adjustment for non-financial risk is categorised by underwriting type, using the RBC Framework Appropriate Allowance for Variability (PAD) at a confidence level of 75th percentile.

6 Fair value

Fair value estimation

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- · quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1)
- inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2)
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The following table presents the fair values of the Company's financial assets that are measured at fair value as at 31 March 2025 and 31 December 2024.

			(Unaudited) 31 March 2025		
	Level 1 Thousand Baht	Level 2 Thousand Baht	Level 3 Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht	Carrying amount Thousand Baht
Debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Government and state enterprise					
promissory notes Private enterprise debt securities	-	317,212 9,151,777	<u>-</u>	317,212 9,1 <u>51,777</u>	317,212 9,151,777
Total		9,468,989	-	9,468,989	9,468,989
Debt instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss Unit trust	_	1,529,537	-	1,529,537	1,529,537
Total	_	1,529,537		1,529,537	1,529,537
Equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income			60.070	62.070	62 070
Equity securities Total		-	63,972	63,972 63,972	63,972
Iolai			63,972	00,812	63,972
			(Audited)		
		31	(Audited) December 20	24	
	Level 1 Thousand Baht	31 Level 2 Thousand Baht		70tal Total Thousand Baht	Carrying amount Thousand Baht
Debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Government and state enterprise	Thousand	Level 2 Thousand	Level 3 Thousand	Total Thousand	amount Thousand
at fair value through other comprehensive income	Thousand	Level 2 Thousand	Level 3 Thousand	Total Thousand	amount Thousand Baht
at fair value through other comprehensive income Government and state enterprise promissory notes	Thousand	Level 2 Thousand Baht	Level 3 Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht	amount Thousand Baht
at fair value through other comprehensive income Government and state enterprise promissory notes Private enterprise debt securities Total Debt instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss	Thousand Baht - -	Level 2 Thousand Baht 283,377 9,414,359 9,697,736	Level 3 Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht 283,377 9,414,359 9,697,736	amount Thousand Baht 283,377 9,414,359 9,697,736
at fair value through other comprehensive income Government and state enterprise promissory notes Private enterprise debt securities Total Debt instruments measured	Thousand Baht - -	Level 2 Thousand Baht 283,377 9,414,359	Level 3 Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht 283,377 9,414,359	amount Thousand Baht 283,377 9,414,359
at fair value through other comprehensive income Government and state enterprise promissory notes Private enterprise debt securities Total Debt instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss	Thousand Baht - -	Level 2 Thousand Baht 283,377 9,414,359 9,697,736	Level 3 Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht 283,377 9,414,359 9,697,736	amount Thousand Baht 283,377 9,414,359 9,697,736
at fair value through other comprehensive income Government and state enterprise promissory notes Private enterprise debt securities Total Debt instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss Unit trust	Thousand Baht - -	Level 2 Thousand Baht 283,377 9,414,359 9,697,736	Level 3 Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht 283,377 9,414,359 9,697,736	amount Thousand Baht 283,377 9,414,359 9,697,736
at fair value through other comprehensive income Government and state enterprise promissory notes Private enterprise debt securities Total Debt instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss Unit trust Total Equity instruments designated at fair value through	Thousand Baht - -	Level 2 Thousand Baht 283,377 9,414,359 9,697,736	Level 3 Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht 283,377 9,414,359 9,697,736	amount Thousand Baht 283,377 9,414,359 9,697,736

There were no transfers between levels during the period.

6.1 Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 fair values

Level 2 debt investments are fair valued using a discounted cash flows approach, which discounts the contractual cash flows using discount rates derived from observable market prices of other quoted debt instruments of the counterparties.

6.2 Valuation techniques used to derive Level 3 fair values

Level 3 equity investments are fair valued using reference price from net asset value for non-marketable equity securities and the Company does not expect to receive a return from the investment except equity investments of Road Accident Victims Protection Co., Ltd. is determined based on fair value calculated using discounted cash flows method announced by Thailand General Insurance Association.

There were no other changes in valuation techniques during the period.

Tokio Marine Safety Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited Condensed Notes to the Interim Financial Information (Unaudited) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2025

7 Classification of financial assets and financial liabilities

(Unaudited)

			31 March 2025		
	Debt instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss Thousand Baht	Debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Thousand Baht	Equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income Thousand Baht	Financial instruments measured at amortised cost Thousand Baht	Total Thousand Baht
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents	ı	•	•	1,014,579	1,014,579
Financial assets - Debt instruments Government and state enterprise promissory notes Trivate enterprise debt securities		317,212 9,151,777	1 1	8,285,891	8,603,103 9,151,777
Unit trust Deposit at financial institutions with original maturing more than 3 months Financial assets - Equity instruments Loans and accrued interest receivable	700'870'I	1 1 1	63,972	1,085,000 - 40,796	1,029,337 1,085,000 63,972 40,796
Total	1,529,537	9,468,989	63,972	10,426,266	21,488,764
Financial liabilities Other financial liabilities (Note 14) Lease liabilities Accrued operating expenses Other payables	1 1 1	1 1		162,535 59,673 29,306	162,535 59,673 29,306
Total	•	ľ	1	251,514	251,514

Tokio Marine Safety Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited Condensed Notes to the Interim Financial Information (Unaudited) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2025

	Financial instruments measured at amortised cost Thousand Thousand Baht	469,546 469,546	8,036,745 8,320,122 9,414,359	1,085,000 1,085,000 50,817 - 50,817 46,062 46,062	9,637,353 21,008,642	169,987 169,987 250,993 250,993 24,095 24,095	445,075 445,075
(Audited) 31 December 2024	Equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income amc Thousand Baht	ı		50,817	50,817	1 1 1	
	Debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Thousand Baht	•	283,377 9,414,359	1 1 1	9,697,736	1 P P	•
	Debt instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss Thousand Baht		- - 1 622 736		1,622,736	1 1 1	1
		Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial asset - Dakt instruments	Government and state enterprise promissory notes Private enterprise debt securities	Deposit at financial institutions with original maturing more than 3 months Financial assets - Equity instruments Loans and accrued interest receivable	Total	Financial liabilities Other financial liabilities (Note 14) Lease liabilities Accrued operating expenses Other payables	Total

8 Cash and cash equivalents

	(Unaudited) 31 March 2025 Thousand Baht	(Audited) 31 December 2024 Thousand Baht
Cash on hand Deposits with banks and financial institutions without fixed maturity date Short-term investments	96,591 608,702 309,286	75,829 393,717
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,014,579	469,546

9 Financial assets - Debt instruments

The details of financial assets - debt instruments as at 31 March 2025 and 31 December 2024 are as follows:

	(Unaudited) 31 March 2025 Fair value Thousand Baht	(Audited) 31 December 2024 Fair value Thousand Baht
Debt instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss Unit trust	1,529,537	1,662,736
Total debt instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	1,529,537	1,662,736
Debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Government and state enterprise promissory notes Private enterprise debt securities Total debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	317,212 9,151,777 9,468,989	283,377 9,414,359 9,697,736
Debt instruments measured at amortised cost Government and state enterprise promissory notes Deposit at financial institutions with original maturing more than 3 months	8,285,891 1,085,000	8,036,745 1,085,000
Total <u>Less</u> Allowance for expected credit loss	9,370,891	9,121,745
Total debt instruments measured at amortised cost	9,370,891	9,121,745
Total financial asset - debt instruments, net	20,369,417	20,442,217

9.1 Debt instruments that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

9.1 Debt instruments that are measured at fair value through o	ther comprehensiv	e income	
		(Unaudited) 1 March 202	5
		rec	ected credit loss ognised in other comprehensive
	Fair va Thousand B		income Thousand Baht
Investments in debt securities which credit risk has not significantly increased (Stage 1) Investment in debt securities which credit risk has significantly increased (Stage 2)	9,468,9	989 -	(5,277)
Credit - impaired investments in debt securities (Stage 3) Total	9,468,9	989	(5,277)
Total	9,700,0	(Audited)	(0,211)
	31	December 20	
			ected credit loss ognised in other comprehensive
	Fair va Thousand B		income Thousand Baht
Investments in debt securities which credit risk			
has not significantly increased (Stage 1) Investment in debt securities which credit risk has significantly increased (Stage 2)	9,697,7	736 -	(18,858)
Credit - impaired investments in debt securities (Stage 3)		-	-
Total	9,697,7	736	(18,858)
9.2 Debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost			
		(Unaudited) 1 March 202	5
	Gross carrying value Thousand Baht	Expected credit loss Thousand Baht	value Thousand
Investments in debt securities which credit risk has not significantly increased (Stage 1) Investment in debt securities which credit risk	9,370,981	-	9,370,981
has significantly increased (Stage 2) Credit - impaired investments in debt securities (Stage 3)	-	- -	-
Total	9,370,981		9,370,981
	31 [(Audited) December 20)24
	Gross carrying value Thousand Baht	Expected credit loss Thousand Baht	Carrying value Thousand
Investments in debt securities which credit risk has not significantly increased (Stage 1) Investment in debt securities which credit risk	9,121,745	-	9,121,745
has significantly increased (Stage 2) Credit - impaired investments in debt securities (Stage 3)	<u>-</u>	-	
Total	9,121,745		9,121,745

10 Financial assets - Equity instruments

The details of financial assets - equity instruments as at 31 March 2025 and 31 December 2024 are as follows:

	(Unaudited) 31 March 2025 Fair value Thousand Baht	(Audited) 31 December 2024 Fair value Thousand Baht
Equity instruments designated at fair value through		
other comprehensive income Equity securities Less Fair value adjustment	180,978 (117,006)	180,978 (130,161)
Total equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	63,972	50,817
Total financial assets - equity instruments	63,972	50,817
11 Deferred tax		
The analysis of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities is as follows:		
	(Unaudited) 31 March 2025 Thousand Baht	(Audited) 31 December 2024 Thousand Baht
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	1,038,896 (41,194)	1,012,697 (22,772)
Deferred tax asset, net	997,702	989,925

Tokio Marine Safety Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited Condensed Notes to the Interim Financial Information (Unaudited) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2025

The movements of net deferred tax assets for the three-month period ended 31 March 2025, consists of the tax effects of the following items:

	As of 1 January 2025 - Previously reported Thousand Baht	Impacts from new financial reporting standard adoption Thousand Baht	As of 1 January 2025 - Restated Thousand Baht	Items recognised in profit or loss Thousand Baht	Items recognised in other comprehensive income Thousand Baht	As of 31 March 2025 (Unaudited) Thousand Baht
Deferred tax assets Unearned premium reserve - net	827,310	(699,665)	127,645	17,266	•	144,911
reserve for claims and outstanding claims Allowance for impairment of investments	3,771	110,62	743,440 3,771	(2,716)	, ,	755,386
Post employment benefit obligations	81,359	•	81,359	(62)	•	81,297
Allowance for doubtful debts	10,472	•	10,472	(685)	r	9,787
Others —	46,010		46,010	450		46,460
Deferred tax liabilities	1,688,485	(675,788)	1,012,697	26,199	•	1,038,896
Changes in value of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	(077 00)		(27 779)	707	(10 140)	2,000
	(21,1,2)		(51,12)	171	(641,61)	(401,134)
	(22,772)	t	(22,772)	727	(19,149)	(41,194)
Net deferred tax assets	1,665,713	(675,788)	989,925	26,926	(19,149)	997,702

Tokio Marine Safety Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited Condensed Notes to the Interim Financial Information (Unaudited) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2025

The movements of net deferred tax assets for the year ending 31 December 2024, consists of the tax effects of the following items:

	As of 1 January 2024 - Previously reported Thousand Baht	Impacts from new financial reporting standard adoption Thousand	As of 1 January 2024 - Restated Thousand Baht	Items recognised in profit or loss Thousand Baht	Items recognised in other comprehensive income Thousand Baht	As of 31 December 2024 - Restated Thousand Baht
Deferred tax assets Unearned premium reserve - net Reserve for claims and outstanding claims	935,868	(854,538) 159 484	81,330	46,315	r	127,645
Allowance for impairment of investments	3,716		3,716	55	ı	3,771
Post employment benefit obligations	69,633	1	69,633	6,560	5,166	81,359
Allowance for doubtful debts Others	18,775 68,504	• •	18,775 68,504	(8,303) (4,166)	(18 328)	10,472 46,010
	100 1	1000	000	(2) (2)	(357 67)	0:000
Deferred tax liabilities Changes in value of financial assets measured	1,83/,464	(695,054)	1,142,410	(116,551)	(13,162)	1,012,697
at rail value in bugh profit or loss and other comprehensive income	(21,987)	r	(21,987)	172	(957)	(22,772)
	(21,987)	ľ	(21,987)	172	(957)	(22,772)
Net deferred tax assets	1,815,477	(695,054)	1,120,423	(116,379)	(14,119)	989,925

12 Other assets

	(Unaudited) 31 March 2025 Thousand Baht	(Restated) 31 December 2024 Thousand Baht
Suspense input value added tax Deposits Receivable from the Revenue Department. Other receivables Others	75,855 16,492 167,009 62,870 26,668	75,440 18,434 184,363 47,091 16,130
Total other assets <u>Less</u> Allowance for doubtful accounts	348,894 (51,343)	341,458 (54,770)
Other assets, net	297,551	286,688

13 Insurance contracts and reinsurance contracts held

		Un	it: Thousand Baht
	31 [March 2025 (Unaudited	
	Contracts not	Contracts	
	measured under	measured under	
	the premium	the premium	
	allocation method	allocation method	
Notes Notes	13.1	13.2	Total
Insurance contract assets	_	_	_
Insurance contract liabilities	1,132,593	12,419,523	13,552,116
Reinsurance contract assets		1,399,483	1,399,483
Reinsurance contract liabilities	-	17,976	17,976
		Un	it: Thousand Baht
	31 De	ecember 2024 (Restate	
	Contracts not	Contracts	
	measured under	measured under	
	the premium	the premium	
	allocation method	allocation method	
Notes	13.1	13.2	Total
Insurance contract assets	_	_	_
Insurance contract liabilities	1,219,599	11,762,499	12,982,098
Reinsurance contract assets	-,2.0,000	1,236,605	1,236,605
Reinsurance contract liabilities	-	288,779	288,779

13.1 Contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach - Insurance contracts issued

13.1.1 Reconciliation of liabilities for remaining coverage and liability for incurred claims

				usand Baht
	For the thre	e-month period Unaudi)	i ended 31 Marc ted)	:h 2025
	Liability for r	_		
Insurance contracts issued	Excluding loss component	Loss	Liability for incurred claims	Total
Opening insurance contract liabilities Opening insurance contract assets	962,426	23,365	233,808	1,219,599
Net opening balance	962,426	23,365	233,808	1,219,599
Insurance revenue	(318,601)	•		(318,601)
Insurance service expenses Claims and directly related expenses incurred Changes related to past services - changes	-	(6,834)	211,685	204,851
in FCF related to the LIC Losses on onerous contracts and reversal of	-	-	(81,075)	(81,075)
those losses Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	- 107,965	40 -	-	40 107,965
Insurance service expenses	107,965	(6,794)	130,610	231,781
Insurance service result	(210,636)	(6,794)	130,610	(86,820)
Finance expenses from insurance contracts issued	7,514	96	1,841	9,451
Total amount recognised in comprehensive income	(203,122)	(6,698)	132,451	(77,369)
Cash flows Premiums received Claims and other directly attributable	231,950 -	•	(144,556)	231,950 (144,556)
expenses paid Insurance acquisition cash flows	(97,031)			(97,031)
Total cash flows	134,919		(144,556)	(9,637)
Net closing balance	894,223	16,667	221,703	1,132,593
Closing insurance contract liabilities Closing insurance contract assets	894,223 	16,667	221,703	1,132,593
Net closing balance	894,223	16,667	221,703	1,132,593

	Unit: Thousand Bah					
		ending 31 Dece	ember 2024 (R	estated)		
	Liability for I					
	covera	age				
	Excluding	_	Liability for			
	loss	Loss	incurred			
Insurance contracts issued	component	component	claims	Total		
On a wine in a contract liabilities	4 460 000	42,372	243,399	1,454,799		
Opening insurance contract liabilities	1,169,028	42,312	243,399	1,404,755		
Opening insurance contract assets		<u> </u>		<u>-</u> _		
Net opening balance	1,169,028	42,372	243,399	1,454,799		
The opening scianos	1,100,020	,		.,,		
Insurance revenue	(1,377,669)	-	-	(1,377,669)		
Insurance service expenses						
Claims and directly related expenses incurred	-	(25,061)	599,384	574,323		
Changes related to past services - changes						
in FCF related to the LIC	-	-	(153,473)	(153,473)		
Losses on onerous contracts and reversal of		E 00E		E 605		
those losses Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	527,879	5,685	-	5,685 527,879		
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash nows	521,019	<u>-</u>		521,019		
Insurance service expenses	527,879	(19,376)	445,911	954,414		
·						
Insurance service result	(849,790)	(19,376)	445,911	(423,255)		
Finance expenses from insurance						
contracts issued	24,929	369	14,221	39,519		
Total amount recognised in comprehensive income	(004 064)	(40.007)	460 433	(202 726)		
Cash flows	(824,861)	(19,007)	460,132	(383,736)		
Premiums received	953,125	_	_	953,125		
Claims and other directly attributable	000,120			000,120		
expenses paid	-	_	(469,723)	(469,723)		
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(334,866)			(334,866)		
Total cash flows	618,259	-	(469,723)	148,536		
Net closing balance	962,426	23,365	233,808	1,219,599		
	002, 120	20,000	200,000	1,210,000		
Closing insurance contract liabilities	962,426	23,365	233,808	1,219,599		
Closing insurance contract assets		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Net closing balance	962,426	23,365	233,808	1,219,599		

13.1.2 Reconciliation of the components of the balance in insurance contracts, excluding contracts measured under the premium allocation approach as shown in the items listed below:

			Unit: Tho	usand Baht
	For the thr		od ended 31 Mai	
		(Unaud	dited)	<u>-</u>
	Present value of future cash	Risk adjustment for non - financial	Contractual service	
Insurance contracts issued	flows	risks	margin	Total
Opening insurance contract liabilities Opening insurance contract assets	808,865	54,900	355,834 -	1,219,599
Net opening balance	808,865	54,900	355,834	1,219,599
Changes that relate to current service Contractual service margin recognised in profit or loss from services provided	-	•	(74,940)	(74,940)
Changes in the risk adjustment for non - financial risk for risk expired Experience adjustments	- <u>68,16</u> 0	(8,877) 9,872	-	(8,877) 78,032
	68,160	995	(74,940)	(5,785)
Changes that relate to future service Changes in estimates that adjust the				(0,100)
contractual service margin Changes in estimates that result in onerous	(4,598)	2,065	2,533	-
contract or reversal of losses Contracts initially recognised in the period	(28,693) (80,023)	(1,962) 8,795	101,923	(30,655) 30,695
	(113,314)	8,898	104,456	40
Changes that relate to past service Changes related to past services - changes in the FCF related to the LIC	40.000	0.050		40.000
Experience adjustments	43,609 (113,592)	3,053 (14,145)	-	46,662 (127,737)
	(69,983)	(11,092)	•	(81,075)
Insurance service result Finance expenses from	(115,137)	(1,199)	29,516	(86,820)
insurance contracts issued	6,924	497	2,030	9,451
Total amount recognised in comprehensive income Cash flows	(108,213)	(702)	31,546	(77,369)
Premiums received	231,950	-	-	231,950
Claims and other directly attributable expenses paid	(144,556)	-	-	(144,556)
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(97,031)			(97,031)
Total cash flows	(9,637)	-	_	(9,637)
Net closing balance	691,015	54,198	387,380	1,132,593
Closing insurance contract liabilities Closing insurance contract assets	91,015	54,198 -	387,380	1,132,593
Net closing balance	691,015	54,198	387,380	1,132,593

				sand Baht
	For the year end		oer 2024 (Resta	ted)
		Risk		
	Present value	adjustment for non -	Contractual	
	of future cash	financial	service	
Insurance contracts issued	flows	risks	margin	Total
Insurance contracts issued	IIOWS	Пака	margin	Total
Opening insurance contract liabilities Opening insurance contract assets	988,534	66,989	399,276 -	1,454,799
Net opening balance	988,534	66,989	399,276	1,454,799
Changes that relate to current service Contractual service margin recognised in profit or loss from services provided	_	_	(344,608)	(344,608)
Changes in the risk adjustment for			(= : :, : : ,	, ,
non - financial risk for risk expired	-	(33,049)	•	(33,049)
Experience adjustments	90,380	11,810		102,190
	90,380	(21,239)	(344,608)	(275,467)
Changes that relate to future service				
Changes in estimates that adjust the contractual service margin	(127,046)	(822)	127,868	-
Changes in estimates that result in onerous contract or reversal of losses	(3,565)	(255)	_	(3,820)
Contracts initially recognised in the period	(177,034)	22,855	163,684	9,505
outlined in the period	(111,155.)			,,,,,,
	(307,645)	21,778	291,552	5,685
Changes that relate to past service				
Changes related to past services - changes	4.700	000		5 000
in the FCF related to the LIC	4,708	330	•	5,038
Experience adjustments	(143,387)	(15,124)	-	(158,511)
	(138,679)	(14,794)		(153,473)
Insurance service result	(355,944)	(14,255)	(53,056)	(423,255)
Finance expenses from	(,,	(, , ,	(,,	(,
insurance contracts issued	27,739	2,166	9,614	39,519
Total amount recognised in comprehensive income	(328,205)	(12,089)	(43,442)	(383,736)
Cash flows				
Premiums received	953,125	-	-	953,125
Claims and other directly attributable expenses paid	(469,723)	_	_	(469,723)
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(334,866)	-		(334,866)
Total cash flows	148,536		<u>-</u> _	148,536
Net closing balance	808,865	54,900	355,834	1,219,599
Closing insurance contract liabilities Closing insurance contract assets	808,865 	54,900 -	355,834 -	1,219,599
Net closing balance	808,865	54,900	355,834	1,219,599
	·	·		

13.1.3 The impact of contracts recognised during the reporting period, excluding contracts measured under the premium allocation approach as shown in the items listed below:

				Unit: Thou	sand Baht
	For th	e three-mont	h period ende (Unaudited)	ed 31 March 2	025
	Insurance issu		Insurance acqu		
	Non -		Non -		
Insurance contracts issued	onerous contracts originated	Onerous contracts originated	onerous contracts originated	Onerous contracts originated	Total
Estimated present value of future cash outflows					
Insurance acquisition cash flows Cash flows that exclude insurance	72,900	-	-	-	72,900
acquisition cash flow	97,598	28,063	_	-	125,661
Estimated present value of future cash outflows Estimated present value of future	170,498	28,063			198,561
cash inflows	(279,252)	668	_	_	(278,584)
Risk adjustment for non - financial risks	` 6,83 1	1,964	-	-	8,795
Contractual service margin	101,923		-	•	101,923
Increase in insurance contract liabilities from contracts recognised in the period		30,695	-	_	30,695

	C 4b		- 24 Danmha		usand Baht
	Insurance issu	contract	insurance acqu		<u> </u>
Insurance contracts issued	Non - onerous contracts originated	Onerous contracts originated	Non - onerous contracts originated	Onerous contracts originated	Total
Estimated present value of future cash outflows					
Insurance acquisition cash flows Cash flows that exclude insurance	237,992	-	-	-	237,992
acquisition cash flow	317,893	8,601	_	-	326,494
Estimated present value of future cash outflows	555,885	8,601	<u> </u>	-	564,486
Estimated present value of future cash inflows	(741,822)	302	-	-	(741,520)
Risk adjustment for non - financial risks	22,253	602	-	-	22,855
Contractual service margin	163,684	-	-		163,684
Increase in insurance contract liabilities from contracts recognised in the period	-	9,505	_	_	9.505

13.2 Contracts measured under the premium allocation approach

13.2.1 Reconciliation of liability for remaining coverage and liability for incurred claims - Insurance contracts issued

					ousand Baht
	For	the three-mon	th period ende (Unaudited)	ed 31 March 20	25
	Liability for r		Liability fo		
Insurance contracts issued	Excluding loss component	Loss	Present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non - financial risks	Total
Opening insurance contract liabilities Opening insurance contract assets	6,435,824	- -	4,974,774 -	351,901	11,762,499
Net opening balance	6,435,824	-	4,974,774	351,901	11,762,499
Insurance revenue	(4,905,966)				(4,905,966)
Insurance service expenses Claims and directly related expenses incurred Changes related to past services -	-	1,130	3,504,238	189,141	3,694,509
changes in FCF related to the LIC Losses on onerous contracts and	-	-	(362,004)	(127,380)	(489,384)
reversal of those losses Amortisation of insurance acquisition	•	22,401	-	-	22,401
cash flows	1,338,075	<u> </u>	_	-	1,338,075
Insurance service expenses	1,338,075	23,531	3,142,234	61,761	4,565,601
Insurance service result Finance expenses from insurance	(3,567,891)	23,531	3,142,234	61,761	(340,365)
contracts issued		•	37,265	2,932	40,197
Total amount recognised in comprehensive income	(3,567,891)	23,531	3,179,499	64,693	(300,168)
Cash flows Premiums received Claims and other directly attributable	5,234,929	-	-	-	5,234,929
expenses paid Insurance acquisition cash flows	(1,500,221)	- -	(2,777,516)	- •	(2,777,516) (1,500,221)
Total cash flows	3,734;708	-	(2,777,516)	_	957,192
Net closing balance	6,602,641	23,531	5,376,757	416,594	12,419,523
Closing insurance contract liabilities Closing insurance contract assets	6,602,641	23,531	5,376,757	416,594	12,419,523
Net closing balance	6,602,641	23,531	5,376,757	416,594	12,419,523

					housand Baht
	For t Liability for r covera	emaining	ng 31 December Liability for claim	incurred	ted)
Insurance contracts issued	Excluding loss	Loss component	· .	Risk adjustment for non - financial risks	Total
Opening insurance contract liabilities Opening insurance contract assets	5,879,651 	14,178	6,062,333	407,039	12,363,201
Net opening balance	5,879,651	14,178	6,062,333	407,039	12,363,201
Insurance revenue Insurance service expenses	(19,026,489)			-	(19,026,489)
Claims and directly related expenses incurred Changes related to past services -	-	(11,475)	11,246,007	225,011	11,459,543
changes in FCF related to the LIC Losses on onerous contracts and	-	-	(1,449,068)	(295,777)	(1,744,845)
reversal of those losses Amortisation of insurance acquisition	-	(2,703)	-	-	(2,703)
cash flows	5,265,569				5,265,569
Insurance service expenses	5,265,569	(14,178)	9,796,939	(70,766)	14,977,564
Insurance service result Finance expenses from insurance	(13,760,920)	(14,178)	9,796,939	(70,766)	(4,048,925)
contracts issued Total amount recognised in			253,480	15,628	269,108
comprehensive income Cash flows	(13,760,920)	(14,178)	10,050,419	(55,138)	(3,779,817)
Premiums received Claims and other directly attributable	19,655,090	-	-	-	19,655,090
expenses paid Insurance acquisition cash flows	(5,337,997)	-	(11,137,978)		(11,137,978) (5,337,997)
Total cash flows	14,317,093	•	(11,137,978)		3,179,115
Net closing balance	6,435,824		4,974,774	351,901	11,762,499
Closing insurance contract liabilities Closing insurance contract assets	6,435,824	<u>.</u> 	4,974,774	351,901	11,762,499
Net closing balance	6,435,824	<u>-</u>	4,974,774	351,901	11,762,499

13.2.2 Reconciliation of remaining coverage and incurred claims - Reinsurance contracts held

					usand Baht
	For t			d 31 March 20	25
	Remaining		(Unaudited) Incurred	claims	
Reinsurance contracts held	Excluding loss component recovery	Loss component recovery	Present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non - financial risks	Total
Nematiance contracts neith	recovery	lecovery	Casii ilows	ENEIT	Iotai
Opening reinsurance contract assets Opening reinsurance contract	(119,198)	-	1,194,295	161,508	1,236,605
liabilities	(395,202)	-	106,423	_	(288,779)
Net opening balance	(514,400)	_	1,300,718	161,508	947,826
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held Reinsurance expenses Incurred claim recovery Changes that relate to past service - changes in the FCF related to	(683,194) -	•	- 786,608	- 65,789	(683,194) 852,395
incurred claim recovery		_	(105,854)	(34,711)	(140,565)
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held Finance income from reinsurance	(683,194)	•	680,752	31,078	28,636
contracts held	-	_	10,403	1,235	11,638
Total amount recognised in comprehensive income	(683,194)	-	691,155	32,313	40,274
Investment components Cash flows	(12,304)	-	12,304	-	•
Premium ceded paid net of directly attributable expenses Recoveries from reinsurance	532,261	<u>-</u>	(138,854)	34 48	532,261 (138,854)
Total cash flows	532,261		(138,854)	*	393,407
Net closing balance Closing reinsurance contract	677,639		1,865,325	193,821	1,381,507
assets Closing reinsurance contract	(648,951)	-	1,854,613	193,821	1,399,483
liabilities	(28,688)		10,712	•	(17,976)
Net closing balance	(677,639)		1,865,325	193,821	1,381,507

Unit: Thousand Baht

	For the year ending 31 December 2024 (Audite				
	Remaining o	coverage	Incurred		
Reinsurance contracts held	Excluding loss component recovery	Loss component recovery	Present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non - financial risks	Total_
Opening reinsurance contract assets Opening reinsurance contract	(198,543)	-	1,379,371	190,518	1,371,346
liabilities	(693,347)		448,480		(244,867)
Net opening balance	(891,890)		1,827,851	190,518	1,126,479
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held Reinsurance expenses Incurred claim recovery Changes that relate to past service	(2,688,389) -	- -	904,805	85,132	(2,688,389) 989,937
- changes in the FCF related to incurred claim recovery	-	-	(248,244)	(118,350)	(366,594)
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held	(2,688,389)	_	656,561	(33,218)	(2,065,046)
Finance income from reinsurance contracts held		_	35,662	4,208	39,870
Total amount recognised in comprehensive income	(2,688,389)		692,223	(29,010)	(2,025,176)
Investment components Cash flows	(153,999)	-	153,999	-	-
Premium ceded paid net of directly attributable expenses Recoveries from reinsurance	3,219,878	- -	(1,373,355)	-	3,219,878 (1,373,355)
Total cash flows	3,219,878		(1,373,355)		1,846,523
Net closing balance	(514,400)		1,300,718	161,508	947,826
Closing reinsurance contract assets	(119,198)	-	1,194,295	161,508	1,236,605
Closing reinsurance contract liabilities	(395,202)	-	106,423	-	(288,779)
Net closing balance	(514,400)		1,300,718	161,508	947,826

14 Other Liabilities

	(Unaudited) 31 March 2025 Thousand Baht	(Restated) 31 December 2024 Thousand Baht
Accrued operating expenses Other payables Suspense deposits Lease liabilities Others	59,673 29,306 (360) 162,535 139,072	248,047 24,095 5,666 169,987 143,810
Total	390,226	591,605

Tokio Marine Safety Insurance (Thailand) Public Company Limited Condensed Notes to the Interim Financial Information (Unaudited) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2025

Insurance revenue and service expenses

15

	For the thr 31 Mar	For the three-month period ended 31 March 2025 (Unaudited)	nded d)	For the thr 31 Ma	For the three-month period ended 31 March 2024 (Restated)	eriod ended estated)
	Contracts not measured under the premium allocation method	Contracts measured under the premium allocation method	Total	Contracts not measured under the premium allocation method	Contracts measured under the premium allocation	T etc.
Insurance revenue Contracts not measured under the PAA Amounts relating to the changes in liabilities for remaining coverage - Expected incurred claims and other expenses					Bollion	
atter loss component allocation - Change in risk adjustment for non - financial risk for risk expired	126,819		126,819	97,927	t	97,927
arter loss component allocation - Contractual service margin recognised for services provided Insurance acquisition cash flows recovery	8,877 74,940 107,965	1 1 1	8,877 74,940 107,965	6,855 112,403 145,112		6,855 112,403 145,112
Insurance revenue from contracts not measured under the PAA Insurance revenue from contracts measured under the PAA	318,601	4,905,966	318,601 4,905,966	362,297	4,784,709	362,297 4,784,709
Total insurance revenue	318,601	4,905,966	5,224,567	362,297	4,784,709	5,147,006
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and other directly attributable expenses Changes that relate to past services - charges in the FCF related to the LIC Losses on onerous contracts and reversal of those losses	(204,851) 81,075 (40)	(3,694,509) 489,384 (22,401)	(3,899,360) 570,459 (22,441)	(187,792) 134,951 (5,024)	(2,943,001) 1,015,661 (18,251)	(3,130,793) 1,150,612 (23,275)
Insurance acquisition cash flows amortisation or recognition when incurred	(107,965)	(1,338,075)	(1,446,040)	(145,112)	(1,339,961)	(1,485,073)
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held	(531,731)	(4,363,601)	(4,131,302)	(202,911)	(3,265,552)	(3,488,529)
Reinsurance expenses Incurred claim recovery Channes that relate to nast senifes _ channes in the ECE	t I	(683,194) 852,395	(683,194) 852,395		(544,769) 277,720	(544,769) 277,720
related to incurred claim recovery	t .	(140,565)	(140,565)	ı	(6,255)	(6,255)
Total net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held	1	28,636	28,636	1	(273,304)	(273,304)
Total insurance service result	86,820	369,001	455,821	159,320	1,225,853	1,385,173

16 Income tax expense

The interim income tax expense is accrued based on management's estimate using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings. The estimated average annual tax rate used is 20% (2024: 20%).

17 Basic earnings per share

The calculations of basic earnings per share were based on the profit for the period attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and the number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period as follows:

	For the three period ended 3	
	(Unaudited) 2025 Thousand Baht	(Restated) 2024 Thousand Baht
Profit for the period (Thousand Baht) Number of ordinary shares outstanding (Thousand Share) Basic earnings per share (Baht per share)	423,647 409,696 1.03	1,154,210 409,696 2.82

There were no potential dilutive ordinary shares issued for the three-month period ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

18 Transactions with related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Company and closed members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

Revenue and expense transactions with related for the three-month period ended 31 March 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

	For the thre period ended	
	(Unaudited) 2025 Thousand Baht	(Unaudited) 2024 Thousand Baht
Cash flows provided from operating activities Gross written premium		
Affiliated company of the Group	331	831
Other income		
Parent company	5,891	8,034
Affiliated company of the Group	10,262	12,002
Total	16,153	20,036
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held Commission and brokerage income		
Parent company	36,984	51,500
Affiliated company of the Group	45,718	34,538
Total	82,702	86,038
Insurance claim expense recovered from reinsurers		
Parent company	44,444	73,449
Affiliated company of the Group	48,648	89,176
Total	93,092	162,625

	For the three-month period ended 31 March	
	(Unaudited) 2025	(Unaudited) 2024
Coded against	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht
Ceded premium Parent company Affiliated company of the Group	131,240 175,106	175,775 153,647
Total	306,346	329,422
Insurance service expenses Gross claim		
Parent company Affiliated company of the Group	4,422	200 2,652
Total	4,422	2,852
Commissions and brokerage expenses Affiliated company of the Group	134,471	139,458
Other underwriting expenses Affiliated company of the Group	36,855	40,886
Operating expenses Affiliated company of the Group	10,526	10,062
Balances with the related parties as at 31 March 2025 and 31 December	2024 consists of:	
	(Unaudited) 31 March 2025	(Audited) 31 December 2024
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht
Insurance contract liabilities Premium receivables, net Affiliated company of the Group	43	847
Due from reinsurers, net Parent company Affiliated company of the Group	19,829 50,972	- 34,271
Total	70,801	34,271
Insurance liabilities	47	47
Affiliated company of the Group	47	47
Amount due to reinsurance Parent company Affiliated company of the Group	648,640 449,000	618,697 424,152
Total	1,097,640	1,042,849
Commission and brokerage payables Affiliated company of the Group	99,185	79,959
Other assets		
Parent company Affiliated company of the Group	41,352 22,635	21,393 8,923
Total	63,987	30,316
Other liabilities Affiliated company of the Group	36,392	27,547
• •		21,011

Directors and management's remuneration

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Company had employee benefit expenses payable to their directors and management as below:

	For the three-month period ended 31 March		
	(Unaudited) 2025	(Unaudited) 2024	
	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	
Short-term employee benefits	24,471	21,382	
Other long-term employee benefits	14	12	
Post-employment benefits	718	665	
Total	25,203	22,059	

19 Securities placed and assets reserved with the registrar

19.1 Securities placed with the registrar

The Company's investments in debt securities were pledged with the Registrar in accordance with the Non-Life Insurance Act (No. 2) B.E. 2551 as follows:

	(Unaudited) 31 March 2025		(Audited) 31 December 2024	
_	Book value Thousand Baht	Face value Thousand Baht	Book value Thousand Baht	Face value Thousand Baht
Government and state enterprise bond and Bank of Thailand bonds	15,017	15,000	15,019	15,000
Total _	15,017	15,000	15,109	15,000

19.2 Assets reserved with the registrar

The Company's investments in debt securities were allocated to the reserve fund in accordance with the Notification of the Office of Insurance Commission regarding "Rates, Rules and Procedures for unearned premium reserve of Non-Life Insurance Company B.E.2557" as follows:

	(Unaudited) 31 March 2025		(Audited) 31 December 2024	
- -	Book value Thousand Baht	Face value Thousand Baht	Book value Thousand Baht	Face value Thousand Baht
Government and state enterprise bond and Bank of Thailand bonds	1,694,788	1,666,000	1,818,299	1,786,000
Total _	1,694,788	1,666,000	1,818,299	1,786,000

20 Restricted assets

	(Unaudited) 31 March 2025 Thousand Baht	(Audited) 31 December 2024 Thousand Baht
Restricted deposit at financial institutions Collateral against court cases	1,358	968
Credit lines of bank overdrafts letter of guarantee and other matters	4,000	4,000
Total	5,358	4,968

21 Commitments

The Company entered into service agreement. The Company's obligation for future payments under service agreement comprising low value contracts as at 31 March 2025 and 31 December 2024 are as follows:

	(Unaudited) 31 March 2025 Thousand Baht	(Audited) 31 December 2024 Thousand Baht
Within 1 year Within 2 - 5 years	39,278 55,610	39,236 60,321
Total	94,888	99,557

22 Contingent liabilities

As at 31 March 2025, lawsuits have been brought against the Company, in relation to insurance claims in the normal course of business, approximately in amount of Baht 568 million (31 December 2024: Baht 545 million). The Company's management believes that the recorded amount of provision in the financial statements for potential losses in respect of those claims is adequate.

As at 31 March 2025, the Company had letters of guarantee with a bank amounted to Baht 0.92 million (31 December 2024: Baht 0.92 million).

23 Subsequent events

The Annual Shareholders meeting for the year 2024 held on 29 April 2025 approved dividend payment for the year 2024 with a dividend of Baht 5.03 per share was totaling amounting to Baht 2,060.77 million. The dividend will be paid to shareholders on 16 May 2025.